The New-York Times.

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WASHINGTON NEWS.

Mr. Stevens Offers a New Amendment to the Constitution.

Proposal to Levy an Export Tax on Cotton.

Modification of the Present Mode of Organizing the House.

The Veto Message to be Taken Up Next Monday.

Its Opponents Count on a Two-thirds Majority in Both Houses.

Excitement in Congress Over the Connecticut Election.

The Bankrupt Bill Temporarily Defeated in the House.

A Deputation from New-Jersey Waits on the President.

He Makes a Brief and Pointed Reply to Their Address.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 28.

EXPORT TAX ON COTTON.

Another joint resolution to amend the Constitution was born to-day in the House. It came from Mr. STEVENS, who had been busily engaged in a conference with Mr. BINGHAM, and was to the effect that it should be legal after its adoption to levy an export duty on cotton of five cents per pound. Some member asked if it came from the Reconstruction Committee, to which no reply was heard, and it is generally understood that it did not.

ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE—THE TEST OATH.

Mr. RAYMOND introduced a resolution to-day, having an important bearing upon the organization of the House. It directs the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of so modifying the act of 1862, that hereafter all members before proceeding to vote for officers shall take the oath prescribed by the laws of Congress, which, of course, means the test oath. The practice now is to elect a Speaker, who then administers the oath and the organization of the House it now entirely in the Clerk's hands.

THE VETO MESSAGE.

The question of the possibility of the passage of the Civil Rights Bill over the Veto is attracting much discussion, from the fact that such a result seems, on a thorough canvass of the Senate, barely possible. The consideration of the matter has been informally postponed until Monday next, in order to give those Senators who have gone to Connecticut, and those who accompany the remains of Senator FOOT to Vermont time to return. This may even postpone the matter still further. The basis upon which the opponents of the veto count in order to pass the bill, is that the strength in favor of the veto cannot exceed 15, or, in a full Senate, 16, and this includes LANE, of Kansas, who is not certain to sustain the veto, and DIXON, of Connecticut, who is so ill that it is not considered possible for him to resume his seat for two weeks. Senator WRIGHT, of New-Jersey, is left out of the count entirely, as it is conceded by his friends that he will probably never be able to resume his seat. In opposition to the veto is counted the entire Radical strength, with STEWART, of Nevada, and WILEY, of West Virginia. In addition to these it is believed that by next week the vacancy caused by the death of Senator FOOT will be filled, as also that by the ejectment of Mr. STOCKTON.

THE NEW VACANCIES IN THE SENATE.

The successor of Mr. FOOT will be appointed by the Governor, and the political situation is so interesting that rumor and speculation are already naming the possible man, among whom are mentioned Ex-Gov. SMITH, Judge HALL, and Hon. JUSTIN S. MORRILL, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee in the House.

In the New-Jersey case, the Legislature is in session, and the general belief is, that if the joint Convention is held that Hon. ALEXANDER G. CATTELL will be elected in both cases. Gentleman will be apt to be selected who will oppose the President's policy.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

There is much excitement among Connecticut men and among members of Congress over the Connecticut election. The strenuous efforts of the Democrats is arousing vigorous action among the Republicans and speakers, voters and money are being sent to that State freely. All the Connecticut representatives have gone home and are on the stump. Senator MORRILL, of Maine, is also there, and Senators WILSON, NYE, STEWART and HOWE will leave to-night or to-morrow night for the field of action. Gen. HAWLEY's friends are confident of his election, though by a reduced majority.

THE BANKRUPT BILL.

The Bankrupt Bill was defeated in the House by a vote of fifty-nine to seventy-two. A motion to reconsider was made, and the question was postponed one week.

THE DEATH OF SENATOR FOOTE.

The honorable SOLOMON FOOTE, United States Senator from Vermont, died in this city this morning, at five minutes before eight o'clock, in his room at Mrs. CARTER'S, on North A street, opposite the Capitol. The Senator was in the full possession of his faculties up to the moment of his dissolution. His disease was jaundice, from which he had been gradually sinking. He was yesterday morning attacked with hemorrhage of the bowels, and since that time no hopes were entertained of his recovery. There were with him during last night his wife, his brother, recently arrived from Vermont; his nephew, Dr. BAXTER, of Vermont, and Mrs. CARTER and daughter. This morning his mind was clear and he was aware that the end was near. He conversed cheerfully with those around his bed-side. After taking leave of all in the room Mr. FOOT made known his desire to be raised in his bed that he might again look upon the Capitol. His wish was complied with, and just as his eyes rested upon the building he expired. It is a singular coincident that the late Hon. S. S. PHELPS, the predecessor of Mr. FOOT, died eleven years ago to-day.

After the reading of the Journal this afternoon, Mr. SUMNER moved an adjournment of the Senate until to-morrow, as a mark of respect for the memory of the deceased Senator, referring to him as one of our most honored associates and oldest among us in continuous service—thereupon the Senate adjourned. The funeral services will take place in the Senate Chamber to-morrow at 1 o'clock, under the direction of the following Committee of Arrangements: Messrs. DOOLITTLE, SUMNER, BUCKALEW, HENDRICKS, HOWARD and ANTHONY; the pall-bearers named by Vice-President FOSTER, are Messrs. FESSENDEN, HARRIS, JOHNSON, GUTHRIE, LANE, of Indiana, and WADE.

At the conclusion of the services in the Senate, the remains will be taken to the railroad depot, where they will remain until Friday, when they will start on the train for New-York in charge of the following Committee appointed to accompany the body to the late residence of deceased in Vermont, viz.: Senators POLAND, GRIMES, BROWN, TRUMBULL, DAVIS and NESMITH. The President was among those who called upon the widow of Mr. FOOT this morning to condole with her in her bereavement.

THE INCOME TAX.

In order to give tax-payers the benefit of proposed reductions on incomes and some other portions of the Internal Revenue Tax, Mr. MORRELL, of the Ways and Means, to-day, introduced a bill into the House, which was promptly passed, extending the time for the assessment and collection of this tax two months. In addition to incomes it includes taxes on all articles in schedule of the revenue act, such as silver plate, yachts, billiard tables, carriages, piano-fortes, &c.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

The House Printing Committee have had under consideration the memorial of J. G. C. KENNEDY, Superintendent of the Census Bureau, claiming that the action of the Secretary of the Interior and Commissioner of the General Land Office, in transferring the preparation and printing of the third volume of the Census Report of 1860 from Mr. KENNEDY's office to that of the Land Commissioner was illegal. The Committee have agreed upon a report denying the prayer of the memorialist, and commending the action of the Secretary of the Interior. This report will be presented to the House to-morrow by Mr. LAFLIN, Chairman of the Committee, and its adoption will settle a long and disagreeable controversy.

THE SUCCESSOR OF COL. BOWERS.

Major GEO. K. LEECH, Assistant Adjutant-General of Volunteers on the staff of Gen. GRANT, who was for a long time the office assistant of the lamented Col. BOWERS, has succeeded to the official position of the latter, with the rank of major in the regular army, which was also the final rank of Col. BOWERS Major LEECH entered the war as a private in the Chicago Board of Trade Battery, and was selected as a staff officer by Gen. GRANT, because of distinguished qualities of bravery and efficiency displayed in the field. He is young, able and accomplished.

BLOCKADE-RUNNERS.

The United States Supreme Court has sustained the Government in all the cases of violation of the blockade which have come before it for decision. These cases were in charge of Attorney-General STORER, Assistant Attorney-General ASHTON and TITIAN J. COFFEY, Esq., of Philadelphia. Their final adjudication secures to the Government and the captures not less than $2,000,000. A number of other cases remain to be decided, including that of the *Peterhoff*, involving $700,000. The opinion of the Chief-Justice with regard to the *Bermuda* and the *Stephen Hart*, affirms the validity of the capture of vessels from the ports of England on their way to the British Islands with cargoes for the insurgents. In affirming these prize cases the Supreme Court has applied to British vessels the rules of law which, in former British wars, Lord STOWELL applied to American vessels captured and adjudicated in the British Prize Court.

AMELIORATION OF THE CONDITION OF SEAMEN.

The Secretary of the Navy, in a letter to Mr. GRIMES, Chairman of the Senate Naval Committee, suggests the initiation of legislation to ameliorate the condition of seamen; that their condition in the merchant service is more deplorable than that of any portion of our countrymen, and addresses itself to the considerate, the humane and the patriotic for reformation, but admits that measures for their relief do not legitimately pertain to the Navy Department. He says that the man-of-war's-man has courage, endurance, patience, will and obedience, in a remarkable degree, and that his defects are attributable to the neglect of the Government, which holds out to the enlisted man so few inducements to excite his ambition, and leaves him without education, religious instruction, expectation of promotion, or provision for old age, or for support of a wife or children, and consigns him, in his last days, to the hospital or naval asylum. He recommends the establishment of a home for their declining years, or an allowance of retired pay, after twenty years in the service, to secure something of the intelligence, trustworthiness and sobriety of those who volunteered for the war. He would have established school-ships at the principal seaports, where they may be taught the rudiments of an English education, and the duties of a sailor. Of these, about sixty should each year be transferred to the Naval Academy; those next in proficiency can become warrant officers, and the third grade can be made petty officers; the remainder, sailors. This will open to apprentices the highest honors in the naval service, and invite a better class of boys to enlist. He maintains the great superiority of this over the present system, under which only one-fifth are successful, and the rest leave the service after putting the Government to much expense. He explains the failure of the law of 1837, from its committing the Government to the anomaly of educating boys for the naval service, without any place or promise of promotion. Under it a few of the brightest were selected as midshipmen; but meeting the prejudice incident to radical changes in any profession, they dropped out of the navy in disgrace, and the tradition came down that it was impossible to make an officer of a sailor. But some of them afterward attained distinction in the merchant service, and others made an honorable record as officers of volunteers during the war. The Secretary expresses the belief that this prejudice is passing away, and that the legislation proposed will elevate a class upon whom we must greatly depend for our prosperity and welfare.

THE NATIONAL CEMETERIES.

The limited number of the printed lists of soldiers interred in the national cemeteries, makes it impossible to comply with the numerous requests for copies for private individuals. Copies are distributed to all newspapers authorized to publish advertisements of the War Department, and to all members of Congress, so that they can be seen and examined in every Congressional District. They are also sent to Governors, Adjutant-Generals and Quartermaster-Generals of States, and to officers of military State agencies and to many public libraries.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL COMPANY.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a communication to the House of Representatives, calls attention to the condition of the Dismal Swamp Canal Company, in which the United States Government is a large stockholder, owning two-fifths of the entire interest in the work. The canal, he says, connects the waters of Albemarle Sound with Elizabeth River, and the Chesapeake and Delaware Bays, and is an important means of inland communication between those points, both for private commercial and for Government purposes. During the war the work was materially damaged, and although not in use, it requires immediate repairs to preserve its existence. The sum of $300,000 seems required in order to carry on efficiently the business of the Company, and its officers have asked the assistance of the Government in raising that amount.

DETECTIVE BAKER SENTENCED.

To-day F. P. STANTON, of counsel for LAFAYETTE C. BAKER, stated in the Criminal Court that BAKER was present to receive sentence in the case of the false imprisonment of Mrs. COBB, known as a pardon broker, he having been convicted in January. Mr. STANTON remarked that if Mrs. COBB had any title to the money, the sum of two hundred dollars, of which it was alleged he robbed her, having taken the money away from her at the time of her arrest, and which he had previously marked as a decoy, she had her remedy at law, but counsel did not concede that she had any title to it.

Judge FISHER, in passing sentence, addressed Mr. BAKER as follows:

You were indicted by the Grand Inquest for the County of Washington in November last, upon a charge of false imprisonment. The indictment found against you contained two counts. The first, a count for the false imprisonment of Mrs. LUCY L. COBB, and detaining her under arrest for some five hours, and until she had paid you the sum of $200 for her enlargement; and the second count for the simple false imprisonment. To this indictment you pleaded not guilty, and put yourself upon a jury of your country, who, upon a fair and impartial trial, decided by their verdict that you were guilty, as charged in the second count of the indictment, and not guilty as charged in the first count. The effect of this conviction is, substantially as I understand, that you were technically guilty of that offence which is termed false imprisonment. Denuded of the circumstances of aggravation with which the first count in the indictment sought to invest it, it appeared in the evidence, to my satisfaction, certainly, and I doubt not to the satisfaction of the Jury who convicted you, that the act with which you were charged, and of which you were convicted, was the result of an honest, though it may have been an ill-advised endeavor in the discharge of your duty as a prominent detective, to discover by whom and by what means certain fraudulent and corrupt practices were carried on against the Government of the United States, in obtaining pardons from the Executive. Whether you were successful in that endeavor I know not, nor is it necessary for the purpose of this case, that I should. Nor do I desire in any way whatever to intimate the slightest suspicion that the party arrested was one of those who were engaged in the bad business of obtaining pardons by fraudulent or immoral means, or by any malfeasance whatever. But after fully and anxiously, and I hope impartially, considering all the circumstances of your case, I have come to the conclusion that though you may have been guilty technically of the offence of false imprisonment, there is not apparent in it any circumstance of moral turpitude or of malice, or of such ill-treatment of the party complaining as would warrant me in visiting upon you a heavy punishment. The case presents itself to me in the aspect of one where an officer of the Government, in a zealous effort to discharge his duty, may have been led by his zeal to go to the breadth too far, and do an act which, though it cannot be justified in law, yet which, in a moral point of view, has done much to mitigate the punishment. The sentence of the Court, therefore, is, that you pay to the United States a fine of $1 and the costs of prosecution.

Gen. BAKER immediately complied with the sentence, paying the fine and costs, the latter, it is understood, amounting to about $36.

District-Attorney CARRINGTON entered a *nolle prosequi* in the other indictment against BAKER for he false imprisonment of JOSEPH R. COBB, and the three indictments against SPEAR for false imprisonment and robbing of JOSEPH R. and LUCY COBB.

DEATH OF SENATOR FOOT.

It is related that before taking leave this morning of all in the room, including his wife, brother and nephew, and Dr. BAXTER, of Vermont, Senator FOOT expressed a desire to take a last look at the Capitol, and requested to be raised in his bed that he might do so. His wishes were at once complied with, and just as they had raised him so that his eyes rested on the building he expired. His remains will be taken to the Senate Chamber to-morrow, and funeral services held at 1 o'clock P. M. Both Houses of Congress will adjourn to attend the funeral. The friends of the deceased will leave the city for Vermont with the body to-morrow afternoon. Eulogies will be pronounced in both Houses of Congress at a future day.

The exercises at the Capital to-morrow will be simply of a religious character. After the death of Senator FOOT had been announced at the Executive Mansion, the President and several members of the Cabinet visited Mrs. FOOT, and tendered their condolence upon the afflictive event.

MEXICAN NEWS.

Mr. ROMERO has received official news from El Paso up to the 2d inst. The report of the evacuation of Chihuahua by the French is fully confirmed. President JUAREZ and his cabinet were expected to return to Chihuahua about the 20th inst. It is also stated that official news was received to-day confirming the Republican victory at PUEBLA.

ANOTHER SPEECH BY THE PRESIDENT.

A committee of gentlemen from the State of New-Jersey called upon the President to-day, for the purpose of presenting a series of resolutions passed at a recent mass meeting, held in the County of Hudson. The Committee consisted of Gen. WRIGHT, Representative from the Fifth District; Hon. M. ROGERS, Mayor Cleveland, of Jersey City; Mayor VAN RIPER, of Hudson City; Mayor OGDEN, of Hoboken; T. W. MARTIN, Esq., Col. ROBERTSON and others. Gen. WRIGHT addressed the President as follows:

Mr. President: You must be aware that the attention of the whole country, at this time, is directed toward you. The course of every eminent man is the subject of observation and criticism. So far as I can judge, the announcement of your policy in regard to the States lately in rebellion and the consequent speedy restoration of the Union, meets with the favor of every loyal man and every well-wisher of his country. I am here to-day as the bearer of the general opinion of my district upon the subject of the veto of the Freedmen's Bureau Bill. A committee to-day before you with a series of resolutions affecting the subject just mentioned, passed at one of the largest meetings ever held in the County of Hudson, called together without distinction of party. After free discussion the resolutions were unanimously adopted. Accordingly I now have the honor of presenting them, and with your permission I will read them.

Resolved, That the gratitude of this meeting is tendered to the President for his wise, statesmanship and just veto of the Freedmen's Bureau Bill.

Resolved, That we believe that the public weal demands that strict lines should at once be drawn between the friends of immediate restoration, on the basis of President JOHNSON's plan as expressed in his veto message of Feb. 19, and the advocates of the policy of the Radical majority in Congress.

Resolved, That the pledge to ANDREW JOHNSON, of the State of Tennessee, President of the United States, our undivided support in the efforts he is making to secure to all the States their constitutional rights in Congress, and their full rights under the Constitution as States in the Union.

Mr. WRIGHT continued: The manifest efforts at centralization recently exhibited, which have been so happily frustrated by your prompt and manly action, will, I trust, be the last ever made in this direction. Your self-denial, when tendered thirty millions of money and two millions of men to answer purposes other than those known to the Constitution, will ever make you a pure and unselfish patriot.

The President replied as follows:

I do not know, Gentlemen, that I can make any reply to the complimentary manner in which you have addressed me, and to the sentiments and principles set forth in your resolutions, than to refer you to my public acts. You must take them as my reply, or any speech that I might make. I must, however, thank you most fervently for the encouragement, you have given me; for we are occupying a position now that needs encouragement from those who are desirous of maintaining the first and original principles of the Government. My line of policy is, I think, unmistakeable, and I have advanced too far in life to make any retrograde movement; I can make no step backward, and I hope you will find that the generous confidence you have given me has not been misplaced. I can say no more, but thank you, gentlemen.

At the conclusion of the President's reply, the members of the deputation shook hands with him and retired.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.....WEDNESDAY, March 28.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DEATH OF SENATOR FOOT.

After the reading of the journal, Mr. SUMNER rose and said:

Mr. PRESIDENT: A great bereavement has fallen upon the Senate. Mr. FOOT, a Senator of Vermont, one of our most honored associates, and the oldest among us in continuous service, died this morning, at 8 o'clock. He has passed from the scene of duty and of honor. In the presence of such a sorrow, it seems better that public business should be suspended in this chamber, for to-day. Accordingly, I shall make a motion which I believe will have the sympathetic concurrence of the Senate. I make it in the absence of the surviving Senator from Vermont, who is now necessarily engaged in attendance upon the family of the deceased, and after consultation with him. I move that the Senate do now adjourn.

The motion was carried, and the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back a bill to provide for the settlement of the accounts of certain public officers.

It provides that all moneys raised in the United States for the support of refugees or freedmen, and received by any officer of the United States Army, shall be charged against such officer on the books of the Treasury Department, and accounted for by him in like manner as if such moneys had been drawn from the Treasury of the United States.

Mr. WILSON explained that the bill was necessary, in order to authorize the Third Auditor of the Treasury to settle the accounts of the officers of the Freedmen's Bureau for funds received by them other than by appropriation from the Treasury. All the funds received by the officers of the Bureau from donations were reported by them to the Treasury Department, and charged on the books of that Department against them, but there was no law authorizing the settlement of their accounts for funds received in that way. The bill was considered and passed.

TRADE WITH CANADA.

Mr. KELLEY offered the resolution of inquiry in regard to the trade of Canada, which had been objected to yesterday. No objection being made the resolution was considered and adopted.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Mr. MORRELL, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Act of June 30, 1864, and the act amendatory thereof, approved March 3, 1865. He stated that it was the purpose of the Committee of Ways and Means to report a bill extensively modifying the income tax, and in order that it may take effect this year, it was desired that the laying and collection of such tax shall be postponed for two months. This applied also to the annual tax in relation to schedule A. He therefore asked that this bill be considered now in order, that the Committee might have time to report such a bill as would meet with the approval of the House, which they would do at as early a period as possible.

There being no objection, the bill received its several readings and was passed.

It enacts that all proceedings touching the levy and collection of the annual tax provided in schedule A of section 200 of the Act to provide Internal Revenue, etc., approved June 30, 1864, and the act amendatory thereof, approved March 3, 1865, and all proceedings in the levy, return and collection of the income tax, [illegible] shall be suspended for the space of two months from the passage of this act, and that all persons [illegible] shall have the same rights and remedies [illegible] the same are changed as to time by the provisions aforesaid.

THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE.

Mr. RAYMOND offered the following resolution, which was considered and adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending chapter 108 of the laws of 1865, entitled "An Act to regulate the duties of the Clerk of the House of Representatives in preparing for the organization of the House," as to provide that no member whose name may be called by the clerk in accordance with that act shall participate in the action of the House in any other business of the House until he shall first have taken the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution and the laws.

TAXES AND DUTIES.

Mr. DARLING offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the tax on slaughtered animals.

Mr. WARD asked leave to offer a resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of admitting barley used for malting free of duty from Canada and the British Provinces.

Mr. PRICE objected.

THE BANKRUPT BILL.

The House then proceeded, as the regular order of business, to the consideration of the Bankrupt Law, on which the House yesterday ordered the main question.

Mr. JENCKES, having charge of the bill, announced his purpose to have the vote on the passage of the bill fixed for a future day in order to accommodate members who were absent, and who desired to vote on it.

Mr. SCHENCK remarked that the difficulty about that was there were several members about to leave the city who were anxious to vote on the bill. He did not see that there was much likelihood of the House being fuller a week or two hence than it was now.

Mr. ROSS objected to debate.

Mr. JENCKES moved to reconsider the vote by which the main question was ordered yesterday, in order to move to postpone the bill.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table.

Mr. JENCKES withdrew the motion and proceeded to make the closing speech in support of the bill.

Mr. JENCKES argued that the bill was not only for the debtor class, but was supported also by nineteen-twentieths of the creditor class of the country, as proved by the resolution in favor of its passage adopted by the Chambers of Commerce of New-York, Boston, Buffalo, and other cities. He held that it was the duty of Congress to pass such a measure, and that its enactment would be a great and lasting benefit to the country.

Mr. JENCKES yielded the last four minutes of his time to Mr. BOUTWELL.

Mr. BOUTWELL said that it was a well-known fact that prior to the difficulties of the last five years, the party which he represented had persistently opposed the passage of a bankrupt law. He, himself, had been opposed to it, but he felt now that a responsibility devolved upon him, and he rested upon that ground, and that it was for the benefit of the whole country that there should be some system adopted which would relieve those who had failed in business, owing to events which they could not control. In the City of New-York and in other commercial cities, many of the best business men had been ruined from [illegible] going into business on account of the want of a general bankruptcy law. He had examined this bill thoroughly, and was free to say that he believed no bankrupt bill was ever drawn in the country so equal and just in its provisions to all sections of the country as this one, because it extended the benefits to the people of the Southern States as well as to the people of the Northern States. He would not be doing his solemn duty if he did not, notwithstanding the position which in times gone by had been assumed by the Democratic party, cast his vote in favor of the measure.

Mr. ROSS moved to lay the bill on the table.

The motion was not agreed to.

The vote was then taken on the passage of the bill and resulted as follows: Yeas 89, nays 73; so the bill was rejected.

The following is the vote in detail:

YEAS—Messrs. Alley, Allison, Ashley of Ohio, Baxter, Darling, Davis, Dawes, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Eliot, Farnsworth, Ferry, Grinnell, Griswold, Hale, Hooper, Hubbard of Iowa, Hubbard of New-York, Hubbard of Connecticut, James M. Humphrey, Jenckes, Kasson, Kelly, Laflin, Longyear, Marvin, McCullough, McRuer, Morrill, Phelps, Pinta, Radford, Raymond, Rice of Massachusetts, Rice of Maine, Rogers, Seofield, Sloan, Spalding, Starr, Taber, Taylor, Thayer, Francis Thomas, John L. Thomas jr., Trowbridge, Upson, Van Aernam, Van Horn of New-York, Van Horn of Missouri, Ward, Washburne of Illinois, Washburn of Massachusetts, Wentworth, Williams, Windom, Wright—58.

NAYS—Messrs. Ancona, Ashley of Nevada, Baker, Baldwin, Beaman, Benjamin, Bergen, Bidwell, Bingham, Boyer, Brownell, Broomall, Clarke of Kansas, Cook, Cullom, Denison, Eckley, Eggleston, Eldridge, Farquhar, Finck, Glossbrenner, Grider, Harding of Kentucky, Harding of Illinois, Hayes, Henderson, Hill, Holmes, Hubbard of West Virginia, Hubbard of New-York, Hubbell of Ohio, Ingersoll, Julian, Kelso, Kerr, Kuykendall, Lawrence of Ohio, Le Blond, Loan, Marshall, Marston, McKee, Morrow, Miller, Moulton, Myers, Newell, Niblack, Noell, O'Neill, Orth, Paine, Perham, Price, Randall of Pennsylvania, Randall of Kentucky, Ritter, Rollins, Ross, Sawyer, Schenck, Shellabarger, Smith, Stevens, Stillwell, Strouse, Thornton, Trimble, Welker, Wilson—73.

Mr. BEAMAN changed his vote from yea to to nay in order to move a reconsideration.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill was rejected, and to lay the motion to reconsider on the table.

The yeas and nays were then taken on the latter motion, and resulted—yeas, 89; nays, 68. Among those who had voted against the bill, the following members voted against laying the motion to reconsider on the table, namely: Messrs. Baldwin, Beaman, Holmes, Kuykendall, Marston, Newell, Noell and Wilson, of Iowa. Messrs. Conkling, Higby and Wilson, of Pennsylvania, who had not voted on the passage of the bill, also voted nay. So the motion to reconsider was not laid on the table.

Mr. BEAMAN moved to postpone the further consideration of the motion for one week.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, demanded the yeas and nays on the motion. The yeas and nays were not ordered, and the motion to postpone was agreed to.

THE IOWA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Mr. HUBBARD, of Iowa, presented a joint resolution of the Iowa Legislature, asking a grant of lands to aid in the construction of the Iowa Central Railroad. It was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

A PETITION.

Mr. RAYMOND presented the petition of DAVID FITZGERALD for a right to renew his patent for the Salamander Safe; which was referred to the Committee on Patents.

A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, asked leave to report from the Judiciary Committee a joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, in order to have it amended and recommitted.

Mr. ANCONA desired to make it a condition that the bill should not be brought back by a motion to reconsider.

Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, declined to make that condition.

Mr. ANCONA thereupon objected.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. JULIAN offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Public Lands to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill extending the principles and policies of the laws now in force, regulating the sale of coal lands to the iron lands of the United States.

WAR DEBTS OF THE LOYAL STATES.

Mr. NOELL offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on War Debts of the Loyal States, to inquire into the expediency of amending the act to restrict the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims, &c., approved July 4, 1864, so as to authorize the Quartermaster-General to audit and recommend for settlement to the Third Auditor, all accounts for supplies taken from loyal citizens of States not in the rebellion, for the Quartermaster's or Commissary Department, when such stores or supplies were taken by the Quartermaster or Commissary, or by others under the orders of the officer commanding the force, for the use of which such supplies were impressed.

A MAIL ROUTE.

Mr. BAKER offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Post-office Committee to inquire into the propriety of establishing a mail route from Edwardsville to Troy in the State of Illinois.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

The Speaker presented a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, recommending an appropriation or some other relief to the Dismal Swamp Canal Company, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce; also, a communication from the Secretary of War, transmitting, in compliance with the House resolution of the 23d of March, information as to the amount of money necessary for the improvement of the harbor of Maumee Bay and River at the City of Toledo, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

The next business in order was the unfinished business of the morning hour of yesterday, being the bill reported from the Committee on Indian Affairs, to subject Indian lands and allotted lands in Kansas to the laws thereof.

Mr. INGERSOLL made a speech in opposition to the bill, taking the ground that its practical operation would be to enable speculators to swindle the Indians out of their lands.

Mr. STEVENS offered the following as a substitute for the bill:

That whenever a crime shall be committed by an Indian or a white man in Kansas, he shall be arrested wherever he may be found within the State, and tried wherever the crime was alleged to have been committed.

Mr. STEVENS remarked that the only excuse which seemed to be offered for the law against the people who were not represented here was that they went into other parts of Kansas, committed crimes there and then fell back into their own Territory, secured to them by treaty, and where they cannot be punished. If that were the only object his amendment would secure all that.

Mr. INGERSOLL declared himself in favor of the amendment.

The debate was further participated in by Messrs. WILSON, SHERMAN, HUBBARD of Iowa, and DAWES.

Mr. DAWES moved a substitute, making its provisions applicable to all the States and Territories.

Mr. WILSON offered an amendment.

Mr. ROSS moved to lay the bill and amendment on the table, and that motion was agreed to, yeas 89, nays 68.

On motion of Mr. STEVENS the Evening Session for to-day was dispensed with.

EXPORT DUTY ON COTTON.

Mr. RAYMOND asked consent to introduce an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, declaratory of the power of Congress to levy an export duty on cotton, and moved that the same be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. STEVENS objected.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. WILSON offered a resolution which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Public Lands to inquire into the expediency of so amending the Homestead Act as to give to soldiers who have been permanently disabled in the service, and to the widows and other loyal representatives of deceased soldiers who have located lands under the said act, the title to lands so located by them, without the delay of occupancy required by said act.

POSTAL MATTERS.

The bill authorizing the Postmaster-General to deposit stamps and stamped envelopes for sale, which had been postponed to this day, was recommitted to the Post-office Committee.

SALE OF MARINE HOSPITALS.

On motion of Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, a committee of conference was ordered on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill in reference to the sale of Marine Hospitals.

PAY OF NAVAL OFFICERS.

Mr. DAVIS presented joint resolutions of the New-York Legislature in relation to the pay of Naval officers, which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

The House 9:20 o'clock P. M., adjourned.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

OUR ALBANY LETTERS.

An Extraordinary Prayer—Reception of the President's Veto—The Underground Project Comes to the Surface—Tremendous Vote for the Bill—Surface Railroad in Broadway—The Health Commissioners to Grant Licenses to Sell Liquor—Confirmations by the Senate.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 28, 1866.

Rev. Dr. CLARK, of the Reformed Dutch Church, who made the opening prayer in the Assembly this morning, thanked God that the principles of "civil rights" were planted deep in the hearts of the people; prayed that the Lord would sustain Congress in its efforts to maintain liberty and justice, but omitted to include the President in his invocation.

The President's veto of the Civil Rights Bill has created a profound impression here, and is commented upon to-day in every little gathering of members or outsiders around the Capitol. The conviction is everywhere expressed that a disruption of the Union Party has become inevitable; that irreconcilable differences are springing up between the President and Congress, upon which the people must make some expression.

The Broadway Underground Railroad Bill occupied nearly the whole of to-day's session in the Assembly. Mr. LYONS, of New-York, opposed the bill in a somewhat lengthy speech. Mr. ANDERSON also spoke against it. It was sustained with great earnestness and ability by T. B. STEWART, of New-York, and D. P. WOOD, of Onondaga. The vote stood the opposition to be insignificant, as I have heretofore stated it to be. The bill passed—Ayes 96, nays 13. There can be no reasonable doubt that this bill will also pass the Senate. As for the elevated railways, I still believe that none of them will get through. A bill for a surface road in Broadway has been reported favorably from the Railroad Committee of the Assembly, and is now on General Orders. It contains the extraordinary number of 110 corporators.

The bill regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors in the metropolitan district has been amended in the Senate by making the Board of Health instead of the Police Commissioners the Excise Board to grant all licenses to sell intoxicating liquors, ale or beer in the district. The Senate manifests a disposition to pass the bill.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following gentlemen as Managers of the New-York State Lunatic Asylum, viz.: Hon. CHRISTOPHER MORGAN, Auburn; Hon. HIRAM DENIO, Utica; Dr. HOWARD CONKLING, Albany. PERSIMMON.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 28.

Mr. THOMAS MURPHY presented a petition from citizens of the Nineteenth Ward, that the German American School Society be permitted to participate in the distribution of the school moneys.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the Young Men's Christian Association of New-York.

Incorporating the Drew Theological Seminary of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Amending the charter of the Mendelssohn Benevolent Society of New-York.

Authorizing the Junction Canal Company to construct a railroad.

For the preservation of animals for human food.

Authorizing WILLIAM BEARD and others to construct a basin in front of their lands in the Twelfth Ward, Brooklyn.

The bill to regulate wharfage and piers, wharves and slips in New-York and Brooklyn, was again taken up.

Mr. LOW moved a substitute which provides that all regularly established transportation lines may lease piers and wharves, not exceeding twenty-five in number, for a term of ten years, and use them for their exclusive use, so long as they require and lease for their necessary business, and may erect sheds and temporary structures for merchandise in transit under the regulations of the Commissioners of the Land Office. Adopted and substitute reported complete.

Mr. PIERSON moved to lay the substitute on the table. Which was carried.

The bill amending the Excise Law for New-York was taken up and amended by conferring upon the Metropolitan Board of Health exclusive power to grant licenses.

Progress was reported.

Mr. LOW reported favorably the Staten Island Shore Bill.

A recess was taken.

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS ADVANCED TO THIRD READING.

To incorporate the New-York Board of Fire Underwriters; to amend the Insurance Department Act; to amend the act to provide for incorporating the Life and Health Insurance Company; relative to the Jews' Hospital of New-York; authorizing corporations for the erection of monuments in memory of soldiers fallen in the war for the Union; to amend the Appropriation Bill; to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors in the Metropolitan Police District. (It makes the Board of Health Commissioners of Excise;) relative to sewerage and drainage in New-York. (It gives additional power to the Croton Aqueduct Commissioner;) to revive to charter of the Sodus Canal Company.

REPORTS.

By Mr. LEET—The New-York tax levy, which was made the special order for Tuesday evening.

Mr. BENNETT introduced a bill to further amend the charter of the International Bridge Company.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 28.

The bill to incorporate the Underground Railroad Company was considered in Committee of the Whole, and discussed at length. No material amendments were made to the bill as printed. It was ordered to a third reading. Afterward the rules were suspended and the bill put upon the third reading and passed as follows:

YEAS—Messrs Aldrich, Alley, Andrews, Baker, Barker, Barkley, Barryman, Biddlecom, Bills, Bodine, Boyd, Brandreth, Brown, Brueson, Burditt, Canfield, Calkins, Chamberlain, Cochrane, Congdon, Crawford, Creamer, Curtis, Deming, Donohe, Downing, Eldridge, Faulkner, Fay, Ferguson, Ferris, Frear, Gleason, Go Graham, Harrington, Hepburn, Hiscock, Hoskins, Humphrey, H. N. Harrington, Jewett, Kimball, Kniskern, Lansing, Lovejoy, Lown, Littlejohn, Lockwood, Low, Call, McCloskey, McGowan, McVey, Millspaugh, Moore, Nickerson, Oakley, Palmer, Patrick, Penny, Pitts, Pomeroy, Ranney, A. L. Reynolds, M. Reynolds, G. C. Rice, Schutz, Seebacker, Selden, Shay, Sherman, Smith, S. S. Smith, Snyder, Mr. Speaker, Stephen, Stiles, A. G. Stewart, S. E. Stewart, Thorn, Topliff, Tracy, Tarrier, Truthill, Udell, Vanden Burgh, Van Valkenbergh, Vedder, Welsh, Wisner, Wood, Weller, Waite, Wilbur, A. J. Wood, D. F. Wood, Worth—98.

NAYS—Messrs. Anderson, Baldwin, Frost, Goodrich, J. Graham, L. D. Huntington, Kreidler, Lyons, Maurice, Post, Rogers, Stevens, Tucker—13.

Recess was taken.

EVENING SESSION.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 28.

The bill to provide for the extension of the Chenango Canal was ordered to third reading.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Annual Supply Bill. Some time was spent in its consideration, when progress was reported.

Adjourned.

Fire at St. Louis—Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, March 28.

The extensive chair factory of HELLER & HOFFMAN, on Howard-street, was burned to-day. Loss $40,000; insurance, $10,000.

Cotton firm; Flour and Wheat very

The New-York Times, Thursday, March 29, 1866.

Police Gazette.
GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE, NEW-YORK, March 27, 1866.
No. 300 MOTT-AVENUE.
To the Honorable the Board of Police:
GENTLEMEN: The following is a schedule of work performed by this Department, in the abatement and removal of nuisances, for the week ending March 26, 1866:
Complaints received 1,522
Nuisances abated 1,178
Nuisances vested for abatement 220
Loads of manure removed from City limits 1,620
Dead horses removed from City limits 3
Dead cows removed from City limits 3
Dead hogs removed from City limits 3
Dead dogs skinned and removed from City limits 32
Dead sheep removed from City limits 3
Dead horses removed from City limits 3
Dead cats removed from City limits 86
Dead dogs removed from City limits 270
Dead cats and dogs buried 356
Nuisances reported from Police Districts 1,522
Nuisances reported by Health Officers 1,178
Nuisances reported by Citizens 344
Number of Arrests 0
Number of Lodgers 0
Number of Meals furnished 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Hospital 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Station-houses 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Workhouse 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Penitentiary 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Lunatic Asylum 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Almshouse 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Homes 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Refuge 0
Number of Lodgers sent to Orphan Asylum

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—The house and farm known as Springlawn, situated on the East River at Whitestone, Queens County, L. I., three miles from Flushing, containing about 85 acres, with dwelling-house, farmer's house, barn, carriage-house, green-house, &c., well known as the residence of the late John Haggerty, Esq. The poperty can be advantageously subdivided, with admirable building sites. Terms of purchase made easy. Parties desirous of examining the estate can procure tickets and information by applying at the office of HAGGERTY & CO., Nos. 122 and 124 Duane-st.

EAST TENNESSEE LAND AGENCY.
COCKRILL & SEYMOUR,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
Knoxville, Tenn.,
Offer for sale valuable lands of every description in all parts of East Tennessee. Information concerning real estate promptly and gratuitously furnished.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—The residence of the late John Griffin, in Rye, Westchester Co., N. Y., about ¾ of a mile from Mamaroneck depot, an expensive-built house, 44x45; wing attached, 22x36 feet; walls filled in with brick; containing 19 hard-finished rooms; parlor large; floors deafened; water drawn on second story; furnace, bath, carriage-house, ice-house, barn, stable, hennery, wood-house, boat-house, used for bathing; about 16 acres of choice land fronting the Boston post road, sloping to the water; grounds tastefully laid out with ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c.; a large variety of young and bearing fruit trees, choice selections; also, a fine kitchen garden. For further particulars, inquire on the premises, of Mr. and Mrs. GRIFFIN.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—IN THIS CITY, A building, eligibly situated for business, within two blocks of the East River. The main building is 60x100 feet, with two wings, one of 30, the other of 20 feet frontage; the latter a three-story building. Rent, $3,000 per annum. The main building is heated by steam, with steam pump, hose, &c., and a City steam hoists running from basement to highest story. The building is lighted from side and rear. The one wing is a five-story building, with steam boiler, and any manufacturer requiring ample room, power, light and water, will find this most desirable property. For terms apply to H. F. WHITE, Architect, No. 625 Broadway, Room No. 11.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE COUNTRY SEAT ON Staten Island; twenty-five acres, full ocean view, two good houses, ice-house filled, (60) tons; all necessary outbuildings, land, fences and buildings in perfect order, within three minutes' walk of railroad depot; less than a day to and from New-York, time an hour; several churches, post-office, &c., &c., within fifteen minutes' walk. Household furniture, stock and every tool required on the farm, will be sold with it if applied for soon. Also, a farm of thirteen acres, with cottage and good outbuildings, adjoining the above. The above property is well known as one of the most beautiful and convenient locations on Staten Island. Apply between 10 and 2, at No. 25 William-st., Room No. 20.

ESTATE FOR SALE AT BRATTLEBORO, VT.—The well-known property of the late Mrs. Channing, now occupied by Dr. Higginson, situate on a fine eminence overlooking a part of the village its centre, about a third of a mile from the depot. The mansion is large and commodious, with parlor, dining-room, wide entries, convenient kitchens and closets, five large and two smaller chambers and numerous closets; the lot contains two acres, bounded by streets on three sides, comprising a lawn, with flowering shrubs, and a rich garden, with fine raspberries and currants, besides choice grafted apple and pear trees in full bearing. For terms apply to L. G. MEAD, Esq., Brattleboro, Vt.

FOR SALE AT HARLEM—TWO HIGH-stoop three-story brick houses, with basements and counter-cellars, 46 feet deep by 18 feet 9 inches front and rear; Philadelphia brick fronts; are luminously and handsomely finished, with all the modern improvements; very pleasantly located, on south side of 127th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; about half cash, part money can be left (if required) on bond and mortgage. Inquire on the premises or of JOHN J. DEVOE, at No. 101 East 18th-st.

FOR SALE—AT EAST ORANGE, NEW-JERsey, with immediate possession, handsomely furnished, the desirable residence of late Aaron Peck; 13 rooms, bath-room, water-closet, and modern conveniences, piazzas all around, commodious outbuildings, stabling for eight horses, fruits of all kinds, large garden and lawn, inclosed with arbor vitæ hedges, in all about 7 acres in fine condition; three minutes' walk from Grove-st. station; house 15 minutes' walk from Grove-st. depot, Jersey City, and 2½ miles from Orange. Apply to CYRUS PECK, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR FARM IN EAST Chester, 15 miles from City Hall, and within 2½ miles of station on both the Harlem and New-Haven Railroads; containing 150 acres, with two beautiful streams running through it; well stocked with all descriptions of fruit and old forest trees, and the finest evergreens. The place commands a splendid view of the East River and Sound, and is all respects desirable for a gentleman's residence. The land is in the highest state of cultivation. Apply to LEWIS B. BROWN, 36 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT, with about 2¾ acres of land, cottage, thirteen rooms, cellars, carriage-house, stable for two horses and cows, bathing-house and other outbuildings; also a great variety of shade trees, all kinds of the best selections of fruit, grapes, &c., in full bearing; a fine kitchen and flower garden, all in order, within three minutes' walk from West Mount Vernon Depot, Westchester County; price $12,000. Inquire of Ticket Agent, West Mount Vernon, or at No. 191 Bowery, New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON Cherry Cliff, Hudson River, near Ogdensburgh, with one of the finest views of the Thousand Islands; fine fishing and shooting; a most desirable and healthy locality for Summer residence; Gothic cottage, with water in the house, furnace, bath-room, carriage-house, ice-house, fruits in abundance, &c.; price $8,000; less than half its cost. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR RENT, SALE, OR COUNTRY PLACE NEAR Kingsbridge, formerly occupied by T. Bailey Myers, Esq., about one mile from Spuyten Duyvil Station, on Hudson River Railroad; large stone house, hot and cold water, built-in range, furnace, bath-room, &c.; also, gardener's cottage and large garden; plenty of fruit and shade trees, beautiful situation and perfectly healthy; about 18 acres of land. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—In North Englewood, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, one hour from New-York; a two-story and attic, 11 rooms; bath, water-closet, carriage-house, stabling; about three acres of land; fruit; hydrant in garden and carriage-house; double piazza; fountain in front; ten minutes from depot.
M. FLANNELLY.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE—IN WILliamsburgh, Long Island, a handsome two-story house, 22 feet 4 inches wide, 40 feet deep, lots 100 feet; newly furnished and painted this Spring, and in thorough good order from top to bottom; has all the modern improvements. Price, $6,000; terms easy. Location, Rodney-st., near Bedford-av. Premises can be seen from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., by card from D. ALLEN, No. 65 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE AT ROCKLAND LAKE—A most desirable country seat, 2½ of a mile from steamboat landing on North River; house is large and commodious, good outbuildings, &c.; 18 acres of land, in a high state of cultivation; is two miles from Nyack and has a large supply of choice fruits and shade trees; the views are very fine; location healthy. Price, $10,000; terms easy. Apply to DAY, FERDON & CO., 192 Broadway, Room 6.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AN OLD-ESTABlished tavern stand and a cottage, with barns, stables, &c., with five acres of good land, well stocked with fruit, on Fall River Road, three miles from Yonkers and 1½ from Hastings. If not sold by 1st April will be let. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE HOUSE, WITH NINE rooms, barn, &c., in good order, with three acres of land, well stocked with the choicest fruit, located on Spring Road, two miles from Hastings and three miles from Yonkers. Will be sold low. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ABOUT 50 ACRES, with good farm house, barn and other outbuildings, running from Hudson River to Saw-mill River, three miles from Yonkers and 2½ miles from Bronxville Station on Harlem Railroad. Terms easy. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers, or of J. D. AUSTIN, on the premises.

A FARM OF 32 ACRES FOR SALE ON Staten Island, three minutes' walk from Huguenot Station, command ing a splendid view of Prince's Bay; good well of water; house of 8 rooms, barn and other outbuildings. Inquire of J. G. MILLER, No. 2 booth-st., or of D. MILLER, on the premises.

FOR SALE.—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT Bay Ridge, 4 miles from Hamilton Ferry; consisting of 7 acres of ground, laid out by Downing, with a commodious house, barn, ice-house, &c.; a lawn furnished with shrubbery, and garden well stocked with fruit. Apply to MRS. CATLIN, 13 MURRAY ST., or 1,218 3d-av., 12th-st., or to JAS. C. HOLDEN, Nos. 11 and 13 Chff-st.

J. BISHOP'S FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J., FOR SALE—Suitable for cotton, woolen or iron manufacturing; 120 feet on State-st. and 220 feet on Sheffield-st.; well built; three and four stories high; with 80 horse power, boiling, gas ting, &c.; now running in good order. Inquire of EDWARD A. JEE, No. 49 William-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—IN 38TH-ST., NEAR MADISON-AV., a three-story and cbateau-roof, four-story, brownstone high-stoop house; nearly new; well built and thoroughly built; handsomely finished, walnut; all modern improvements. Address R. R. S., Post-office, Box No. 2,904.

AT PLAINFIELD—ON CENTRAL RAILROAD of New-Jersey, several farms, fine village lots and first-class houses for sale; improved grounds, for sale reasonable. Apply to E. DEAN DOW & SON, No. 10, Wall-st., and at office, Plainfield. Ten passenger trains daily to and from the city.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, the four-story English basement brownstone-front house No. 40 East 31st-st., near Madison-av., 20x50 and half the block. Apply on the premises from 10 A. M. to 2, and 3 to 4 P. M., or to EDWD. SHERMAN, No. 253 Pearl-st.

FOUR-STORY HEAVY BROWN-STONE half high-stoop English-basement house, most desirably located on West 34th-st.; all improvements; price $16,500; half cash. FISH & BLIVEN, No. 544 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT RIVERDALE, ON THE HUDson, a beautiful country residence, with 5¾ acres of ground; house new; replete with all modern conveniences; location near churches, stores, &c. Price $30,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—PRICE REDUCED; FOUR-STORY brown-stone English basement house, 20 feet wide, in perfect order, on West 42d-st.; price $20,000, including handsome furniture, worth at least $6,000; partially furnished, $18,000. Apply to FISH & BLIVEN, No. 544 Broadway.

AUCTION OR PRIVATE SALE—THIRTY lots on Bainbridge-st., Fulton and Classon avs., at private sale by J. W. BARTLETT, No. 599 Broadway, otherwise at auction by ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, THURSDAY, March 29, at 11 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT AUCTION, AT FISHKILL ON the Hudson, on WEDNESDAY, April 4, at 2 P. M., a new Gothic house: lot 100 feet front and 200 deep, with a good barn on the place. For particulars apply to JAMES DENNIS, No. 49 3d-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THAT ELEGANT BROWN-STONE dwelling-house, in splendid order, with all modern improvements, No. 56 West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. For permits and terms, apply to EDMUND YENNI, No. 182 Broadway.

ONE HOUR FROM CITY—ON STATEN Island—For sale, 30 acres; mansion 50x30, extension 20x40, lodge 20x30; magnificent park, splendid view, perfectly healthy. Immediate possession. Terms favorable. T. BOND, No. 132 Broadway.

AVOID HIGH RENTS.—BUY WOODWARD'S COUNTRY HOMES, 122 designs and plans, and build a house in the country. Price $1. post-paid.
GEO. E. & F. W. WOODWARD,
Publishers, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 283 WEST 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., with or without the furniture; lot 20 feet front in the block; house 18.9x55 feet. Apply to GEO. W. TODD, No. 84 Dey-st.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE VILLAGE OF BEDford, Westchester County, a very desirable place of 15 acres, good house and outhouses; price $3,500; terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ORANGE AND SUMMIT.—SEVERAL DEsirable residences and farms for sale, 2 to 70 acres each. Prices $2,500 to $20,000. For particulars apply to PARSONS & WARD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE.

BENEDICT & COIT, NO. 4 PINE-ST.,
REAL ESTATE AND LOAN BROKERS.
Offer for sale a large number of first and second class residences in the City of New-York and suburbs on the Hudson, in this State, New-Jersey and other sections.
ALSO, TO LET—FIFTEEN FURNISHED HOUSES, and a number of houses unfurnished.
ALSO, WILL LOAN MONEY ON MORTGAGE.

FARM FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—One of the finest farms in New-Jersey, situated on a high ridge, two miles from Rahway and one mile from Woodbridge, and twelve miles from Staten Island Sound. Said farm lies on the Rahway and Woodbridge Railroad at Avenell, with railroad station on the premises. Trains stop five times a day to and from New-York, and railroad communication with Rahway twelve times a day. Said farm
CONTAINS SEVENTY ACRES,
in high state of cultivation; fences new and in excellent condition; is fine apple and pear orchard and other fruits; large house, 40 feet front, with kitchen attached, nearly new; piazza whole length; farm-house on the premises for hired help; fine barn and stables; large corn-house with hay-mows above; wagon-house, with bins above for grain; large corn-crib, hen-yard and smoke-house; two wells and a splendid spring of water; possession given heated throughout with steam, and conservatory attached; these with the barns and numerous outbuildings are in good order, including a well filled ice-house. The farm contains about 60 acres under a high state of cultivation; two cottages for laborers are on the place. The orchards are filled with the choicest fruit, and the garden with various fruits and vines. The grounds are tastefully laid out and the situation is perfectly healthy; a never-failing stream of water through the premises. Inquire of N. ORR, No. 69 John-st., or DANIEL LOW, No. 29 Broadway, and on the premises. Price $36,000.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT of 115 acres, known as Plum Point, on the west shore of the Hudson, 3¼ miles from Newburgh and same distance from the entrance to the Highlands. Front on the river one mile—a gravelly beach, and water front from the state to the channel. No description can give a correct idea of its commanding position, natural advantages, extensive pleasure grounds and superb views, taking in both shores of Newburgh Bay. Land very best quality. Fine large mansion, &c., in excellent order. If not sold by 1st April, will be rented. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., F. M. VERPLANCK, No. 36 South-st., or P. A. VERPLANCK, on the premises.

FOR SALE—AT ORANGE, N. J., A DESIRABLE residence, with 2¾ acres of land, stable, carriage-house and other suitable outbuildings, eligibly situated on Centre-st., within ten minutes' walk of the depot, and commanding a fine view of Orange Mountain, &c. The house is well built and in complete order throughout, and contains 13 rooms, very fine cellar, and all the modern improvements, such as hot and cold water, bath-room, stationary wash-tubs, furnace, &c. The grounds are highly improved and taste fully laid out, comprising in addition a large garden, abundance of fruit and shade trees, lawn, &c. Price, $20,000; terms easy. Title perfect. Apply to H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., between 9 and 11 A. M., or at No. 46 Main-st., Orange, N. J.

ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE IN THE VICINITY OF THIS CITY.
LOCATION—On Long Island Sound, with grand and extensive views of Long Island Sound, &c.
HOUSE—House is large, 50 feet square, well finished and in complete order, with modern improvements.
GROUNDS—Consist of about 70 acres, beautifully and tastefully laid out.
OUTBUILDINGS—Numerous, consisting of stable, barn, cottages, &c.
TERMS—Easy. Title perfect.
Price for all, including household furniture, $65,000.
Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN Newark, N. J., situated in South Broad-st., opposite the new Public School House; the house is within 5 minutes' walk of the railroad station; the house is in the midst of a beautiful garden filled with the choicest flowers and fruit trees of a good bearing age, and within 10 minutes' walk of a beautiful garden filled with the choicest flowers and fruit trees of a good bearing age, and within stone-room, washhouse, &c.; two handsome parlors divided by folding doors; six bedrooms and bathroom; spacious hall, completed with handsome gas fixtures; also a good stable and carriage house. Rent $1,200 per annum; possession 1st of May. Apply to KING & BOND, Real Estate Agents, No. 256 Broad-st., Newark.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 80 ACRES SITUATED ON South Orange-av., 5 miles from Brooklyn, New-York, and 1 mile from Morris and Essex Railroad depot, Orange, N. J.; land is in a superior state of cultivation, and well watered by spring brooks; small house (4 rooms), outbuildings large and new, large garden, well stocked with fruit and berries. The above is handsomely located, and for sale with or without the stock, products and implements; will be sold cheap for cash. The Morris and Essex Railroad runs by the place, to be built this Summer. Address DEMAREST, BALL & CO., Wholesale and Retail Grocers, 276 Reade-st., New-York, or DANIEL DEMAREST, Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 170 OR 190 ACRES, SITUated about one mile from railroad depot in Passaic, N. J., and two miles from Paterson, on the Paterson and Hoboken Plank-road; the land is in a good state of cultivation, and particularly adapted for farming and constituting good land very heavily timbered; large house and outbuildings; plenty of fruit of various kinds; this is an opportunity seldom offered; one of the best places on the Passaic County, and within 45 minutes of New-York by the N. Y. and E. R. R.; sold only to close an estate. Address E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st., or JAMES H. GARRETT, Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—A BEAUTIFUL place containing 18 acres, or more if desired, on the Hudson, running to the River, 2¼ miles north of Poughkeepsie, with a fine brick dwelling, having all modern improvements; also, suitable outbuildings, good orchard, abundance of fruit, and over 500 feet of luxuriantly bearing grape vines. It disposed of before the 15th of April, the furniture of the house can be secured either by hire or purchase; neighborhood healthful, and the best society; owner leaving the country. For particulars apply to JAMES SMILLIE, National Bank Note Company, No. 1 Wall-st., or on the premises.

$5,000. A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE FOR SALE AT TRYGUTON, N. J.—One hour from New-York; cottage, beautiful one acre of land, with ornamental and fruit trees, and grape-vines and other fruit in garden, a stream of running water, a large variety of shade trees, stable, all in good order, and a perfectly healthy location; by railroad to Newark, and horse-car to near the house; worth $6,000; will be sold for $5,000, as the owner has another place in the vicinity. Apply to WM. LETTY, Irvington, or owner, Box No. 3,232 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AN ELEGANT country seat; large and commodious house; extensive outbuildings; 15 acres of land; every variety of fruit, at Cossackie, on the west bank of the Hudson, and on the line of the new railroad about being opened from Athens to Schenectady, near a station, and only five miles from the new railroad bridge at Athens. This was recently the residence of Hon. Edwin N. Hubbell, member of Congress, and will be sold very low, for much less than the cost to build the house alone. Full particulars given by HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

MILL PROPERTY AND FACTORY SITE FOR SALE.—A flour mill and plaster mill doing a first-rate business both custom and merchant, nearly new, at Washington ville, forty feet from depot on New-York and Erie Railway; one of the best mill properties in Orange County, N. Y., eleven miles from Newburgh; factory rate adjoining the switch; also, house, barn and garden. No. 2 Post-office Square, Orange County, N. Y. DAVID WRIGHT.

VALUABLE VACANT PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.—For sale, to close an estate, the plot of ground, on the corner of Washington-av. and Washington-pl., Brooklyn, 60x75. For a factory, machine-shop, foundry or similar business, the location is unsurpassed. Also, the excellent frame dwelling-house, No. 139 Washington-st., Brooklyn, near Sands-st., 20x40, 2 stories high, good cellar. S. B. HITCHINGS, Executor, No. 81 William-st., N. Y.

FAIRFIELD, CONN., COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Delightfully situated, commanding an extensive view; stone house, modern and spacious; an abundance of garden and other fruits; two and a quarter hours from New-York; 9 trains daily. Address Box No. 1,876 Bridgeport, Conn., or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—MARCY-AV., near Myrtle, 30 minutes from Fulton Ferry, three-story basement and sub-cellar frame house, filled in with brick, 22x60, lot 22x100; 14 rooms, 17 closets, gas and water; possession immediately; good neighborhood; price moderate. Apply at house or C. G. TILL, No. 297 Broadway, up stairs.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE AND FARM FOR SALE—From 12 to 67½ acres, at Peekskill on the Hudson; house large and convenient; large carriage-house, stables and barn, in good order; four orchards; five springs of water. Also, villa site. Beautiful view of Hudson; possession immediately. Call or address JAMES H. JACOBS, Peekskill Post-office, N. Y.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, E. D.—THE neat three-story and basement brick houses Nos. 3 and 7 2d-st., near Broadway, a few minutes' walk from the ferry. Lots 20x80 each. Possession May 1.
Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, New-York.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—AT IRVINGTON, 2¾ miles from Newark, N. J.; one with 7, and the other has 14 rooms; high tower, bath-room, fountain in basement, gardens and shrubbery; situation very healthy; one or twenty acres of land. Apply A. H. BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT AStoria, L. I.; dwelling-house, barn, &c., with five acres of land; fruit, garden and shade trees; 20 minutes from city; situated; convenient to the city; half a mile from steamboat landing and ferry. For particulars inquire of CHAS. DE BEVOISE, No. 50 Vesey-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farming property, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY H. COX, 271 Broadway, Room No. 2, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 69 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

A CHEAP FARM—45 MILES IN NEW-JERsey; 61 acres, 11 wood; good two-story house, eight rooms, barn, &c.; fruit and shade trees, with stock and implements. $3,500. PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 200 Broadway, Room No. 12.

$5,000. A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE FOR SALE AT TRYGUTON, N. J.—One hour from New-York; cottage, beautiful one acre of land, with ornamental and fruit trees, and grape-vines and other fruit in garden, a stream of running water, a large variety of shade trees, stable, all in good order, and a perfectly healthy location; by railroad to Newark, and horse-car to near the house; worth $6,000; will be sold for $5,000, as the owner has another place in the vicinity. Apply to WM. LETTY, Irvington, or owner, Box No. 3,232 New-York Post-office.

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VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—Corner store, No. 432 Water-st., suitable for a hotel. Apply to FRANCIS D. FOWLER, Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE BROWNstone house, four stories, high-stoop; size, 24x50; lot, 100; with the furniture if desired; located in 30th-st., near 4th-av. Apply to W. L. CONKLIN, 102 Reade-st.

FOR SALE AT HARLEM—BRICK HOUSE south side of 119th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.; westerly one of five. Inquire of G. W. NOBLE, brick and coal yard, foot of 120th-st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 48 Charlton-st.; slate roof, gas fixtures; if not sold by April 1, will be to rent. Apply to R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE—A valuable corner property on William-st., below Wall-st.; well rented. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

$3,800. FOR SALE—HOUSE AND FULL lot, north side East 81st-st., between 2d and 3d avs. JOHN FOGGIN, hardware-store, 3d-av., corner 83d-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS BROWNstone house and lots Nos. 45, 47 and 49 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., splendidly finished with rosewood doors, &c. W. FANNING, No. 37 West 39th-st.

FOR SALE—ON WASHINGTON-SQUARE, TWO extra large and elegant houses adjoining, in fine order, 25 feet deep, with stables in the rear. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

LEASE OF A STORE AND BASEMENT for sale, with or without the stock of furniture; would be a good stand for grocery and provisions. No. 289 Spring-st., one door from Hudson-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF THIRTY ACRES, with dwelling-house, barns, &c., within two miles of Morristown, N. J. For particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE DWELLING NO. 34 WEST 48th-st. Apply to ROBERT J. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

FOR SALE—IN THIS CITY, FIVE NEW FIRSTclass houses, $7,000 to $10,500; 20 houses in Brooklyn, $1,200 to $20,000. Apply at No. 133 Nassau-st., Room No. 3.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FIRST AND third brick cottage in West 69th-st., near 10th-av. Apply to ROBERT J. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

FARMS FOR SALE.

Westchester County, near PEEKSKILL, 180 acres, splendid place, $20,000. PEEKSKILL, 95 acres, $11,000. FISHKILL, 124 acres, $12,000; fine stock and farms on the Hudson, in this State, New-Jersey and other sections. PEEKSKILL, 100 acres, $8,000; fine lobster land, $14,000. NEW-PALTZ LANDING, 150 acres, $12,000, or will be rented for $600 per annum. Queens County, L. I., 100 acres, $25,000. NEW-LOTS, L. I., 15 acres, $6,000. NEW-CANAAN, Conn., 120 acres, $7,500. DARIEN, Conn., 30 acres, $6,000. ROMER VILLE, N. J., 6 acres, $6,250; 128 acres, $6,000; 10 acres, $3,000. SUBURBAN, N. J., 43 acres, $6,500. Also, several other desirable farms for sale by THOMAS L. M'CANLIS, 407 6th-av.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

YONKERS, on the Hudson, Westerton-av., $5,000; Ashburton-av., $7,800; Locust Hill, $21,000. DOBBS FERRY, $7,000. HASTINGS, small place, $4,000. IRVINGTON, large house, 25 rooms, $12,000. SING SING, Ellis-place, $5,500 and $6,000; Camp Meeting Road, $6,500. FISHKILL, splendid place on Main-st., $9,500; place adjoining, $7,000. GREEN PORT, $4,000, or will be exchanged for city property. WESTPORT, Essex County, on Lake Champlain, $6,000, or will be rented. MILLBURN, N. J., $10,000, or to rent. Also beautiful places at NEWARK and RAHWAY for sale or to rent, and several places on Long Island and in Connecticut. For particulars inquire of THOS. L. M'CANLIS, No. 407 6th-av.

A HANDSOME AND VERY CONVENIENT A country residence for sale at Greenwich, Conn., near the depot, 1½ hour on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, at the head of the harbor; commanding view; steamer to the City and back daily; a healthy and very desirable location for a gentleman and his family; good water, gravel walks and chandeliers; house nearly new, and for convenience, health and air unsurpassed; hot and cold water, stationary tubs, marble bowls above and below; gas all through; warm air; excellent steam heating apparatus, all in perfect order; front, including wings, 71 feet; piazza on three sides; three cellars, fifteen rooms, beside library, hall, bath-room and large pantry; never-failing stream of water through the premises; well stocked with the choicest varieties of pears, apples, plums, cherries and peaches; garden stocked with delicious currants, raspberries, &c.; carriage-house, barns, stables, hennery and woodhouse; price $18,500; further can be had if desired. Inquire of W. H. WILSON, No. 489 Broadway, or A. E. MATHER, Greenwich Depot.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT of 115 acres, known as Plum Point, on the west shore of the Hudson, 3¼ miles from Newburgh and same distance from the entrance to the Highlands. Front on the river one mile—a gravelly beach, and water front from the state to the channel. No description can give a correct idea of its commanding position, natural advantages, extensive pleasure grounds and superb views, taking in both shores of Newburgh Bay. Land very best quality. Fine large mansion, &c., in excellent order. If not sold by 1st April, will be rented. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., F. M. VERPLANCK, No. 36 South-st., or P. A. VERPLANCK, on the premises.

SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT NEAR Newburgh, on the Hudson, for sale; 72 acres of land highly cultivated, fine stream of water, fences prime, large (nearly new) modern building, fruit, &c., together with all the stock, crops and farming implements, consisting in part of 9 fine horses, 20 cows, 1 harvester and reaper, new threshing-machine, &c., &c.; everything in perfect order. Price only $13,000. Apply to PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 200 Broadway, Room No. 12.

A GOOD FARM OF 115 ACRES FOR SALE—Situated on the road from Dunellen Plains and Plainfield Depot, N. J.; 70 acres cultivated, 45 good wood; well watered, and all kinds of fruits, two houses and outbuildings; also, stock, crop and farming implements thereon; would exchange for City property. The owner can be seen for two days at No. 163 West Broadway, New-York.

A VALUABLE ESTATE FOR SALE LOW. A—Elegant farm and residence, close to the station, at Jamaica, L. I., 13 miles by rail from Brooklyn ferries; 30 acres; price $20,000; terms easy. Apply to owner, $10,000. Very pleasant, very healthful, very access ble, and very cheap. Will easily yield an income of $12,000 per year. Apply to C. G. PRATT, No. 24 Pine-st., Rooms Nos. 37 and 38.

A VERY BEAUTIFUL SITUATION, WITH A large and elegant buildings, and 70 acres of land, for sale, in Dutchess County, 70 miles from New-York by rail. Price $25,500; $6,000 will complete the purchase, and the money can be paid in five years. Possession within the next six months. No healthier place in the State. Apply to C. G. PRATT, No. 24 Pine-st., Rooms Nos. 37 and 38.

ANY PERSON WISHING TO PURCHASE A first-class residence, at a stable price, will examine No. 2 Second-place, corner of Henry-st., Brooklyn; house 34 feet 8 inches wide (double,) in perfect order; has every convenience; is open and can be seen any time in day; lot, 20x100 feet, which is reasonable, and terms, apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 130 Pearl-st., New-York.

A VERY CONVENIENT, FIRST-CLASS A residence for sale, in an excellent neighborhood, at a moderate price, No. 20 Second-place, Brooklyn; house is 34 feet wide; has every convenience; large reception room on one floor; in good order; not occupied; can be seen any time; lots next door. For further particulars apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 130 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT OYSter Bay Cove, L. I. The house is nearly new, with 3 acres of well-laid-out grounds attached, commanding a fine view of surrounding scenery. Daily communication with New-York. Apply to JAMES M. BURTIS, No. 284 Pearl-st., (over Market Bank,) or JOHN J. JONES, Oyster Bay, L. I.

$1,000 CASH, $1,600 ON BOND AND mortgage for three years, will purchase one of a row of frame houses, with 7 rooms, 2 marble mantels; 8 rooms in each house; the houses are new, and will be ready the 1st of April; 20 minutes by horse cars from Fulton Ferry. Inquire of JOHN PRINGLE, No. 13 Montgomery-pl., Jersey City, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FARM OF 40 acres at Jamaica, L. I., only 9 miles from New-York; buildings new and in good order; land in the very best condition. Also, a country seat corner of Van Wyck and Chichester-sts., Jamaica; stable, &c. Inquire of E. W. VAN VOORHIS, No. 103 East 36th-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY FIRST-CLASS brick house No. 36 S. 3rd-st., with stable in the rear on 9th-st., large lot in perfect order; water on all the floors, with all modern conveniences; stairs arranged with finished rooms expressly for private use.
PARSONS & WARD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

GREENWICH, CONN.—FOR SALE—FIVE minutes from the depot, a new, modern-built house, fourteen rooms, with about 2½ acres of land, situated on an eminence commanding a view of Long Island Sound. Inquire at the depot, Greenwich, or of D. D. ST. JOHN, No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A GOOD CHANCE FOR A CARRIAGE MAKER AND BLACKSMITH.—Shops with water power and machinery; also several pleasant dwellings,

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1866.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 7½ o'clock. RICHELIEU; OR, THE CONSPIRACY. Edwin Booth as Richelieu.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 7½ o'clock, LITTLE BAREFOOT. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Collier, J. G. Burnett, E. Lamb, E. B. Holmes; Misses Maggie Mitchell, Mary Wells, Maeder, H. Chapman, Burke, Everett, &c.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE UNEQUAL MATCH. Characters by Messrs. Mark Smith, George Holland, Young, B. T. Ringgold, Norton, J. C. Williamson and Fope, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. John Sefton, Miss Green, Miss Mary Barrett and Miss Scott.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 7½ o'clock, THE LOVE KNOT and CINDERELLA E LA COMARE.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, March 29, at 8 o'clock, THE CHIMNEY CORNER and the CONJUGAL LESSON. Characters by Messrs. John E. Owens, Tom. Owens, F. J. Evans, W. H. Hamblin, E. Eberle, Mrs. A. Hind, Miss J. Tyson.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 7½, BOHEMIANS OF PARIS, THE ASTONISHING SPHINX and THE RUFFIAN BOY.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 7½ o'clock, the pantomime of JACK AND GILL. Also two dramas. Characters by the company.

WOOD'S THEATRE.
Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 7½ o'clock, EAST LYNNE; OR, THE ELOPEMENT. Miss Lucille Western as Lady Isabel.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2, EVENING at 7½ o'clock, MOSES; Or, ISRAEL IN EGYPT. MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c. WILD AUSTRALIAN CHILDREN. 100,000 CURIOSITIES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 8 o'clock, ROBINSON ON A BAREBACK HORSE, in his great original TROTTING HORSEMANSHIP, and all the Equestrians and Acrobats in a programme resplendent with brilliant animations.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, March 29, commencing at 7½ o'clock, THE ELEPHANT HUNTER-HORSE TAMING A BUTTERFLY, THAT'S MY SISTER, SCENES AT DONNYBROOK FAIR, &c., &c.

BRADY'S ART GALLERY.
No. 785 Broadway, corner of 10th-st.
THIS DAY, March 29—Exhibition of an entire new collection of WAR VIEWS and HISTORIC PORTRAITS. Free to the public.

DERBY FINE ARTS GALLERY.
No. 625 Broadway.
THIS DAY, March 29, commencing at 9 o'clock. The first great Exhibition of PICTURES, DRAWINGS, BRONZES, TERRA COTTA, &c. THE PRINCESS AFTER THE BATH.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONGRESS.

After the announcement of the death of Senator FOOT, of Vermont, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back a bill providing that all moneys raised in the United States for the support of refugees or freedmen, and received by any officer of the United States Army, shall be charged against such officer. The bill was passed. A resolution of inquiry in regard to the trade of Canada was considered and adopted. The bill enacting that all proceedings touching the levy and collection of the annual tax provided in schedule A of section 100 of the act to provide internal revenue, etc., approved June 30, 1864, and the act amendatory thereof, approved March 3, 1865, be postponed for the space of two months, was passed. Mr. RAYMOND offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of providing that no member whose name may be called by the Clerk in preparing for the organization of the House, shall participate in the election of Speaker, or in any other business of the House, until he shall have first taken the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution and the laws. The House then proceeded, as the regular order of business, to the consideration of the Bankrupt Law, on which the House yesterday ordered the main question. The vote being reached, the bill was lost—yeas 59, nays 72. A motion to reconsider was postponed one week. The bill to subject the Indian lands and allotted lands of Kansas to the laws thereof, was laid on the table. A resolution of inquiry was adopted relative to the expediency of so amending the Homestead Act as to give to disabled soldiers and the heirs of deceased soldiers the titles to any lands they may have located, without the delay of occupancy required by said act.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, the bill incorporating the Women's College of Physicians and Surgeons was reported; also the bill authorizing the erection of a public market in the Eighteenth Ward of New-York. A bill was introduced to change the grade of streets lying west of Eleventh-avenue. The bill for the preservation of animals intended for human food was passed. It limits the time when such animals may be shut up in railroad cars. The bill to regulate wharfage and piers, wharves and slips, in New-York and Brooklyn, was again taken up. A substitute offered by Mr. LOW was laid on the table. The bill amending the Excise Law for New-York was taken up and amended, by conferring upon the Metropolitan Board of Health exclusive power to grant licenses. Progress was reported.

In the Assembly, the bill to incorporate the Underground Railway Company was considered in Committee of the Whole, and discussed at length. No material amendments were made to the bill as printed. It was ordered to a third reading. Afterward the rules were suspended, and the bill put upon its third reading and passed, yeas 96, nays 13.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* states that despite the charges of disloyalty and other offences against the newly elected Mayor of New-Orleans, the case has been declared settled in his favor, by Gen. CANBY, who issued an order placing the municipal affairs of the city in the hands of the officials elected by the people.

The Nashville *Banner* is informed that orders have been recently received from Washington by which the severity of Capt. FRANK GURLEY's imprisonment will be materially mitigated. The irons which he has been compelled to wear since his arrest will be removed, and his condition in other respects will be made more comfortable. He is still in prison at Huntsville, and is in good health and spirits. GURLEY, it will be remembered, is the man who basely murdered Gen. ROBERT MCCOOK, while he lay sick and helpless in an ambulance.

On the 26th inst., as ROBERT HENDERSHOT, well known as the drummer-boy of the Rappahannock, was entering Eastman's College, at Poughkeepsie, he was set upon by three burglars, one of whom fired two shots at HENDERSHOT, the balls striking a Testament in the pocket of his coat. HENDERSHOT immediately drew a revolver and returned the fire rapidly. During the confusion the burglars made their escape.

The Vicksburgh *Herald* says that the Probate Court of Carroll County, Miss., apprenticed a negro without sommoning his father to answer as to his right to the custody of his son. Whereupon the father sued out a writ of *habeas corpus* before Judge COTHRAN, who declared the proceedings of the Probate Court null and void, and ordered the boy to be returned to his father.

Since the burning of Pike's Opera-house, the people of Cincinnati have become much alarmed as to the safety of the places of public amusement, and having voted unanimously that Pike's was unsafe, Mayor HARRIS has notified the proprietors of Mozart Hall that the license of that establishment will be withdrawn after the ensuing 1st of April.

The hospital records, which have just been footed up, show the enormous aggregate of 253,000 Union soldiers to have died on battle-fields and in hospitals during the war to suppress the rebellion. This does not include those who died at their homes of lingering disease contracted in the service.

It is estimated that the number of cases in Massachusetts affected by the decision of the United States Supreme Court is about 2,500. Several persons have been indicted as many as seven times for keeping liquor nuisances, and if all who were prosecuted pay their fines it will probably require over $500,000.

The owners have at last succeeded in extinguishing the flames of the oil well near Franklin, on the Allegheny, which has been on fire several weeks. A pipe was introduced into the well, and by this means the gas was introduced into the river, where the flames were extinguished.

The Second Comptroller of the Treasury has decided that the claims against the Government of persons domiciled in the Southern States before and during the war, now presented for payment, are not lawfully entitled to liquidation.

Congress having appropriated $1,000,000 for lighthouse purposes, the Board contemplate rebuilding, as rapidly as possible, all houses destroyed by the rebels, and expect to reëstablish light vessels on the Southern coast.

The railroad bridge across the Cumberland River at Clarksville has been completed, and trains will immediately run through to the Tennessee River. There is now but one gap between Louisville and Memphis, which will be filled in a short time.

The Syracuse *Courier* of Saturday, announces the sudden death of the wife of Gen. JOHN A. GREEN. She fell from a chair while lighting the gas, and singular as it may seem, sustained injuries which resulted in her death almost instantly.

A call signed by "T. L. ROSSER, late Major-General, C. S. A.," appears in the Richmond papers, for a meeting of the friends and comrades of the late Maj.-Gen. J. E. B. STUART, to take measures to erect a monument to his memory.

Southerners are buying nice residences in the fashionable parts of Boston. Over twenty first-class houses there have lately been purchased by Southerners, who say they made fortunes during the war, and have come North to invest it.

There was an *emeute* at Macon, Ga., on the 25th inst. between the citizens and colored soldiers. Several were wounded, but none killed. The city was put under martial law.

Powerful influences are being brought to bear to induce the President to remit the sentence pronounced by a military commission against G. B. LAMAR, for attempts to defraud the Government.

A decision has been rendered by the Kentucky Court of Appeals which virtually prevents either a Confederate or Union soldier from being prosecuted for acts committed under orders of superior officers.

The resignation of Maj.-Gen. JOHN M. PALMER, commanding the Department of Kentucky, tendered some time ago, has been accepted by President JOHNSON.

ADOLPH KRAMER, of the firm of J. M. STINE, KRAMER & Co., a well-known merchant of Chicago, was suffocated to death on the 24th inst., by the escape of gas in his lodging room.

STERLING KING, the pretended assassin of LINCOLN and SEWARD, who attempted to commit suicide, is slowly recovering.

The loyal Indians of the Six Nations have offered six hundred warriors to the Canadian Government.

EX-GOV. VANCE has commenced the practice of law in Charlotte, N. C.

It is stated that all the United States colored troops will be discharged within the coming month.

The great telescope intended for the Chicago Observatory has arrived in that city.

LOCAL NEWS.

About 10 o'clock yesterday morning W. B. ODDIE, an artist, and JOHN LA DEW, his friend, were in the Carlton House, on the southwest corner of Fourteenth-street and Fourth-avenue, and Mr. LA DEW was standing near the door having his boots cleaned. He drew a pistol, and in a playful manner pointed it at Mr. ODDIE, saying something about putting a ball through his friend's hat. The pistol exploded, and the ball took effect in the forehead of Mr. ODDIE, entering the head just above the hat-band. Death ensued almost instantly. It is said that LA DEW had been indulging in frequent libations during the morning. Immediately after the catastrophe, he surrendered himself to the police, to await the result of the Coroner's inquest which will be held this afternoon.

An action was tried yesterday in the Supreme Court Circuit before Justice JAMES and a jury against the Long Island Railroad Company, growing out of the collision which took place on the 28th of August last, near Jamaica. The plaintiff, Mr. E. B. OVERTON, had both of his legs broken, and for this he seeks to recover the sum of $50,000. The case was given to the jury at a late hour last evening, with instructions to bring in a sealed verdict this morning.

At Police Trials, yesterday, before Commissioners ACTON, BERGEN and MANIERRE, the celebration of St. Patrick's Day exhibited itself in complaints against several policemen who had sought to preserve the street lines by using their batons. Inebriation was at the bottom of the majority of the complaints, and in one case the standing quarrel between Romanists and Protestants wrought trouble for an officer.

A fire broke out last evening in the premises occupied by Dr. J. E. VAN EISENBERG, the oculist and surist, at No. 816 Broadway, resulting in the almost total destruction of the second and third floors, causing a damage of nearly $60,000 to the furniture and building, all covered by insurance in City companies.

A meeting of rag-dealers was held at Military Hall, in the Bowery, last evening, Mr. PETER MCKNIGHT in the Chair. A special committee of ten was appointed to confer with the Board of Health Commissioners, and to devise measures looking to the general interests of the trade pending the propositions now before the Board.

JAMES TURNER, who was expelled from California in 1855, by the San Francisco Vigilance Committee, was yesterday sent to the workhouse in default of bail for his future good behavior. He was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct.

The Metropolitan Board of Health held a special session, yesterday, and listened to the reading of Counselor EATON's draft of a code of laws.

Gold fluctuated frequently yesterday from 127¾ up to 128¼; then down to 127@127¼, and up again to 128¼@¾. Exchange dropped to 107@106¾. Government Stocks firmer. The railways left off lower than on Tuesday.

Flour, corn, oats, cotton, pork, lard and tallow were in more request yesterday at firmer prices. Other articles were lightly dealt in. Among the freight engagements were 1,500 bales cotton for Liverpool.

Our Markets.

The investigations into the condition of Washington Market have revealed a more shocking state of things than the public had even supposed. There can be no question, if ever there was any, that the whole affair ought to be swept away. This state of facts renders it still more necessary that some new site be chosen which should combine all the requisites for so important a trade as that in human food. There are already movements in this direction. One is in the shape of a proposition before the Common Council to establish a market between Thirty-third and Thirty-fifth-streets, on the East River, and the other of a bill before the State Senate to authorize a market in the Eighteenth Ward. We have no particulars of either of these schemes, but must reiterate our belief that of themselves they do not meet the real requirements of the case. What we want is a great centre of supply and sale, accessible to producers and purchasers, and so arranged that direct transactions can take place between those two classes and without the intervention of middle-men. We have already suggested what locality would best subserve these ends—the triangle bounded by Centre and Chatham streets and a line north running between the two. This spot would furnish good sewerage and be conspicuous. There is a point to which we have not alluded in connection with this site, but it is one worthy the attention of the great City railroad companies. We mean the revenue within their grasp, if they would undertake to transport supplies to such a market in railroad wagons designed for the purpose, and which wagons could run into the market building by side tracks. The organization of such a system of transporting these supplies through the City would confer very great benefits upon the citizens. The stock would, by the avoidance of jolting over paved streets, be delivered in better condition than at present, and a great number of small conveyances that now block the streets would be dispensed with. The conformation of Manhattan Island renders this plan of a central depot, with rail car facilities extending up as far as, and beyond, Harlem, peculiarly desirable. We suppose that slaughter-houses within the precincts of the City will certainly be abolished; and the natural inference is that they will be reëstablished at some convenient point in Westchester County. This, and the fact that a great portion of vegetable produce comes from that direction, would seem an additional argument in favor of the plan we suggest. It would be a great point gained if there could be a terminus in this City to which lines of supply could come quickly from the productive region to the north, and which would directly connect with the future centre of slaughtering and dressing carcases of meat.

We ought to, and could, possess in this city the finest market in the world. We ought not to tolerate the present hole-and-corner system for a day beyond that on which a better system can be arranged. At present we are at the mercy of extortioners in the shape of middle-men, and the operation of going to market is disgusting in the extreme. Nor ought we to be satisfied with measures introduced, whether into the Legislature or the Common Council, the essential particulars of which are unknown except to those interested parties by whom they are framed. The supply of food to a great and growing city like ours ought not to be entrusted to a few speculators or engineering politicians, but is matter for general discussion by the whole public. The inhabitants of Manhattan are proverbially careless, it is true, upon public affairs, but they ought for once to express their opinion on a subject that is important even to the rich, and of vital consequence to the more numerous poor.

The Fisheries—A Dangerous Question.

The other day a telegraphic item informed us of the fitting out of national vessels to protect the interests of American fishermen on the coasts of British North America. A cotemporary enumerates seven vessels, carrying eighty-six guns, as in course of preparation for service in this "flying squadron."

Now we have tidings from England, on the authority of the London *Times*, which indicate the approaching departure of a war vessel "to see that the rights of the fishery, which revert to the British Crown, are not infringed upon, and also to prevent collisions between the fishermen of the Provinces and those of the United States." The vessel to be thus specially detailed will be an addition to the powerful force already representing England in those waters.

These preparations on both sides may enable some who have pooh-poohed the termination of reciprocity as a trifling affair, to realize at least one of the embarrassing and perilous questions which that event revives. They show that the contingencies which were a continual source of apprehension up to the period of the enactment of the Treaty are about again to arise, to irritate and perplex both countries; and, further, that both countries are adopting measures identical with those which before the Treaty kept the fishing interests of New-England and the Provinces perpetually under an apprehension of hostilities.

A reference to the Treaty, now defunct, is of itself sufficient to prove the importance with which the question was regarded by the contracting parties. The essential provisions of the Treaty were embraced in four articles, and of these two pertain exclusively to the fisheries; a circumstance of which the Congressional opponents of reciprocity appear to be profoundly ignorant. Their speeches in the recent debates proceeded wholly on the assumption that the interchange of commodities constituted the beginning and the end of the arrangement between this country and the Provinces; overlooking the undoubted fact, that by reciprocity we secured for our fishermen important concessions, and averted a liability to international complications to which in past years the records of the State Department have borne ample testimony.

Into the merits of the controversy as to the intent and meaning of the Convention of 1818, we are not required to enter. For our present purpose, it is enough to know that by the construction which the British Government, in compliance with the solicitation of the maritime Provinces, finally undertook to enforce, results were produced which Mr. WEBSTER, as Secretary of State, in 1852, thus succinctly stated: "The loss of the valuable Fall fishing to American fishermen; a complete interruption of the extensive fishing business of New-England, attended by constant collisions of the most unpleasant and exciting character," entailing "the involvement of the Government in questions of a very serious nature, threatening the peace of the two countries." The report of Mr. LORENZO SABINE, presented to Congress, in 1853, circumstantially exhibits the details of the difficulties which Mr. WEBSTER had anticipated. Referring to the season of 1852, and the effect of the restriction enforced by British vessels of war, Mr. SABINE wrote: "The results to our countrymen were disastrous to a degree never before known in time of peace. The presence of Her Majesty's cruisers in the waters in dispute between the two Governments nearly ruined some and injured all who adventured thither, and was the occasion of despondency and suffering at many firesides in Massachusetts and elsewhere in New-England." A remark with which Mr. SABINE accompanies this recital of facts possesses particular significance at this moment. "There can be no change for the better," are his words, "while the controversy as to the intent and meaning of the Convention of 1818 shall continue."

The controversy was, however, superseded, and its attendant peril turned aside, by the Reciprocity Treaty, under the operation of which our fishermen have for ten years plied their vocation, peacefully and profitably, in Provincial waters.

The abrogation of the Treaty, and the refusal of Congress to sanction a new arrangement with the Provinces, bring back the controversy which, as Mr. SABINE has shown, was disastrous to New-England interests, and lay the foundation of fresh issues, involving what Mr. WEBSTER described as "questions of a very serious nature, threatening the peace of the two countries." Mr. DERBY, in his report to Mr. Secretary MCCULLOCH, affirms that "we must either risk our mackerel fishery, treat, or annex the Provinces." With reciprocity, we have lost our mackerel fishery, and there will be hardship and suffering in the coming season among a class never addicted to over-much patience, and not likely now to submit quietly to the authority of British vessels-of-war. Are the wise men of Congress prepared for the emergency? Are they willing to entail disaster upon the fishermen and danger upon the country to satisfy the demands of the coal and iron monopolists of Pennsylvania? Or will they "treat" for a new commercial arrangement, which shall at once benefit the revenue, prevent injury to our trade, secure to our fishermen a continuance of valuable privileges, and dissipate the speck of war now rising out of northern waters?

There is yet time for negotiation, pending the completion of which all necessary points may be provided for by temporary legislation.

Meanwhile, we have a right to ask that our British cousins shall abstain from pushing pretensions in the justice of which this country has never acquiesced. We believe that the more intelligent section of Congress is ready to enter upon the whole question, with the view of reaching results that shall be mutually advantageous. The feeling in the Treasury Department is known to be in favor of this course, and it will assuredly gain ground whenever the varied bearings of the question shall be discussed. It is essential, however, that there be nothing like menace on the other side. We are for negotiation and legislation on a liberal, friendly basis, the feasibility of which depends upon the avoidance of all causes of irritation and all ground of quarrel.

The Proposed Change in the Judicial System of the United States.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate have reported favorably upon Senator HARRIS' bill for the reorganization of the Federal Judicial system, and the bill, amended in some respects in Committee, is now before the Senate for discussion. We have before pointed out some of the objections to the bill, and we see no reason to withdraw those objections. If the bill passes, the Supreme Court at Washington will be in a fair way to lose the position which it now holds. No case can be taken to it which does not involve a constitutional question, or a question on a treaty or *revenue* law of the United States, or at least $10,000 in amount, unless on the certificate of the Court below, which will cut out a very large proportion of its business. Its Judges, too, being no longer allowed to hear trials, but only appeals, will inevitably grow into a habit of mind more exclusively technical, and having less and less sympathy with the people, and hence the Court will inevitably lose favor with the people. We shall consider the passage of this bill on this ground, if on no other, as a serious blow at the Supreme Court.

Its effect upon the other Federal Courts will be that it will abolish the Circuit Courts, throwing all their business into the already hardly-pressed District Courts, and that it will establish what will be best described in this State by calling it a General Term, to be composed of the District Judges, which is to take care of the appellate business, and this is also largely increased by the provisions of the bill.

We can see no good thing that will be gained for any of the Federal Courts by the passage of this measure, but much injury in prospect for them all. This result is so plain to us that we are at a loss to account for the progress which the bill has made. The influences which urge it on are not those which ordinarily push forward such changes. There is no complaint among the people as to the way in which business is done in the Federal Courts. There is no pressure on the part of the Bar in favor of the change, and the Bar are not in general slow to see the defects of a system which they have to use. No Court or judge, has, so far as the public have heard, ever expressed any sense of the necessity of a change of system; and yet, without any such pressure, the system which has worked harmoniously and effectively for nearly a century, is all at once to be overthrown, and a new one to be set up, and new uncertainties of practice added to the already "glorious uncertainty of the law."

But aside from the objections to the general propositions of the bill, there are still many and manifest defects of detail in it, which should be by all means remedied if the bill is to become a law. Prominent among these is the fact that under it there is probably no appeal to the Supreme Court in any criminal case. Whether this is an oversight or intentional we cannot of course tell, although it should have been remedied, for in our former article we called attention to the defect. But that while questions of property may be carried of course to the highest Court in the land, provided $10,000 property is involved, yet questions involving the liberty and even the life of the citizen are not to have that privilege, does not speak very well for the judgment of the Committee which has proposed to create such a state of things. It may be argued, perhaps, that the Court would construe the law so as to give that right of appeal. But it is a serious defect in the statute if that power is left at all dependent upon the construction which any Court may give it.

Another grave defect in this bill is its failure to make any allowance for the difference between a Court of the United States when sitting as a Court of Admiralty, and when sitting as a Court of law or equity. The systems of procedure are entirely diverse, and yet this statute undertakes, what no legislator ever undertook before, to lay down in the same language a system which is to extend over both alike. As the proposed system is based upon common law ideas, the difficulties which will spring from its adoption will be felt chiefly in the Admiralty Courts, but in them the confusion and uncertainty which it will introduce will only be reduced to order after long work and trouble.

We shall take occasion, perhaps, to specify more fully some of the sources of this confusion.

The wording of this proposed statute as to appeals from the District Courts is most extraordinary. It reads as follows;

"An appeal may be taken to the Court of Appeals from any final judgment or decree of any District Court within the Circuit. When the amount claimed or the value of the property in controversy exceeds $500, and in other cases if the District Judge shall certify that the adjudication involves a question of general importance, such appeal shall be taken within ninety days after the entry of the judgment or decree sought to be reviewed."

Probably the intention was to limit appeals to the cases specified, and to provide that all appeals must be taken within ninety days. But as it stands it would give an appeal in every case, and limit the time of appeal only in cases involving $500 and upward.

The present time for taking an appeal is ten days. Why should it be extended to three months? At present execution cannot be issued during the ten days. It would seem that under this proposed statute execution would issue immediately—a very harsh proceeding—for if proceedings are subsequently stayed by the giving of security, the proceedings under the execution are not set aside.

The bond on appeal is not required to be executed by the appellant, but only by one surety in his behalf. No difference in this respect is made such as now exists between residents and non-residents. The surety is required to swear that he is worth "double the amount specified therein," while no amount is required to be "specified therein" except $250 for costs and damages.

We have thus pointed out some defects in the bill. We leave it to others to find out and expatiate upon its excellencies, if it has any. There are two quarters, and only two, from which we should expect to hear of them. The District Clerks might favor it, because it gives them a large increase of fees by bringing into the District Courts the business which is now in the Circuit Courts. The Marshals might favor it, because it gives them additional compensation for attending upon the new Court of Appeals, "the same compensation as is now allowed to the Marshal of the District of Columbia for similar services," whatever that may be.

We therefore suggest a change in the title of the bill. Let it be called "a bill to ruin the Supreme Court and increase the fees of the Marshals and Clerks of the District Courts," and its real character and effect will be more accurately described.

The New Health Board and the Tribune.

The *Tribune* has chosen, with a singular infelicity, to bring up again for public consideration the recent contest between a large majority of our citizens and the conductors of that journal, in regard to the Health Bill. It is a record which will always tell most strongly with all fair-minded men against the public spirit and the supposed desire for the public good of the journal in question. We believe that no single action of the many extraordinary ones of the *Tribune* ever weakened so much the confidence even of its friends, as its course on the formation of the new sanitary administration of New-York. We should not have thought it necessary to refer to this again, but for certain recent misrepresentations, which make it desirable to recall once and for all, to the public, the peculiar position occupied a few weeks ago by the *Tribune* in this matter.

It is well known to our readers that the TIMES has for many years urged with every species of argument and fact, in correspondence and editorial, a thorough reform in the sanitary administration of this City.

During the past Autumn a considerable body of our citizens, without distinction of party, many of whom had been laboring in the sanitary field, met and appointed committees to frame a new sanitary law, and to urge its passage through the Legislature. It happened that on these committees were gentlemen of all shades of political opinion—Radicals, Conservatives and Democrats. The bill finally adopted by the Committee is the present law, and it may be remarked here, was more indebted for its excellent provisions to the untiring energy and legal accumen of D. B. EATON, Esq., than to any other one person. The great peculiarities of the Board it proposed were, that it should be unpartisan, and, also, be united with the Police Board.

Hearing of the bill, we urged its passage, as our readers will remember, in incessant arguments and appeals, believing it, if not perfect, as at least as good an act as was ever presented to that Legislature bearing on this reform.

The Committee laid the bill before the editors of the *Tribune*, and they gave it their hearty support, being especially earnest in their advocacy of that feature which included the Police in the Board. All things seemed to promise well. There was a stringent law, and an unpartisan Board were presented to a Republican Legislature, where Democratic position could do nothing. It seemed, at last, as if New-York were to have a sanitary administration, and a Board *created for its own public objects*, not to subserve any party, or wing of a party.

At this time it seems to have suddenly occurred to the *Tribune* that here was a fine opportunity for a little patronage to a clique of its friends. It was true the subordinate positions in the gift of the new Board were only some fifteen or twenty, with small salaries; yet they might be useful in controlling the public opinion of certain wards, so no time was to be lost in vigorous efforts to make the Board partisan. The *Tribune* now began to find defects in the new act. It urged the appointment of the Mayors, *ex officio*, of New-York and Brooklyn—a proposition which, if carried out, would have brought political squabbles at once into the Commission. This idea, however, was soon dropped. Then it was necessary to have "a naturalized citizen" as one Commissioner; anything to break up its unpartisan form. Next, finding that this proposition did not meet with an enthusiastic reception, our cotemporary began a vigorous onslaught on associating the Police Commissioners in the Board, on the ground that they belonged to the opposite wing of the Republican Party, and that they interfered in primary elections.

This feature of the act we always held to be essential to its effectiveness, as the Commission, without it, would have no executive arm. The *Tribune* then urged that the Police should be represented *ex officio*, so as only to have one vote. We objected to this, that the Police would then be under the command of a separate Board, and that collisions and a want of coöperation might ensue.

The *Tribune* followed by quoting a provision of the proposed law, which (most reasonably) makes the executive officer and men of the Police employed on sanitary duty, responsible to the Police alone. To show how purely factious this criticism was, it is only enough to observe that this very provision was included afterwards in the Assembly bill, and excited no opposition from the *Tribune*, when it believed that a purely partisan Board was certain to be formed. If we are not mistaken, it is still a provision of the present law.

We especially recommended the nomination of the Commissioners mentioned in the act, and engaged on the Committees, because we knew of their service in the sanitary field that they were adapted in a certain degree to the place, and would subserve no party and selfish purposes of the *Tribune* or of any one else. Now anyway, as might be expected, for that very reason opposite views. When, at length, the power of appointment was conferred on the Governor, and our disinterested cotemporary felt sure of a partisan Commission, it had the frankness to admit that no better names could be presented than those mentioned in the bill.

What was the final structure of the Commission?

And how were the wishes of the *Tribune* carried out?

The whole Police Commission was included, as all now will admit, to the immense efficiency of the new Board. The Governor, influenced by the universal public opinion of this City and the openly expressed indignation of our citizens, appointed two of the gentlemen who had been on the Committees engaged in the formation of the bill which we advocated; gentlemen of such character and position that their freedom from partisanship could not be doubted. The other three members of the new Board, we may hope, will be equally devoted to the public good.

The new Board showed their appreciation of the unpartisan efforts to promote its formation by appointing as Counsel and Attorney two other members of the Committee whom the *Tribune* had most opposed, and a third as Registrar of Records.

That the Board has turned out as energetic, efficient and unpartisan as it is, is therefore in despite of the persistent and inconsistent efforts of the *Tribune* to make it a creation of a party or a clique.

A CRIME WITHOUT A PUNISHMENT.—We think it is time some of those individuals who commit murder accidentally by the careless use of firearms were taken hold of by the law and punished, either for the murder or the carelessness. Only last week a youth in Brooklyn, while carelessly handling firearms, accidentally killed his mother; and yesterday, an artist of this city was accidentally killed by one of his intimate friends, who flourished a pistol in a careless manner, and put a bullet through his victim's forehead. "Accidents" of this nature, brought about in this way, are of altogether too frequent occurrence. Probably they would not occur so often if they were dealt with less leniently than is the custom. Some people may think that the remorse of the youth for having killed his mother, and the remorse of the man who yesterday killed his friend, would be punishment enough for their deeds; but we do not understand that this is the principle upon which preventive laws are based. They proceed on the theory that other penalties are needed for men beside the punishments of conscience in this world, or the punishments of Divine justice in the next. One of the objects of legal punishment which we often hear descanted upon is its *exemplary* effect, or its influence upon other members of society beside the immediate sufferer; and we think that for such accidental outrages as those about which we are now writing, legal punishment, in this point of view, has a special value. We imagine, for instance, that a conviction for manslaughter, and an administration of the full penalty therefor prescribed, upon some one of the parties guilty of killing after the accidental fashion, would be a most exemplary lesson for that thoughtless part of the community who are apt to indulge in the practice of carelessly using firearms in the presence of others.

FROM DOVER TO CALAIS.—The Emperor of the French is doubtless one of the master spirits of the age. He has already nearly accomplished what Hannibal would have been thankful for, and what *Mon* Oncle would have hailed with delight, in his great tunnel through the Alps. But a larger scheme of his is it seems in embryo. This is no less than a submarine road from the French to the English shore. Such an undertaking has been conceived with, it is said, two objects—one the still further strengthening of the *entente cordiale* between *La Belle France* and *Perfide Albion*, already so strong, and the other the finding of work for a few thousands of the floating unemployed class of workmen, or *ouvriers*, in Paris and elsewhere. The idea is a grand one, and its realization a mere question of expense. Modern engineering is able to do anything in the way of roads and bridges, and this little matter of a tunnel twenty-five miles under water will be an easy matter, we suppose. A descending road or flight of steps to traverse, a railway car to enter, and, presto! a half hour's whizz through the bowels of the earth completes the trip. In this "patent age of new inventions," nobody will be astonished by the deep sea train but the fishes—they will open their round eyes wider than ever; and if there are any mermaids left they will fly to more peaceful solitudes where their syren melodies will not be mingled with the shrieks of iron monsters rushing beneath their scaly terminal appendages.

THE POLICE AND THE FERRIES.—A consideration arising out of the outrages upon ferry-boats committed by rowdies during the excursion season, seems worth notice. Why cannot police be detailed for permanent duty on each ferry-boat at all seasons of the year. A ferry-boat is, to all intents and purposes, in the same category as a street or road, and there is as good reason for guarding the one as the other. There is even more reason for a uniformed officer on the boat, for the impossibility of obtaining aid in cases of outrages creates the inclination for their perpetration. We chronicled some time since an instance where a set of thieves extinguished the cabin lights on a Williamsburgh boat, and deliberately robbed a large number of the passengers. Of course there was no remedy, for the passengers could not accuse each other. Had a police officer been on board, he would have been able to recognize and search the probably guilty parties; in fact, his presence would have prevented the crime. But if the prevention of rowdyism were alone accomplished, much gratitude would be felt by the public. Thousands of people are every year debarred pleasant trips to popular places of resort by the fear of witnessing a rough-and-tumble fight among a crowd—cursing, roaring, villainous crowd, or a savage onslaught upon themselves. Such occurrences are peculiar to New-York, and are disgraceful to it. Do let us have a ferry-boat squad.

THE PENSIONS OF DISABLED SOLDIERS.—Our remarks the other day on the case of the poverty-smitten and helpless soldier, "JOHN RABUS, from Gotha," who committed suicide because, as he alleged in a note written immediately previous to his last act, he could not get any response to his application for the small pension to which he considered himself entitled as a soldier disabled in the service, has called out a letter from the Commissioner of the Pension Office in Washington. Some of the statements of RABUS, made at the moment of his death, are controverted, and we are certainly not prepared to justify them or to prove their accuracy. We assumed their essential truthfulness; but even if the statement as to the precise character of his affliction, made in his application for a pension, and the statement made by the Examining Surgeon, and the statement made in his last note, were all inaccurate, the case would none the less have furnished ground for the remarks which it was used to incidentally illustrate. The Commissioner, however, makes the following remark concerning the application of JOHN RABUS: "The claim was not rejected. *It had been filed less than five months.*" Five months form but a brief space of time to a gentleman with five thousand a year and a good digestion; but we judge it to be quite otherwise to a broken-down soldier, penniless and helpless. We approve of a very careful examination of all claims against the Government; but the claim of a disabled soldier for his poor pension should be dealt with at least as promptly as the claim of a contractor for his half million dollars.

HARSH WRITING.—The *World* would not weaken its political arguments by a little more care as to its facts. In speaking of the veto of the Civil Rights Bill, the editor says:

"Mr. DOOLITTLE and Mr. RAYMOND voted for this Civil Rights Bill, as well as Mr. SUMNER and Mr. STEVENS."

The *World* is wrong; neither Mr. DOOLITTLE nor Mr. RAYMOND voted at all on the passage of the bill. Mr. RAYMOND was at that hour in the TIMES Office on business, and we believe Mr. DOOLITTLE was absent from Washington.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Although the doors of the Academy are temporarily closed to the public, there is no lack of industry within them. The forces are engaged from morning till night in the rehearsal of MEYERBEER'S greatest work, "Les Huguenots," which will be produced on Monday with a *cast* better in almost every leading respect than we have yet had in this City. Mr. MARETZEK announces, too, that the orchestra and chorus will be increased, and that the scenery, costumes, properties and appointments are new. The revival of this fine work will be hailed with pleasure by the public. It says something for the management that it can, in a single season, put on the stage four of MEYERBEER'S works in a satisfactory manner "Robert le Diable," "L'Africaine," "L'Etoile du Nord" and "Les Huguenots" are the works referred to.

On Saturday there will be a grand "Faust" *matinée*, when we may safely anticipate an overflowing Spring demonstration, and a most distracting display of bonnets. In the evening there will also be a performance, when, in response to urgent demands, the prices of admission will be reduced to the former popular standard, namely a dollar, and fifty cents extra for a reserved seat.

The preparations for the grand ball go on quietly, and we presume to the satisfaction of all concerned. The affair seems to be in the hands of the Committee, and there is barely a thought about it in outside circles. The fashionable world, however, is moved to its centre; so at least we are informed by one whose infirmity for bouquets and light-colored kids is known and respected.

CONCERT.—Mr. HARRY SANDERSON, whose health has been in a bad way for some time past, intends shortly to try the radical change of a tour in Europe. Previous to his departure, it is proposed to give him a grand testimonial concert. The affair is in the hands of a large number of influential friends, and the entertainment will take place at Irving Hall on Saturday evening next. We need hardly say that we wish it good speed. Mr. SANDERSON is, as the French would say, a child of New-York. He has, by inspirations of his own, attained a position which is both impregnable and unique. Every great pianist who has visited New-York has had to express the utmost surprise at his capacity. When it is remembered that this capacity—the playing of octaves—is agreeable as well as surprising, the secret of Mr. SANDERSON'S success will be understood. His overture to "Semiramide," and his fantasia on ["Rigoletto" are really marvelous as illustrations of startling execution, and vivid reflection of orchestral effect. As a composer of light music, Mr. SANDERSON is without a superior. His ideas are always clear, trenchant and uncommon. Thus, in many ways, he has claims upon the public, and we trust that they will be duly considered, so that Saturday's testimonial may, indeed, be worthy of a gifted and amiable, but ailing, young artist.

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THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Oregon United State Convention—An Earthquake in Montana—More Trouble from Indians—Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Tuesday, March 27.

The delegates to the Oregon Union State Convention from Portland have been instructed to urge the nomination of WM. SOULSBY for Congress.

Great excitement has been created at Victoria by the report of the discovery of a ledge of well-defined gold-bearing rock of great richness, fifty feet in width, within fifteen miles of the town.

A sharp shock of an earthquake was recently experienced at Helena, Montana.

A regiment of mounted volunteers are going to the rescue of the citizens at Fort Benton, who are threatened by savages.

Mining Stocks are weak: Ophir, $760; Alpha, $430; Imperial, $126; Savage, $1,060; Bullion, $115; Yellow Jacket, $805; Hale and Norcross; $950; Belcher, $305; Choller Potosi, $416; Empire Mill, $215. Legal-tenders, 80½.

Arrived, ship *Carlisle*, BROWN, from Liverpool.

WISCONSIN.

The Supreme Court on Negro Suffrage.

MADISON, Wis., Tuesday, March 28.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin to-day decided that the vote of 1849 giving the negroes of this State the right of suffrage, is constitutional, and they have the right to vote.

Obituary.

SOLOMON FOOZ, of VERMONT.

The death of this distinguished and honored United States Senator and citizen of Vermont involves the loss, by that State and the country at large, of one of the noblest men to whom the terms patriot and statesman have ever been applied. His record as a lawyer, a college professor, a legislator of Vermont, and a Representative and Senator of the United States, is one long history of consistent, clear-headed, and loyal fidelity to his principles and ability in their exposition. Those with whom he differed on political questions always spoke of him with respect, and his death will affect them as that of a venerated personal friend. SOLOMON FOOZ was born in 1802, at Cornwall, Addison County, Vt.; graduated at Middlebury College in 1826; became Principal of Castleton Seminary in 1826; was a tutor in the University of Vermont in 1827; and from 1828 to 1831 was Professor of Natural Philosophy in the Vermont Academy of Medicine in Castleton. His mental predilections, always toward the legal profession, directed him toward the bar, which he entered in 1831, and, settling at Rutland, which city had ever since been his home, he at once commenced practice, and was at once successful. The appreciation of his fellow-citizens did not long allow him to remain in his chosen sphere of action, for in 1833, 1836, 1837, 1838, and again in 1847 he was sent to the Legislature as Representative from Rutland, and his popularity in that assemblage afterward, in 1837, raised him to the Speaker's chair, which he occupied during his last three terms of service. After this a wider sphere of duty demanded his presence, and he entered Congress in 1842, being reélected in 1844. Returning to Rutland in 1846, after having declined reelection, he resumed his legal practice, but was suffered to retain it for only four years, being elected United States Senator in 1850. He held this position ever after. His present term of office would have expired in 1869. His Congressional life was active and highly serviceable. He was an able and conscientious member of several important committees, and during a part of the Thirty-sixth and the whole of the Thirty-seventh Congress, President *pro tem.* of that body.

Mr. FOOZ was one of the not numerous class who combine talent in matters of business with considerable oratorical and debating power. The probity and openness of his character made him especially valuable both as to executive affairs and the weight of his opinion. His courtesy of manner was very attractive, and never failed him. There are few remaining of his associates whose place in society or in political scenes can be less easily filled, and it will be long before the tones of his voice are forgotten, or when the influence of his presence will have ceased to be felt.

A New Fortnightly Magazine.

We understand that the American News Company will soon issue, as agents for the proprietor—a gentleman of means and reputation—the first number of a new fortnightly magazine, to be called the *Galaxy*. The design is to furnish, in a cheap and elegant form, the best serial stories now appearing in England by the most famous novelists, and to accompany these with shorter stories, light essays and poetry, which will be wholly, or in great part, originally contributed to the *Galaxy*. Another feature of the new magazine will be its illustrations, which will be full page, and printed on toned paper, after the style now so prevalent and popular in England. The design for the cover of the *Galaxy* we have seen, and it impresses us as exceedingly original and striking in its effects. It was said at the time of its first appearance that *London Society* was "a success on its cover." It may not be hazardous to predict something of the kind for the *Galaxy*.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH.

Reading the Proposed Code—Protest of the Ragmen—Miscellaneous.

The Metropolitan Board of Health held a special session yesterday afternoon, and listened to the reading, by Counselor EATON, of a code of laws which he had framed under the orders of the Board. The new code, which may be considerably modified, covers all those corporation ordinances in the remotest degree touching the public health which have hitherto been a dead letter, as well as all other laws concerning anything that may be considered perilous to either life and health; and it furthermore deals with subjects which the public will hardly suspect of having any connection with health matters. It proposes to reach unlicensed liquor-dealers, and thus shame the Board of EXCISE out of existence; to make it the right and duty of any citizen, who witnesses the sale of liquors to a man already inebriated, to cause the arrest of the vender and of his victim; to require every boarding-house keeper, or keeper of any lodging-house, to report to the Board of Health upon various matters; to prohibit the driving of animals for slaughter through the public streets, except at night; to render liable to fine any person who may vend any poisonous substance, except under stringent regulations; to require gatherers of garbage to take out license, &c., &c. The code, as written, has one hundred and sixty-four sections, and its scope may be inferred from the motion of Commissioner ACKERLY, at the close of the reading, that section 165 be added, as follows: "And be it further enacted, that the Common Council of the City of New-York be hereby abolished." The Board ordered the printing of proof-sheets of the new code, and will distribute copies among the manufacturers and tradesmen who are to be affected, with a view to securing their advice before finally passing upon it.

THE PROTEST OF THE RAGMEN.

Secretary CLARK read a letter from Mr. THOMAS JACKSON, of No. 640 Pearl-street, saying that inasmuch as President SCHULTZ, at the conference of the Board's Committee with the ragmen, had invited persons engaged in the business to submit written statements of their convictions concerning conducting the business in this City, he would therefore say: "We believe that a great prejudice exists against the rag business, and we are not aware that there may be some reason for this, when we look at the manner in which it is carried on by one class of dealers in some of the low districts of the City. We think that one part of the business ought to be removed, and we believe that there is not a rag-dealer in the City who would not like to see it abolished as a nuisance; but to remove all for the sake of a part, we think would be a great wrong. There is a vast amount of money invested in the business in this City. Probably three-fourths of all the rags used in this country are sold in New-York. There is not a paper house in this City that does not deal in rags to some extent; yet there are no cleaner stores in the City, and the smell from the wholesale stores is far less offensive than that from business considered more respectable. The business may be summed up as follows: 1. Foreign rag-dealers; 2. Wholesale domestic rag-dealers; 3. Retail domestic rag-dealers; 4. Street rag-pickers and thieves. The first class are almost separate and distinct from the rest, Messrs. SARGENT & HUNT being the largest firm. The second class buy rags from all who offer, and some have travellers in the country buying stock for them. The third class are those who go about with carts and pick up all they can find, besides buying from the people. The majority of them then take the rags into cellars from six to sixteen feet below the surface of the earth, or into tenement-houses, and there assort them previous to selling to the wholesale dealer. The fourth class go about the City with a hook and bag, rooting into the ash-barrels and gutters for what they can find. They also frequent the piers and steal all they can lay hands on. From the foregoing premises we may draw the following conclusions, which we respectfully submit to your Board: 1. That the picking of street rags, or anything of the sort, is a nuisance, and ought to be made a penal offence. 2. That to have a rag-store below the level of the ground or within a tenement, is offensive, and ought to be made a penal offence. 3. It ought to be made an offence to buy street-rags at all. This, we think, would strike at the root of the offensiveness of the business, and would bring about the results contemplated by your Board."

MISCELLANEOUS COMMUNICATIONS.

Secretary CLARK read the following:

Jackson S. Schultz, Esq., President of the Metropolitan Board of Health:

SIR: In accordance with your request that we would allow you the privilege of dumping on our dump-boards the cleaning of cellar accumulations, &c., we hereby accord you that privilege until the 10th day of May next. But we cannot allow the refuse of any repairs or business, or the accumulations of buildings raised or material to be included in this permit. Also, that any of these materials mixed with the rubbish we shall charge $2 each per load, or reject it altogether. Respectfully,

DYER, KNAPP & CO.

Mayor HOFFMAN sent in to the Board the following letter, which had been inclosed to him by the State Department:

U. S. CONSULATE, CANEA, Feb. 13, 1866.

Hon. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State:

SIR: Being anxious that my late experiences in connection with the cholera should in some way result in advantage to our country, I beg permission to state an incident of the epidemic which took place in our lazaretto of Suda. In one case an arrival of passengers from Alexandria, having passed a quarantine of eleven days, were about being permitted to "pratique," when, on the last day of the detention, four cases of cholera, in a bad type, were manifested, although the medical officer had not been able to discover any symptoms of the malady previously, and the lazaretto is one of the best and healthiest in the Levant. This would seem to indicate that not less than fourteen days are sufficient to secure the isolation of the disease. But as the quarantine regulations, as now carried out, are very onerous and distressing in many cases, I beg permission to suggest a measure to the Government for the alleviation of the inconvenience, which would, while in no degree diminishing security, greatly diminish the inconvenience now experienced. It is to allow vessels to depart from the port of origin, after the report of a health officer, sworn by and responsible to our authorities, and chosen by or with the approval of our Consul at the port of departure. If cholera had manifested itself in the vessel during her voyage, the time occupied in the voyage should be counted as part of the quarantine—a measure which cannot be adopted where the officers and all on board the vessel are suspected in concealing disease which may have occurred. In case the Government should think the above suggestion worth consideration, the proposal of it to the International Sanitary Commission of Constantinople, as representative might secure its universal adoption, and save much annoyance on the long lines of travel.

I remain, Sir, most obediently, your humble servant,

W. J. STILLMAN, U. S. Consul.

A petition from the citizens of Yonkers, asking the appointment of Dr. JAMES H. POOLEY as Sanitary Inspector of that town, was received and referred, and the Board adjourned to 4 o'clock on Friday afternoon.

SAD AFFAIR UP-TOWN.

Mr. William B. Oddie, an Artist, Shot Dead by a Friend—The Latter Surrenders Himself to the Police.

A distressing affair occurred yesterday morning in the bar-room of the Carlton House, on the corner of Fourteenth-street and Fourth-avenue, when Mr. WILLIAM B. ODDIE, an artist, was shot dead by a friend who was carelessly handling a pistol. It appears that about 10 o'clock Mr. ODDIE was sitting at a table in the hotel reading a newspaper when an intimate friend of his, Mr. JOHN LA DEW, came in, being slightly under the influence of liquor at the time. Greeting those of his acquaintances present, Mr. LA DEW engaged a boot-black to clean his boots. While the boy was thus employed, LA DEW drew a small Derringer pistol and brandished it in a very careless manner, saying something about putting a bullet through Mr. ODDIE's hat. As he playfully aimed the weapon at his friend it exploded, and the ball took effect in Mr. ODDIE's head, just above the hat-band, killing him almost instantly. The bullet penetrated to the brain, and lodged at the back of the right eye. The unfortunate gentleman, on receiving the ball, slipped from his chair and expired without a groan. LA DEW seemed horror-stricken at the terrible reality of the catastrophe, and exclaimed, "He is dead." For a few moments great excitement prevailed in the premises, and quite a crowd was attracted to the spot by the report of the pistol.

Acting on the advice of his friends, Mr. LA DEW proceeded to the Central Office of the Police Department, accompanied by Mr. HENRY W. GENET, Ex-County Clerk, and surrendered himself to General-Superintendent JOHN A. KENNEDY. That official, after hearing the particulars of the case, gave him in charge of Detective ELDER, to await the result of the forthcoming investigation by Coroner GAMBLE.

Officer COSTA, of the Fifteenth Precinct, assumed control of the premises where the tragedy occurred, and soon after Sergt. MILLER, of the same Precinct, arrived, who directed that the body of the deceased be removed to the Station-house in Mercer-street. Those present at the time of the occurrence were required to register their names and addresses at the Station-house. Yesterday afternoon LA DEW was handed over to the custody of Capt. CAFFREY, of the Fifteenth Precinct.

Coroner GAMBLE, being notified, proceeded to the Station-house, accompanied by his deputy, Dr. SHAW, but after impanneling a jury he adjourned the inquest until 2 o'clock this afternoon, and directed that the prisoner be remanded to the custody of Detective ELDER.

The deceased was about 45 years of age, and was, in former years, well known in art circles as a landscape painter. He was married, he married, his first wife being a daughter of the late MENDERT VAN SCHAICK. His studio was in Twelfth-street, near University-place, where he resided.

Mr. LA DEW is understood to be a gentleman of wealth. He is about 30 years of age, and a native of this City. He had been for some years on most intimate terms with deceased, and he is overwhelmed at the tragic result of his reckless conduct. A large circle of the friends of both parties have been thrown into a state of profound grief by the occurrence.

The Rag Dealers, Paper Dealers and Shoddy Manufacturers in Council.

A meeting of the rag dealers, paper dealers and shoddy manufacturers of this City, was held in Military Hall, No. 193 Bowery, last evening, Mr. PETER MCKNIGHT in the chair, and Mr. THOMAS SMITH, Secretary.

Mr. MCKNIGHT said that the object of the meeting was to form an association, or devise some plan of action, by which, as a body, they might conduct their business in a manner conformable to the suggestions and requirements of the Board of Health. As law-abiding citizens he was sure they were willing to do all in their power to subserve the public interests, at the same time they endeavored to protect themselves against what might take the shape of encroachment upon their rights as men pursuing a lawful and regularly-conducted business. At present the Health Commissioners appeared inclined to be severe, and to promise some very sweeping changes in the mode of conducting the trade, but he was sure they would not willingly do anything unlawful if they of the trade would act as far as practicable in conformity with what, being for the common weal, must redound to their special benefit.

Mr. D. W. MCDEVITT moved that a committee of ten be appointed to confer with the Board of Health Commissioners, and to devise some plan for carrying on the business in as inoffensive a manner as possible, and subject to the suggestions and requirements of the Health Commissioners, and to look after the interests of the business while the subject was pending before the Board.

The motion was seconded and unanimously adopted.

The following-named gentlemen were appointed the Special Committee: Messrs. Daniel Sweeny, Thomas Smith, Geo. Harley, D. W. McDevitt, J. H. Spinning, Jacob Worth, Jacob Foss, P. Weldon, John Kelley, P. E. Johnson.

Mr. MCKNIGHT, chairman of the meeting, was added to the Committee.

A gentleman in the meeting asked if that body could act in a compulsory manner.

The Chairman said he thought not. The Chairman of the Board of Health had intimated to him that they would investigate one or two cases, and on the merits of their investigation would decide whether the business was carried on in a legitimate manner. If a case was brought up and there seemed to be undue severity exercised by the Board, he supposed an injunction could be sued out preventing the Commissioners interfering any further until the Court might decide in the case.

Another gentleman observed that Col. BLISS, Attorney to the Board of Health, had informed him that there was no appeal from the Board short of the Legislature.

The Chairman remarked in reply, that if they were driven to an extremity, it might become necessary for them to vindicate their rights by testing the constitutionality of any overt action of the Board in their case.

A German suggested that if the rag-dealers would fumigate their places and thereby expel the obnoxious gases from rags which were dangerous to the public health, and the Board understood that such a practice had been generally adopted, he did not think the Commissioners would feel justified in taking any steps which contemplated their removal from the City, or other annoying interference with their business.

The meeting, which was largely attended and very orderly, then adjourned to meet again at the call of the Chairman.

The Bond Robbery in Exchange-place.

Although no intimation of the United States Marshal being engaged in the pursuit of the thief or thieves who were interested in the robbery of one million and a half of bonds from the safe of Mr. R. G. LORD, in Exchange-place, a week or two ago, had been made at his (the Marshal's) office on Tuesday, yet it became known that United States detectives were engaged in looking for the robbers, and that "several rumors prevailed yesterday, (Tuesday,) one of which was that the thief and bonds had been returned to this City." As our reporter was informed by Mr. MURRAY yesterday that the only persons in the City who knew anything of the case were his private secretary and himself, it is evident that no rumors whatever existed in reference to the case; and beyond this, Mr. MURRAY stated his fears that the publication of the paragraph referred to would defeat the ends of justice, as they had had a man arrested in Boston for about a week on a charge of counterfeiting, and the premature publication of anything in reference to the matter would probably be injurious to the case. Be this as it may, it now appears that Capt. YOUNG, of the Metropolitan Detective Police, has had the case in hand, ever since the day of the robbery; and that he, in connection with detectives of the Boston force, was succeeding admirably in the prospect of bringing about a restoration of the property, when the U. S. Marshal's detectives undertook to follow them and interfere with the case, even at the risk of making a random arrest. Why the officers of justice have not acted in concert in this case is a question which very naturally suggests itself to the public, but what would concern them more, and would greatly them most, would be the news that the one set of officers had captured the thieves, and the other the bonds.

The Christian Union Association and Dr. Armitage.

The following testimony in relation to the conduct of Rev. HENRY KIMBALL, Secretary of the Christian Union Association, relative to the misunderstanding which occurred at the meeting held in Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE's Church last Sunday afternoon, is submitted to the public:

NEW-YORK, March 28, 1866.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

To sum up the whole matter, between myself and Dr. ARMITAGE, I will say that I called on Dr. ARMITAGE to get his church for a meeting of the Christian Union Association, and after several interviews the church was granted with the understanding that Dr. VERMILYE was to speak on "Baptist Explanations," and I so gave notice in the papers, and that Dr. KREMS also was to speak. All of which I reported to Dr. ARMITAGE. HENRY KIMBALL.

NEW-YORK, March 28, 1866.

In view of the above statement I exonerated Mr. KIMBALL from all blame in the matter. I believe that Dr. VERMILYE had so accepted, and gave public notice of his acceptance in good faith accordingly.

THOMAS ARMITAGE.

Rev. Mr. KIMBALL, Corresponding Secretary of the Christian Union Association, having fully explained to me the circumstances under which the speakers announced for the service in the Fifth-avenue Baptist Church, on Sunday last, failed to appear, I take pleasure in saying that his statement in my judgment relieves him of the responsibility for their non-appearance. E. P. ROGERS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, March 28, 1866.

New-York College of Dentistry.

A large meeting of the members of the dental profession was held last evening at the house of Dr. GEORGE E. HAWES, No. 21 Bond-street, to take some action in regard to the establishment of a Dental College in this City.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. KINGSLEY, and, on motion, Rev. ROSSER R. BOOTH, President of the Board of Corporators of the Dental College, was called to the chair.

Mr. BOOTH said that a charter for the College had been granted one year ago, and a Board of Corporators named, comprising the following gentlemen: Eleazar Parmley, Rev. Robert B. Booth, Dr. Wm. H. Allen, Dr. C. E. Francis, Dr. G. A. Mills, Dr. E. G. Ray, Dr. W. B. Roberts, Dr. Alexander N. Gunn, Dr. John Allen and M. McN. Walsh. The meeting had been called this evening for the purpose of hearing the views of the profession on the subject.

A long discussion followed, in which the following gentlemen participated: Dr. Wm. Dwinell, Dr. E. J. Dunning, Dr. J. E. Foster, B. Lord, Dr. N. W. Kingsley, Dr. S. A. Main, Dr. George E. Hawes, Dr. J. S. Dodge, Dr. J. S. Dodge, Jr.; F. D. Weisse, M. D.; Prof. R. K. Brown, M. D.; Dr. F. H. Clark and C. A. Marvin.

Finally the following preamble and resolution were adopted:

Whereas, An act of incorporation has been granted by the Legislature of the State of New-York, conferring authority to establish a Dental College in the City of New-York. Therefore,

Resolved, That we will heartily sympathize with said corporators in their efforts, so far as they tend to the establishment of a school which shall meet the peculiar and special requirements of our profession.

The meeting then adjourned after passing a vote of thanks to Dr. HAWES for his hospitality.

During the evening, a Committee was appointed to arrange with Dr. ELEAZAR PARMLY for the delivery by him at an early day of an address on the history of dentistry. It was understood that Dr. PARMLY expressed himself willing to deliver such an address.

Large Fire in Broadway—Aggregate Loss Nearly $60,000.

At 8:15 o'clock last evening a fire was discovered on the second floor of the building, No. 816 Broadway, occupied by Dr. J. E. VAN EISENBERG, the celebrated oculist and aurist. The firemen were prompt in responding to the alarm, but they were too late to save the best part of the second and third stories, two rooms on each floor being completely destroyed. Those in the third story were parlors, and were fitted up in the most sumptuous style, the carpets costing $3,000 when laid down. All of the furniture, mirrors and carpets in the splendid suite of reception rooms used by Dr. EISENBERG were damaged beyond repair. The aggregate loss on furniture is estimated at $50,000, while heavy loss is covered by insurance in the following companies: Morris, Lenox and Tradesmen's, $5,000 each; Baltic, Pacific, Astor, Atlantic, Stuyvesant, North American and Merchants, $10,500 each. The damage to the building, the property of Mr. THOMAS T. STURGIS, is estimated at $10,000, and is fully covered by insurance.

The flames were first discovered by Dr. EISENBERG, who informed our reporter that while going up stairs to his dinner, he noticed smoke issuing from beneath the surface of the rear stairs, but supposing that it came from the furnace he thought no more of the circumstance. Soon after, the smoke became so dense that he became alarmed, and on running up stairs to his daughter's room, he found it on fire. It is supposed that the flames were generated from the hot air register becoming overheated.

The Failure of Culver, Penn & Co.

As announced yesterday in the TIMES, the banking firm of CULVER, PENN & CO. have suspended payment. Yesterday the firm made an assignment of all their property to Messrs. HOWARD & BROUGH, and an impression appears to prevail that the creditors will receive the full amount of their claims, which are larger than at first supposed.

The failure is attributed to the recent depression in the oil trade, and the diminished marketable value of oil lands, together with the fact that the assets of the firm have been for some time locked up in the Pit hole and Reno Railroad, which road was constructed at the cost of the firm, but which absorbed a much larger sum of money than the estimates provided for. The failure was precipitated by a run upon the firm during the last few days.

The suspension of the firm involves, it is said, those of four small banks in the western part of Pennsylvania. The connection of the firm with the Third National Bank of this City ceased some time ago.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Gen. G. W. Schofield, U. S. A.; Hon. C. Godfrey, Philadelphia; Hon. G. A. Anderson, Washington City; Gen. G. C. Spencer, U. S. A.; Col. S. C. Plummer, U. S. A.; and Hon. G. Starr, New-Jersey, are at the Metropolitan Hotel. Gen. Custer, U. S. A.; Col. Perkin and lady, Canada; and Hon. A. Ely, Rochester, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—The management of this line, in connection with the Erie, have established two independent through trains to Cincinnati, leaving New-York daily at 7 A. M. and 6 P. M. Sleeping cars on the night express through to Cincinnati, making it the most desirable and pleasant route out of New-York to the West and Southwest.

"THE TRUE WOMAN."—Rev. Dr. TEASDALE, of Mississippi, will lecture on this subject at Cooper Institute, this evening. The proceeds of the lecture will be devoted to the relief of the suffering orphans in the State of Mississippi.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

SUICIDE BY SHOOTING.—A young man named JOSEPH C. SMITH committed suicide at No. 194 Fulton-street, on Tuesday, by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. It appears that some three months since he returned from the war, and having saved a few hundred dollars, desired to invest it in some business. His attention was attracted to an advertisement in a morning paper, in which an offer was made to take a man into partnership on the payment of $500. He called at the place designated, No. 599 Broadway, where he met the advertiser, named M. VAN DUZEN, who agreed to take him into partnership on payment of the sum above stated, but as SMITH had only $400, VAN DUZEN considered it best to take that amount. SMITH subsequently ascertained that he had been swindled, and meeting VAN DUZEN the matter was compromised by the payment to SMITH of $100. The deceased afterward bought a pistol with the avowed intention of shooting VAN DUZEN, but as he could not find him came home to Brooklyn, and entering Mowatt's picture-frame store (where his father is employed) in a despondent state of mind, shot himself. He was alone at the time he committed the deed. When discovered his lifeless body was found lying on the floor, the bullet having entered his mouth and lodged in the brain. Coroner LYNCH summoned a jury, who, after hearing the evidence, rendered the following verdict: "That deceased came to his death by his own hand, while laboring under temporary aberration of the mind, such mental aberration having been occasioned, as the Jury believe, by having been swindled by one M. VAN DUZEN, of No. 599 Broadway."

HACKETT IN BROOKLYN.—Brooklyn folk will be glad to know that Messrs. STEWART and TAYLEURE, encouraged by the liberal patronage which has marked their late efforts to present first-class plays and good players at the Brooklyn Academy, have determined to meet the public demand in this respect by engaging Mr. JAMES H. HACKETT for three nights next week. On Monday Henry IV. will be presented; on Wednesday the "Merry Wives of Windsor," and on Thursday "Rip Van Winkle" and "Mons. Mallet." The sale of reserved seats for the three performances begins this morning and will be continued daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

THE BROOKLYN COMMON COUNCIL AND THE SOLDIERS.—The Common Council was to have met last evening in Committee of the Whole for the purpose of taking measures to provide the soldiers who served in Brooklyn regiments during the war with appropriate medals, and also to prepare a grand entertainment. The estimated cost is about $50,000. As but few members of the Committee were present, no quorum could be obtained, and, consequently, no business was transacted.

ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED.—A boy fifteen years of age, named JOHN REYMAN, residing at No. 461 Columbia-street, was accidentally drowned on Tuesday, by falling into the Atlantic Dock Basin, while engaged in picking up wood. The body was recovered and taken to his parents' residence where an inquest was held by Coroner LYNCH. The verdict of the jury was in accordance with the facts.

TOWN ELECTIONS IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—On Tuesday, town elections were held in Westchester County. In Morrisania, WILLIAM CAULDWELL, Democrat, was elected Supervisor for the tenth consecutive term, receiving 576 majority. In the town of West Farms, SAMUEL M. PURDY, Democrat, was reëlected Supervisor and in Yonkers, ISAAC E. KNOX was returned. In Eastchester, eight of the Democrats have elected 16 of the 24 members of the new Board of Supervisors for Westchester County.

Demand is the test of popularity, and never in this country has there been a fifth part of the demand for any toilet article that there now is for Phalon's "Night-blooming Cereus." The sales for the current year show an increase of one hundred per cent, over those of the same months in 1864.—*Belfast Age.*

Valuable and Convenient.—"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and other troubles of the Throat and Lungs. They are of great value for the purposes for which they are designed, while they are usually and pleasantly efficacious, they contain no hurtful ingredients, but may at all times be used with perfect safety.—*Boston Recorder.*

Burnett's Florimel Closely Resembles the odor of a rare and delicate bouquet of flowers, and in this respect it stands unrivaled. A few drops will leave its peculiar and delightful fragrance upon the handkerchief for many hours.

BURNETT'S COLOGNE is equal to the best imported. It is put up in a neat and elegant style, and wins for itself a favorite place on the dressing-table. Its intrinsic merits really justify the high reputation in which it is held.—*Providence Journal.*

For sale by all druggists.

Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits."—This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children. Be sure to obtain the Vermifuge Comfit, which has been used with good success. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Stoddard's Cholera Specific.

A sure preventive and cure for CHOLERA, CHOLERA MORBUS, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, SUMMER COMPLAINTS, PAINS in the STOMACH and BOWELS, &c.

STODDARD & BURTON, Proprietors,
Troy, N. Y.

Sold by all druggists.

Marvin's Patent Door Locks

FOR HOUSES AND STORES.

THEY CANNOT BE PICKED.
THEY HAVE NO SPRINGS.
KEY WEIGHS ONLY ONE-QUARTER OF AN OUNCE.
MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway, New-York.
721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
Also, MARVIN'S Patent Fire and Burglar Safes.

Marshall's Uterine Catholicon
Will positively cure "Female Weakness" and all "Uterine Complaints" of women.
PRICE $1 50 PER BOTTLE. *Sold everywhere.*

The Graefenberg Vegetable Pills.
The best Pill in the world. Does not gripe, nor leave the bowels costive. PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
Sold everywhere, and by the GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, NO. 139 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

President's Veto
DOES NOT PREVENT BROOKS from selling his BOOTS AND SHOES at REDUCED PRICES. The LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY for LADIES, GENTS and CHILDREN—CHEAP. Opposite METROPOLITAN HOTEL. E. A. BROOKS, Agent.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Brown's Standard Scales.
Manufacture all kinds, and warrant every scale.
Warehouse No. 3 Barclay-st. opposite Astor House.

A Novel and beautiful present for gentlemen's toilet. The Patent Hard Rubber Neck Tie and Butterfly, now being made. These are the finest and most neat, convenient and durable, and adjusted at once without pinning, always retain their original shape and lustre, and in style and appearance surpass any other description of tie now worn. Manufactured by the Vulcanite Cravat Company, No. 183 Broadway, New-York, and sold by dealers generally.

Finest Ready-made Clothing in America. Gents', Youths', Boys' and Children's, all quite equal to custom work. Just received, 10 cases latest styles French, English and Scottish goods, for the Custom Department. BROKAW BROS.,
No. 63 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

3,500 Bricks per Hour with only two-horse power are made by the NATIONAL, which is a clay-tempering machine, and the bricks made by it WILL STAND THE TEST OF ALL WEATHER IN ALL CLIMATES.
A. REQUA, Gen'l Agent, No. 130 Broadway, N. Y.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamental, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes. MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway, and 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

A Lady who has Suffered for over Five months the most extreme torture from Neuralgia, has been completely cured by one dose ("forty drops") of METCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. Sold by all druggists.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

Not a House in New-York, Unprotected with the Burglar Alarm Telegraph, has any fastenings ever known to resist the attack of a burglar.
E. HOLMES, No. 198 Broadway.

Dame's Pulmo-Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, &c. DAME & CO., No. 438 4th-av., or C. FOX, 81 Barclay-st.

Dr. Harrison's Peristaltic Lozenges are warranted a positive cure for costiveness, piles and dyspepsia. Sold by Hegeman & Co., and Caswell & Mack.

The Florence Gold Medal Lock-stitch Sewing Machine, with reversible feed.
NO. 505 BROADWAY, New-York.

Fuel.—30 acres of peat bed, 25 miles from New-York by water. Apply to
A. REQUA, No. 130 Broadway.

Cheap Soap—Pyle's "O. K."—good for the Laundry, Bath or Toilet—becomes very hard, and unliable to waste. Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing-machine and button-hole machine, 625 Broadway.

Howe Sewing-Machine Company—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President, 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Mauger's Cloth Shipping Tags, mostre- liable made; at Victor C. Mauger's, 110 Reade-st., N. Y.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, Hair Dye and Dyeing at SATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond-st.

MARRIED.

HERBERT—LYNCH.—On Tuesday, March 27, in the First Congregational Church, Wilkesbarre, Penn., by Rev. S. B. Dod, W. R. HERBERT, formerly of Carbondale, and Miss EMMA J. LYNCH, of Wilkesbarre, Penn.

SPRAGUE—DANIELSON.—On Tuesday, March 27, at West Killingly, Conn., by Rev. W. W. Davenport, Dr. H. M. SPRAGUE, of West Farms, N. Y., and Miss SARAH G. DANIELSON, of the former place. No cards.

DIED.

BOYD.—On Tuesday, March 27, LOUISE, daughter of Peter J. and Elizabeth Boyd, in the 9th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, the 29th inst., at 2 A. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 61 Bond-st. The remains will be taken to White Plains for interment in the 11 A. M. train from 28th-st.

DIPECKER.—On Wednesday, March 28, MAY, wife of A. Dispecker, and daughter of William and Elizabeth Martin.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MCILVAINE.—At the Ashland House, on Wednesday, March 28, J. L. MCILVAINE, aged 29 years, 2 months and 16 days.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

ODDIE.—Suddenly, on Wednesday morning, March 28, WILLIAM B. ODDIE, in the 51st year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

RAYMOND.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 28, at the residence of his brother-in-law, S. R. Ambler, of quick consumption, ROBERT R., only son of Samuel G. and Sarah M. Raymond, aged 16 years, 2 months and 23 days.

The remains will be taken to Danbury, Conn., for interment.

SQUIER.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 27, HARRY L., youngest son of Lucien B. and Ellen M. Squier, aged 3 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 34 St. Felix-st., on Friday, the 30th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

SNEDDEN.—On Tuesday morning, March 27, suddenly, JEANETT, wife of Geo. Snedden, aged 54 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 224 Spring-st., at 1 o'clock on Thursday, March 29.

STIRES.—On Tuesday, March 27, Miss ABIGAIL B. STIRES, aged 45 years.

Funeral this day, (Thursday,) 29th inst., at the Home Chapel, No. 29 East 20th-st., at 2 o'clock.

VALENTINE.—On Wednesday morning, March 28, of paralysis, JOHN VALENTINE, of Fordham, Westchester County, N. Y., in the 73d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, on Friday, 30th inst., at 3:30 o'clock P. M. Services at the Dutch Reformed Church. Carriages will be in waiting at the Fordham Depot on arrival of the 2:20 o'clock train from Harlem Railroad Depot, corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av., or the 3d-av. and Fordham horse cars, which leave the Astor House at 1 o'clock P. M.

WHITESIDE.—On Tuesday, March 27, JOHN WHITESIDE, in the 61st year of his age.

The friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, Union-av., corner of F-st., Greenpoint.

WEEKS.—On Wednesday, March 28, after a lingering illness, LAURA, daughter of Charles S. and Elizabeth Weeks, in the 19th year of her age.

Funeral services on Friday morning at 9 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 139 East Broadway. Her remains will be taken to Rye, N. Y., for interment.

WARNER.—Suddenly, on Monday, JOHN SUMNER FIELD, eldest son of Joseph and Sarah Warner, aged 33 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday, March 29, at 2 P. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 9 Clinton-place, near Fifth-av. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

The members of Lebanon Lodge No. 191, F. & A. M., are requested to attend the funeral of our late worthy brother, JOHN S. WARNER, from St. Mark's Church, as above, By order of EDWD. O. JENKINS, W. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE,
AT REDUCED PRICES,
Of the latest styles, consisting of
PARLOR, DINING, BEDDING and OFFICE SUITES, in rosewood, walnut and maple, retailing at manufacturers' prices, at
J. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 EAST HOUSTON-ST.,
Between the Bowery and 2d-av.
All goods warranted.

SEVENTH WARD PROPERTY FOR SALE.
THE MANSION HOUSE, NO. 19 BUTGERS-PLACE, with 5 lots of ground, late the residence of William B. Crosby, deceased. For terms apply to
MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS,

NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,

ALL ISSUES OF

UNITED STATES STOCKS,

INCLUDING

6 PER CENT. BONDS OF 1881.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1862.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1864.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1865.
6 PER CENT. 10-40 BONDS.
7 3-10 PER CENT. TREASURY NOTES, 1ST, 2D AND 3D SERIES.
6 PER CENT. CURRENCY CERTIFICATES.

ORDERS from BANKS and BANKERS, for the PURCHASE and SALE of Government Stocks executed ON FAVORABLE TERMS and with DISPATCH. Also for all securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES OF 1864 BOUGHT and SOLD. VERMILYE & CO.

THE HOPE

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OFFICE NO. 92 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL	$200,000 00
ASSETS, MARCH 9, 1866	252,559 22
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,850 00
LOSSES PAID IN 1865	201,588 14

This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on terms as favorable as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

HENRY M. TABER, JOSEPH FOULKE, STEPH. CAMBRELENG, THEO. SCHUCHARDT, THEODORE W. RILEY, JACOB REESE, JOHN MESSEREAU, CRAIG SUYDAM, WM. REMSEN, HENRY S. LEVERICH, THOS. B. CUMMINGS, ROBERT SCHELL, WM. H. TERRY, JAS. S. SANDFORD, STEPHEN HYATT, JOSEPH GRAPTON, L. B. WARD, JOSEPH BRITTON, AMOS ROBBINS,

JACOB REESE, President.
CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

No. 5 NASSAU-ST.,

Keep on hand and buy and sell at market rates, all issues of

UNITED STATES BONDS, SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES, COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, &c.

Agents for the sale of the

SEVEN PER CENT. 50-YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS, loaned in aid of the Central Pacific R. R., and of the

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD STATE AID BONDS, bearing 7 PER CENT. interest in GOLD, GUARANTEED and PAID by the STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others received on favorable terms.

Orders for the purchase and sale of Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds, executed with care and promptness at the

REGULAR STOCK EXCHANGE.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD

STATE AID BONDS.

Interest at the rate of

SEVEN PER CENT PER ANNUM,

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Payable semi-annually,

Guaranteed and paid by the

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

The bonds are secured by a mortgage on 100 miles of road, from Sacramento to the California State line, forming part of the GREAT PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS ADOPTED and ALIDED by the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. They are to be redeemed by a SINKING FUND of $50,000 PER ANNUM, reserved from the earnings of the road, and PLEDGED FOR THEIR REDEMPTION. The bonds are secure in every respect, and a limited amount will be offered upon terms which render them a VERY ATTRACTIVE and DESIRABLE INVESTMENT. For further particulars inquire at our office, No. 5 Nassau-st.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS.

H. CLEWS. GEO. H. BEND.
WM. B. BEND. THEO. S. FOWLER.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

(Successors to Livermore, Clews & Co.,)

BANKERS,

No. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES

PURCHASED AND FOR SALE.

All kinds on hand, ready for instant delivery, at the lowest market price.

DRAFTS IN CURRENCY AND GOLD RECEIVED.

Accounts of banks, bankers and individuals solicited.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL DEPOSIT BALANCES

when may be checked for without notice.

Collections made promptly on all points.

Orders for stocks, bonds and gold executed on commission.

Gold for payment of duties for sale in sums to suit.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,

No. 33 WALL-ST.,

New-York.

Receive money on deposit and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances, which may be checked for at sight.

Negotiate Loans and Business paper.

Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold.

Buy and sell Government and other Securities on commission.

MAKE COLLECTIONS

in all parts of the United States and Canada.

JOHN J. CISCO,

(Late of the United States Treasurer in New-York.)

JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

MANGAM & TALBERT,

BANKERS,

NO. 40 WALL-ST.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

BANKERS.

In connection with our Houses in Philadelphia and Washington, we this day open an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall-st., in this City.

EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New-York; Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the purchase and sale of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, and to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAY COOKE & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,

and

No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,

issue circular letters of credit for travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

OFFICE OF BUNKER HILL PETROLEUM COMPANY.

NO. 156 BROADWAY.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1866.

NOTICE.—A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bunker Hill Petroleum Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, April 4, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Company, No. 156 Broadway, New-York, at which meeting they will vote upon the question of raising money by mortgage to meet the liabilities of the Company; selling and disposing of the property of the Company for the same purpose; or of converting the Company, if it be considered, and also to transact such other business as may properly come before such meeting. Parties unable to attend the meeting are requested to send their proxies to the Treasurer of Secretary of the Company, with their wishes as to the foregoing matters, and authorizing them to act at said meeting. Transfer books will be closed from March 24, 1866, to April 5, 1866, inclusive.

Trustees—Wm. H. Webb, Wm. Hamilton, Samuel J. S. Allen, J. W. Baker, John W. Hinchman, James Brown, L. C. Coe, B. F. Chatfield, S. M. Buckingham, Directors.

$30,000,000.

20 YEAR MEXICAN LOAN DUE 1885.

The Interest Coupons on Bonds of the above-named issue, due April 1, 1866, will be paid in gold on presentation, on or after said date, at the Financial Agency of the Republic of Mexico.

JOHN W. CORLIES & CO.,
No. 57 Broadway, N. Y.

$5,000 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM THE house of the subscriber on the evening of the 23d of March the under-mentioned bonds. All parties are cautioned not to negotiate the same. The above reward will be paid for their return to

JOHN P. MOORE, No. 110 Madison-st.

The following United States Coupon Bonds, 1881:

Sixteen, Nos. 13,134 to 13,149, inclusive, $1,000 each; No. 22,977 to 22,982, $500 each; six, Nos. 27,970 to 27,975, $500 each; six, Nos. 65,539 to 65,544, $1,000 each.

All the above payable to John P. Moore.

One each U. S. Coupon Bonds, 1881, No. 11,229 at $100, and No. 1,902 at $50.

The following U. S. Coupon 5-20 Bonds, Nov. 1, 1864: Twenty, Nos. 33,845 to 33,864, $1,000 each, Vermilye & Co.

Two, Nos. 9,316 and 13,423, $1,000 each, Vermilye & Co.

Two, Nos. 1,269, $500; 1,420, $500; 2,870, $500; 2,933, $500; 10,718, $500; 2,592, $100; 14,199, $100; three, Nos. 12,930 to 12,932, $100 each.

One U. S. 5-20 Coupon Bond, Nov. 1, 1865, No. 7,703, A, $100, J. P. Moore.

The following U. S. 7 3-10 three years' Treasury Notes, June 15, 1865:

One each, Nos. 23,227, C, $1,000; 146,823, A, $500; 146,824, B, $500; 101,115, C, $500; 101,116, D, $500; four, Nos. 162,245, A, to 162,248, D, $500 each.

Two U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, July 15, 1865, Nos. 8,548, A, 8,546 B, $1,000 each.

The following U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, Aug. 15, 1865: Nos. 55,146, B, $1,000; 57,497, C, $1,000; 2,238, A, $100; 2,314, A, $100; 31,387, C, $100; 31,388, C, $100; 37,304, B, $100; 165,952, A, $100; 201,142, B, $100; 424,671, C, $100; 424,672, D, $100; 447,749, A, $100; 447,750, B, $100; 1,867, A, $50; 11,868, A, $50; 11,869, A, $50; 268,309, A, $50; 268,310, B, $50; 268,311, C, $50; 268,312, D, $50.

Three U. S. 7 3-10 three years' Treasury Notes, 15th June, 1865, Nos. 347,316, B, to 347,312, D, $100 each.

All 7 3-10s with name filled in have been made payable to order.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY,
ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 17, 1866.

COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY, due April 1, 1866, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of Messrs. M. K. Jesup & Co., No. 84 Broadway, New-York, free of Government tax.

JAMES BERDAN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND KENTUCKY OIL AND MINING COMPANY,
No. 80 JOHN-ST., NEW-YORK.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of this Company for the election of trustees, will be held at their office on MONDAY, April 2, 1866, at 12 o'clock M.

E. R. THOMPSON, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 8 Beekman-st., Room No. 5, first door over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

THE CLINTON

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OFFICE NO. 156 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL	$250,000 00
ASSETS, MARCH 1, 1866	281,631 06
LOSSES UNPAID	993 79

This Company continues to insure first-class risks against loss and damage by fire.

DIRECTORS.

Hugh Laing,	D. Henry Haight,
Effingham Townsend	Geo. A. Townsend,
Amos R. Eno,	Charles R. Swords,
Silas Bronson,	Robert M. Bruce,
John Wilson,	A. Vanaga Gardiner,
Samuel Willis,	Lawrence Turnure,
D. A. Cushman,	Henry S. Leverich,
Thomas Smith,	Jacob Van Wagenen,
Uriah J. Smith,	John R. Willis,
S. L. H. Ward,	Preston H. Hodges,
John Scott Boyd,	Walter Roome,
A. R. Barrow,	Henry Ogden,
George Griswold,	Noah B. Hunt,

HUGH LAING, President.
JAMES B. AMES, Jr., Secretary.

BOOKSTAVER, THAYER & SLOSSON,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

Particular care and attention given to the purchase and sale of the following securities:

American Express stock.	American Telegraph stock.
Adams Express stock.	Russian American Telegraph stock.
United States Express stock.	Insulated Telegraph stock.
Wells, Fargo & Co's stock.	Bank, Insurance, City Railroad stocks, &c.
National Express stock.	Petroleum and Mining stocks.
National Bankers' Express stock.	National, State, Town and County bonds.
Western Union Telegraph stock.	
United States Telegraph stock.	

GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD.
COUPONS COLLECTED.
REFERENCE:
American Exchange National Bank, New-York.

HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,

BANKERS,

NO. 20 WALL-ST.,

BUY AND SELL

U. S. 6 PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES.
AND ALL CLASSES OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.
MARCH, MAY, JULY AND NOVEMBER
Coupons Cashed in Gold.

LIPPMANN & ELLERY,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

No. 29 Broad-st.

MEMBERS OF N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

Particular attention to the Purchase and Sale of the following Securities:

EXPRESS AND TELEGRAPH STOCKS.

American Express Co.	National Express Co.
Adams Express Co.	National Bankers' Ex. Co.
United States Express Co.	Western Union Tel. Co.
Wells, Fargo & Co.	American Telegraph Co.
Kinsley Express Co.	U. S. Telegraph Co.
Hayden Express Co.	Russian-American Tel. Co.
Southern Express Co.	Insulated Telegraph Co.
National Ex. and Trans. Co.	Merchants' Express.

$10,000 REWARD.

LOST OR STOLEN,

FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS,

IN 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES,

Dated June 15, 1865,

AND NUMBERED

111,653 TO 111,732 INCLUSIVE.

BONDS, 500 EACH.

The public are cautioned against negotiating these bonds, as payment has been stopped.

REFER TO

AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK.

HELLER, McROBERTS & CO.,

NO. 12 NEW-ST.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD AND STOCKS.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

CAPITAL TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

All issues of United States Government Securities bought and sold.

Claims on all the Departments collected promptly and remitted for.

Deposits in Gold and Currency received on favorable terms from all parts of the Union.

Certificates of Deposit issued payable at National Banks everywhere in the United States.

L. HUYCK, President.

C. A. SHERMAN, Cashier.

WANTED,

VAN WERT CO., 7 3/10 CENT. BONDS;
ROSS CO., 7 3/10 cent. Bonds.

FOR SALE,

Dubuque and Sioux City, 1st mort'ge, 7 3/10 cent. bonds.
Placerville and Sacramento, California, 1st mortgage, 10 3/10 cent. bonds, (interest in gold.)
Chicago and Great Eastern, 1st mortgage, 7 3/10 cent. bonds. At low rates by

WM. C. EGLESTON, No. 54 William-st.

SAMUEL B. HARD

BANKER AND BROKER,

No. 66 EXCHANGE-PLACE,

Corner New-st., New-York.

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS, RAILROAD STOCKS, &c., Bought and sold on Commission.

Interest allowed on deposits, subject to draft at sight.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN ALL COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

THE AMERICAN BUREAU OF MINES,

NO. 64 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

Mines, mineral lands and ores, examined and reported upon. Companies and engineers furnished to Mining Companies. Information afforded on all mining, metallurgical and chemical questions, at the office of the Bureau, (Rooms Nos. 12, 13 and 14,) No. 64 Broadway.

GEO. D. GILLESPIE, President.

DRAKE DE KAY, Secretary.

PITHOLE CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OFFICE 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 26, 1866.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THE FOLLOWING to be an extract from the by-laws of the Pithole Creek Petroleum Company:

"ART. 1, SEC. 1. All meetings of Stockholders shall be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, and the annual meeting for the election of Trustees shall be held the fourth Wednesday of May in each year, at 12 o'clock, noon, and the polls shall be kept open one hour; but if from any cause an election shall not be held on the day above designated, it may be held on any subsequent day to be fixed by the Board of Trustees."

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Pithole Creek Petroleum Company for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 23d day of May, 1866. The transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 13th to the 23d May, inclusive.

By order. CHAS. B. BOSTWICK, Secretary.

STATE OF NEW-YORK, BANK DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, Oct. 5, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PURSUANT to chapter 238, laws of 1865, and 47th section of the circulating notes of "THE MERCHANTS' BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK," a banking association, located in said city, are to be redeemed at par, by the Superintendent of the Banking Department, on presentation at the New-York State National Bank, in the City of Albany, and at the Merchants' National Bank in the City of New-York, in like coin, for six years from the date hereof, and not thereafter. The outstanding notes of said bank, must be presented as aforesaid, within six years from the 5th day of October, 1865, which shall not be presented for redemption and payment within the time thus specified, will cease to be a lien upon the fund in the hands of the Superintendent for that purpose.

EDWARD KING, Superintendent.

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NEW-YORK, March 19, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the FLINT STEEL RIVER MINING COMPANY, of the Company's office, No. 71 Broadway, New-York, on TUESDAY, April 3, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Transfer books closed from 19th instant to 3d proximo, both days inclusive.

FRANK K. McCULLY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, Ill., March 1, 1866.

NOTICE TO STOCK AND BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given to the stock and bondholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, that the annual meeting of said Company for the election of three Directors, as required by the amended charter and transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Ill., on MONDAY, the 2d day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business hours March 22, and opened April 3 next.

W. M. LARABEE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ST. NICHOLAS INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 166 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1866.

ELECTION.—AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company, and Inspectors of the next election, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, April 10, 1866, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board.

JOHN J. SEARING, Secretary.

OFFICE CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN RAILW'Y CO.,
No. 57 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 15, 1866.

THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE First Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company, due April 1, will be paid on presentation at the office of the Company, No. 57 William-st., New-York, on and after that date.

AMOS TENNEY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL LIFE AND TRAVELER'S INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 243 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of a Board of Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, April 9, 1866, at 11 o'clock P. M.

ASHER B. MILLS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 96 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1866.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FIFteen directors of this Company, constituting the third class, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 3d of April, prox., from 12 to 1 P. M.

W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 156 GREENWICH AND FULTON-STS.,
NEW-YORK, March 21, 1866.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of this Company will be held, at this office, on TUESDAY, April 10, next, between the hours of 12 M and 1 P. M.

ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY.—The interest due on the mortgage bonds of this Company, April 1, 1866, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 2d, at the office of the Company, or at the National Bank of the Republic, corner of Wall-st. and Broadway.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS DUE ON AND PRIOR to January, 1866, from bonds issued by the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Company will be paid on presentation at the Bank of the Manhattan Company.

M. BURNS, President, N. and C. R. R. Co.

NEW-YORK, March 24, 1866.

FINANCIAL.

LAWRENCE BROTHERS & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 12 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Collections made on all parts of the United States.

Deposits received from Banks, Bankers, Merchants, and others.

HENRY A. BOSTWICK,

No. 12 NEW-ST.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD,

RAILWAY AND PETROLEUM STOCKS,

DEALT IN ON COMMISSION.

FOR SALE,

AMERICAN EXPRESS STOCK,
UNITED STATES EXPRESS STOCK,
NATIONAL BANKERS' EXPRESS STOCK,
ADAMS EXPRESS STOCK,
AMERICAN TELEGRAPH,
BANKERS' AND BROKERS' TELEGRAPH.

Apply to

GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.,
Dealer in Telegraph and Express Stocks.

WANTED.

UNITED STATES TELEGRAPH STOCK,
WESTERN UNION EXTENSION TELEGRAPH,
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS,
FARM MORTGAGE BONDS,

AND

UNCURRENT SECURITIES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Not sold at the Stock Exchange. Apply to

GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.

MISSISSIPPI AND MISSOURI RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Trustee, under the first mortgages of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, at the request of a majority of the holders of the bonds issued under said mortgages, having commenced proceedings for the foreclosure of said mortgages, notice is hereby given to the parties who have not yet deposited their bonds and stock, to deposit the same without delay with the Union Trust Company, of this City, in order that they may participate in the arrangement for the sale of said road and franchises.

GEO. W. CHILDS, Philadelphia,
JOHN ELLIOTT, JR.,
BLAKELY WILSON, } Committee.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the NEW-YORK GOLD MINING COMPANY OF COLORADO will be held at the office of said Company, No. 78 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 7th day of April, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving a statement of the affairs of such Company, and providing the means of liquidating its present indebtedness.

The transfer books will be closed from the 31st inst. to the 10th April inclusive. By order of the Board.

JOHN H. ROLSTON, Secretary, No. 60 Broadway.

NEW-YORK, March 27, 1866.

ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS WANTED —In five equal monthly sums, for notes (having 12, 18 and 24 months to run) of a LAND GRANT RAILROAD, now in process of construction, for which the above is to be secured by first mortgage bonds, $2 for $1, as collateral security. The bonds cover, besides road and appurtenances, upward of 3,000 acres per mile. This is an opportunity for investment safety, seldom presented to capitalists. For particulars, address RAILROAD, Box No. 3,855 Post-office, N. Y.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R. CO.,
CHICAGO, Ill., March 21, 1866.

COUPONS OF THE INCOME BONDS OF the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, due April 1, 1866, will be paid on and after that date at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 84 Broadway, New-York, less Government tax.

WM. M. LARRABEE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PHELPS AND GILLMORE GOLD MINING CO., Nos. 23 and 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will be closed from the 14th until the 17th of April next. By order of the Executive Committee.

W. H. STURDEVANT, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MAHONING VALLEY PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at their office, No. 3 Reckman-st., on MONDAY, April 9, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year.

$22,000.—MORTGAGES AGAINST F. Jos.—Any person wishing to assign first mortgages to, or borrow the above amount, in two or more equal sums, will address H., Box No. 102 Times Office.

$75,000 TO LOAN IN DIFFERENT amounts on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. on first-class City property. Apply to JOHN T. ELWING, No. 32 Pine-st., third floor.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT.—FREE, FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
corner of 3d-st. and 26th-st.
PRESENT DEPOSITS, $2,780,000.

SIX PER CENT. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $1,000, free from Government tax.

All moneys deposited on or before April 10 will draw interest from the 1st.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 283 BOWERY.

Six per cent. interest allowed on sums of $1,000 and under—five per cent. on larger sums.

Deposits made on or before April 2, will draw interest from April 1.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7 P. M.

STEPHEN CUTTER, President.

HENRY C. FISHER, Sec'y.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 59 Bowery, corner of Canal-st.

Open every day from 10 to 3 o'clock. Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID.

Free from government tax.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of Twenty-sixth-street and Third-avenue.

Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

CHATHAM-SQUARE, OPPOSITE MOTT-ST.,

NEW-YORK.

Allows six (6) per cent. interest to depositors, free of tax. Deposits made on or before April 2, draw interest from April 1. Deposits from $1 to $5,000 received.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

CANAL-ST. COR. OF VARICK.

DEPOSITS from 10 CENTS to $5,000 received.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of tax.

Deposits in March draw interest from April 1.

Open daily from 10 to 3. Evenings, 6 to 8.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 10 Cooper Institute.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid free of tax. Deposits draw interest from April 1.

Deposits from $1 to $5,000 received.

W. J. BARNES, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 96 Warren-st.

Open daily from 10 A. M., to 3 P. M.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of Government tax

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

Chartered 1851.

No. 267 Broadway, entrance on Park-place.

Open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock.

FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y. PETER CUMMING, Acc't.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, CORNER of 8th-st. and 6th-avenue. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Monday and Thursday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock. Six per cent. interest allowed free from Government tax. Deposits made on or before April 1 will draw interest from April 1.

THOS. CHRISTY, President.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK.—NO. 594 8TH-AV., corner of 42d-st. Open daily. Interest 6 per cent., free of tax.

Deposits made now draw interest from April 1.

DANIEL S. MILLER, Secretary.

JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE PITHOLE CREEK AND ALLEGHENY RIVER PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 62 WILLIAM-ST., ROOM No. 3.

The Trustees of this Company have declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable on demand; and on rendition by the stockholders of their stock certificates respectively, the certificates of the said Company, organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, will be issued to them.

JOHN C. KAYSER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 80 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1866.

THIRTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 31st inst., and TWO (2) PER CENT. out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after April 5.

The transfer books will close from the evening of the 27th March until the morning of April 5.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE
PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.
PITTSBURGH, PA., March 24, 1866.

NINTH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIrectors of this Company have declared the regular dividend of Two-and-one-half (2½) per cent. on the Capital Stock for the ensuing March 31, inst., payable free of Government tax, on and after April 18, prox., at the Banking House of Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., New-York, to the stockholders registered in that city, and by the Treasurer, to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The transfer books will close on March 31, at 2½ o'clock P. M., and will reopen April 19 thereafter.

By order of the Board.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

LUMBER.

WELLS & BONTECOU,

OLD FIRM—BAKER, WELLS & CO.,

LUMBER DEALERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ESTABLISHED 1839.

YARDS—On West-st., between Houston and King and Houston and Clarkson sts., and Nos. 572 and 574 Washington-st.

STEAM MILL,

WASHINGTON-ST., corner of CLARKSON.

YARD OFFICE, No. 544 WEST-ST.

DOWN-TOWN OFFICE, No. 47 SOUTH-ST.

The particular attention of SHIPPERS and COUNTRY DEALERS is invited to our large first-class and well-assorted STOCK of LUMBER, including SCANTLING, SHINGLES, YELLOW PINE FLOORING, STEP PLANK, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALES.

J. E. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

Will sell on TUESDAY, April 3, 1866,

At 1 o'clock P. M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of Simeon Draper, United States Cotton Agent:

2,300 BALES FLORIDA AND SAVANNAH COTTON.

300 BALES SEA ISLAND COTTON.

The above Cotton has been classed and sampled by G. W. Amory, and may be seen in the bale at the New-York Warehousing Company's stores and Continental stores, Brooklyn, and by sample at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 26 Pine-st., New-York, two days before the sale.

H. S. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL at auction on the evenings of WEDNESDAY, 28th, and THURSDAY, 29th March, at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the old Dunscombe Galleries, No. 548 Broadway, next door below Prince-st.,

A VERY VALUABLE PRIVATE COLLECTION OF FIRST-CLASS EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PAINTINGS AND WATER COLORS BY THE MOST PROMINENT AND FAVORITE ARTISTS.

Being principally the property of a well-known connoisseur, carefully selected for his own gratification, without regard to cost, many of which were painted to order by the following artists:

EUROPEAN SCHOOL:

H. Van Marke,	Fichel,	J. G. Morris,
Bellows,	Hamilton,	Portalis,
C. M. Webb,	Portalis,	O. Nahl,
Kotzer,	Voron,	Scopina,
Zamacois,	Horr,	J. Meadows,
Hildebrandt,	Gasch,	O. Morland,
Felon,	Rillon,	Gainsborough,
Bellows,	Dubuisson,	D. Teniers,
Parkhurst,	Picart,	Attele,
Engelhard,	Vandenberg,	Thom,
Sparnham,	Ganermann,	Gavarni,
De Dampier,	Henry,	Van Hove,
Hannan,	A. Calame,	Wagner,
Verecheure,	Marie,	Armfield.

AMERICAN SCHOOL:

A. Bierstadt,	J. F. Kensett,	F. E. Church,
J. Lentze,	A. B. Durand,	W. Hart,
G. L. Brown,	W. M. Oddie,	A. Hekking,
W. H. Brown,	J. G. Pertil,	H. Hastings,
Cutterbuck,	Bierstadt,	Bolton,
Lanman,	W. Whitehedge,	Coleman,
Irving,	Boston,	McEntee,
and others of celebrity.		Lanman,

To include the fine picture entitled

THE PLATTE RIVER, NEBRASKA,

By

ALBERT BIERSTADT.

Size, 60x36, painted at about the same time as his celebrated picture of the "Rocky Mountains."

Also the fine picture entitled

VOLCANO OF COTOPAXI,

By

F. E. CHURCH.

Also,

THE THREE TYPES OF BEAUTY,

By

T. P. ROSSITER.

Considered his chef d'œuvre.

NIAGARA BY MOONLIGHT,

By

G. L. BROWN.

The male picture to the "White Mountains," purchased by the Prince of Wales.

Also,

THE NAVAL COMBAT BETWEEN THE KEARSARGE AND ALABAMA,

By

H. DURAND-BRAGER,

Marine Painter to the French Government.

Forming one of the most valuable and desirable collections ever offered at auction.

They will be on exhibition on and from Saturday, 24th, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., and on the two evenings previous to the sale until 10 P. M.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

AT

MACON, GA.

By direction of the Secretary of War, all the

BUILDING MATERIALS,

STEAM ENGINES,

MACHINERY, TOOLS,

IRON, COPPER, LUMBER,

AND STORES OF VARIOUS KINDS,

Which were collected by the Confederate Government, for the erection and permanent operation of a large ordnance laboratory and manufactory, and also the MATERIALS

collected from those works and armories in the States of Alabama and Georgia, will be sold at

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Among the articles to be sold are:

9,000 lbs. COPPER—pigs.	
45,000 lbs. COPPER—round rod.	
25,000 lbs. COPPER—bolts.	
20,000 lbs. COPPER—sheet.	
200,000 lbs. WROUGHT IRON—bar and rod.	
200 tons CAST IRON.	
700 tons CAST IRON—unserviceable shells.	
54,000 lbs. LEAD—pigs.	
45,000 lbs. TIN—block and sheet.	
4,000 lbs. ZINC—sheet and cake.	
15,000 yards CLOTH—Cotton, English Serge, oiled and enameled.	
20,000 lbs. FEATHER.	
8,000 feet BELTING—gum and leather, assorted sizes.	
200 MACHINES—drills, planers, milling, screw-cutting, steam and trip hammers.	

Besides a large quantity of Iron, sails, spring fixtures, car couplings, bar iron, springs, nuts, chain, mauls, saws, picks, stocks, files, sperm oil, &c.

20 buildings, from 1,000 to 30,000 feet.

Lot of office furniture.

Contents of printing office.

A large quantity of new shelf hardware.

1 Herring safe.

1 saloon car, 4 feet 8½-inch gauge, elegantly finished and furnished with black walnut, trimmed with green plush; double trucks, with broad tread wheels.

Sale to commence at 10 A. M.

Terms cash, in Government funds.

D. W. FLAGLER,
Capt. Ord. Brev. Lt.-Col., Com. Augusta Arsenal.

C. W. BOTELER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL STORES WHISKY, WINES, &c.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, at the Judiciary-square Warehouse, back of the City Hall, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following hospital stores and liquors, no longer required for the use of the Medical Department of the army:

| | | | |

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, April 4.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 8.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 15.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 22.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 2.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 6.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$120 00
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$110 00
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00
payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 49 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely:

ARAGO.....HENRY A. GARDNER.....March 17, 1868.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....April 14, 1868.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GARDNER.....May 16, 1868.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....June 6, 1868.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GARDNER.....July 7, 1868.

And every thirty days thereafter.
PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin.....$120 50 | Second cabin.....$80 00
Through tickets to London, $5 extra.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information, apply to
JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD.

New line of first-class side-wheel steamers between NEW-YORK AND BREMEN VIA COWES,
with comfortable accommodations for passengers of all grades, carrying the U. S. Mail. Leave New York on THURSDAYS:

Atlanta, 3,000 tons, CHAS. HOYER, Comm.....12th April.
Baltic, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power.....30th April.
Western Metropolis, 2,600 t., 1,000 horse power...14th May.
Atlantic 3,000 tons, 1,800 horse power.....21st May.

An experienced surgeon on board.
The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
Rates of passage, payable in gold, or its equivalent: First cabin, $120; second cabin, $80 50; steerage, $37 50.
For freight and passage apply to
RUGER BROS., General Agents,
No. 45 Beaver-st.

For subscription to the stock of this Company, offering a very remunerative investment, apply to
V. PRECHT, Secretary,
Office of the North Am. Lloyd, No. 45 Beaver-st.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, as follows:

WASHINGTON....SURMONT.....SATURDAY, April 4
PEREIRE.....DUCRESNE.....SATURDAY, April 21
NAPOLEON III....BOCANDE.....SATURDAY, May 2
LAFAYETTE.....LEMARIE.....SATURDAY, May 16

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin, $135; second cabin, $85, including table wine in either class.
Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.
Medical attendance free of charge.
For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
Removed from No. 7 to 58 Broadway.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. IRELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders
QUEEN	3,471	Grogan.
ERIN	3,320	Outting.
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000	Gwyn.
LOUISIANA	2,150	Thomson.
ENGLAND	3,400	Grace.
SCOTLAND	3,000	Hall.
VIRGINIA	2,676	Ross.
HELVETIA	3,200	Ogilvie.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
PENNSYLVANIA.....SATURDAY, March 21
HELVETIA.....SATURDAY, April 4
SCOTLAND.....SATURDAY, April 18
ENGLAND.....SATURDAY, April 25
VIRGINIA.....SATURDAY, April 29
AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.
An experienced surgeon on each ship free of charge.
Steerage passage taken to bring parties from Liverpool or Queenstown, for $40 currency.
Cabin passage, $80: Steerage, $30—payable in currency.
The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.
For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway.
THOMAS P. NAAR, Acting Manager.
For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 275 Pearl-st., and at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mail.
CITY OF WASHINGTON.....SATURDAY.....March 21
CITY OF DUBLIN.....WEDNESDAY.....April 4
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....SATURDAY.....April 11
CITY OF MANCHESTER.....WEDNESDAY.....April 15
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY,
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.
First Cabin.....$120 | Steerage.....$35
First Cabin to London.....$125 | Steerage to London.....$40
First Cabin to Paris.....135 | Steerage to Paris.....50
Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $100; Steerage, $35.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $35. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
The United States Mail Sidewheel Steamship COLUMBIA,
D. B. BATON, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, April 8, at 3 P. M. precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

N. B.—The favorite steamer MORRO CASTLE will succeed the COLUMBIA, and leave on April 11.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
FOR
RIO DE JANEIRO,
CALLING AT
ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO AND BAHIA
EVERY TRIP.

The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly, on the 29th of each month, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 46 North River, one of their new first-class steamships.

THE
MORNING STAR,
HOWES, Commander,
will sail
ON THURSDAY, 29TH MARCH.

An experienced surgeon is attached to each steamship. All letters must pass through the Post-office.
Large lots of heavy freight at low rates.
For freight or passage, apply to
THOMAS ASCENCIO & CO., No. 17 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.
The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway.
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.
The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARKER, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.
ALABAMA, Capt. R. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.
FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.
Freight at printed tariff rates.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.
Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.
Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.
All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR CHARLESTON S. C.
PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EMILY B. SOUDER.....Capt. B. LOCKWOOD.
MONEKA.....Capt. C. P. MARSHALL.
The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.
The new and elegant steamship
CAROLINA,
will sail on THURSDAY, March 26, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the vessel.
The MORNING STAR sails on THURSDAY, March 29.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
of first-class steamships.
31st March—ALPS, Lieut. LOCKE, U. S. N.
7th April—QUAKER CITY.
Will sail promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River.
Intermediate vessels will be dispatched as occasion may require.
For freight or passage apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR SAVANNAH.
PIONEER LINE.
Cabin passage.....$25 | Deck.....$10
EVERY THURSDAY.
Landing cargo in Savannah the following Monday morning.
The new and elegant steamship
TYBEE, Capt. ISAAC CROWELL,
will leave Pier No. 4 N. R. at 3 P. M., on THURSDAY, March 26.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
LEWIS I. JONES,
No. 17 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah,
HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
BLACK STAR LINE.
The fast-sailing clipper ship MARION, Capt. R. B. WARSAW, will leave Pier No. 13 North River, on SATURDAY, March 31, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to
R. LOWDEN, A&T'S No. 54 Wall-st.
Bills lading signed at the office, No. 13 West-st., corner of Cedar.
GEO. A. FOSDICK, Agent at New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship MERRIMACK will leave on SATURDAY, March 28, at 3 P. M., from the Company's pier, No. 46 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class steamship GEO. CROMWELL, Capt. E. E. VAILL, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, March 21, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodation, apply to H. B. CROMWELL, No. 32 Wall-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE
TO
CALIFORNIA.

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st and 19th day of every month, (or next week when those dates fall on Sunday,) and on the 1st preceding Saturday, for ARRIVAL, connecting by the Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO:

MARCH.
31st. ARIZONA, connecting with GOLDEN AGE.
APRIL.
11th. HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with CONSTITUTION.
21st. NEW-YORK, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.

Departures on 21st connect at Panama, with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.
Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.
An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.
For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE
TO CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA,
On the 20th of every month.
REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE.
First Class, $125 to $200; Second Class, $125;
IN GOLD.
THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.

The Central American Transit Company having placed a fine new steamboat on LAKE NICARAGUA, thereby insuring passengers

A PROMPT AND RELIABLE TRANSIT,

will dispatch the fast and elegant steamship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
JAMES W. SAGE, Commander,
from Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Warren-st., on
TUESDAY, April 28, at NOON.
For passage apply early, by mail or in person, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS TO SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Having concluded arrangements with the PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY and the CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, we are now prepared to receive and forward, WITH DISPATCH, all kinds of goods, to and from points on the SOUTH PACIFIC and CENTRAL AMERICAN COAST, under THROUGH BILL OF LADING at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
For further particulars, classification of goods and rates, apply at our office, No. 54 Broadway.
H. MOTTRAM, AGENT.
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Steamer ARIZONA will sail from Pier No. 42 North River, on SATURDAY, March 21, at 12 o'clock, noon.
Freight received as usual.
H. MOTTRAM, AGENT.
Sole freight agents for Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

FIRST CABIN PASSAGE, TWENTY DOLLARS,
TO
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

EVERY SATURDAY, FROM PIER NO. 13, NORTH RIVER, in connection with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.
EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.

Passage tickets issued through to Augusta, Macon, Thomasville, Darien, Brunswick, St. Mary's, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and Pilatka.
The fast and favorite steamship
MISSOURI,
W. LOVELAND, Commander,
will sail for Savannah direct from Pier No. 13, North River, foot of Cedar-street, on SATURDAY, March 21, promptly at 3 o'clock.
Freight received daily and handled carefully.
Bills of lading furnished and signed on the pier.
The SAN SALVADOR follows April 7.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green.
Agent at Savannah, R. H. HARDEE.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
WEEKLY LINE.
SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.
HERMAN LIVINGSTON.....Capt. J. B. BAKER.
GEN. BARNES.....Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.
The favorite side-wheel steamships
HERMAN LIVINGSTON
will leave on SATURDAY, March 21, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 36 North River, connecting with all the railroads in Georgia, and Florida steamers.
All the connections to and beyond Augusta now completed. Through rates given to the interior of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.
For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah,
WILDER & FULLERTON.
Goods to be forwarded by railroad should be marked care of "C. R. R. Agent."

FOR SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.
MURRAY'S LINE—THURSDAYS.
Connecting with all railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.
LEO.....DEARBORN, Commander,
VIRGO.....CHARLES H. DUDLEY, Commander.
The favorite fast sailing steamship
VIRGO
will sail from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. THURSDAY, March 26, at 3 P. M.
For freights or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 63 South-st.
OCTAVUS COHEN, Agent in Savannah.
State rooms secured at the Fifth-avenue Hotel Telegraph Office.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure Passports through A. C. Willmarth, U. S. Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers street.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1868, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.
10 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.
11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 28th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with Express train for Albany.
3:30 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston, for points North, with sleeping-cars attached.
5 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs to Saratoga only.
10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.
JAMES TOUCEY, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Paronia Ferry:
7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.
10:30 A. M.—Way Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.
4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Dunkirk, and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
Through Tickets to all points West, Northwest and Southwest, at the Company's Office, No. 241 Broadway, corner of Murray-st., and at the Depot, foot of Chambers-st., New-York.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.
On and after MONDAY, Feb. 12, 1868, the express train for Camden will be discontinued. The steamer will leave Pier No. 3 North River, daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 P. M., connecting with train for Manchester, Toms River, Long Branch, &c.
FREIGHT FOR CAMDEN and intermediate stations will be taken at 10 A. M. DAILY, on the 4 o'clock line, reaching Camden the next morning.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.
From foot of Cortlandt-st.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:30 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Amboy—7:15, 9:40 A. M., 12 M., 3:30, 6:25 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 9:50 A. M., 12:10, 3:45, 6:40 P. M.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 6:25 P. M. The 8:15 and 4:25 run through to Nanuet. On Monday only for Piermont at 8:15 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

MARCH, 1868.
SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH,
Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port Washington, Mount's and Bram's Rock, Fairhaven and RED BANK,
THE STEAMER
NEW YORK,
Capt. WM. F. CONOVER,
will leave the short pier, foot of Barclay-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, March 14, 11 A. M.	Friday, March 20, 10 A. M.
Saturday, March 16, 1 P. M.	Monday, March 23, 12 M.
Tuesday, March 17, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, March 24, 2 P. M.
Saturday, March 17, 4½ P. M.	Friday, March 27, 5 P. M.
Saturday, March 17, 8½ P. M.	Monday, March 30, 7½ A. M.
Tuesday, March 26, 9 A. M.	Wednesday, March 31, 9 A. M.
Thursday, March 26, 10 A. M.	Friday, March 26, 12 M.
Saturday, March 24, 12½ P. M.	Monday, March 26, 2 P. M.
Tuesday, March 27, 2 P. M.	Wednesday, March 28, 2 P. M.
Thursday, March 26, 3 P. M.	Friday, March 30, 3½ P. M.
Saturday, March 31, 8½ A. M.	Monday, April 2, 7 A. M.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. B. BRAYTON,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
COMMODORE, Capt. R. F. OUBRIE,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 5 o'clock P. M., from Pier 28 North River.
These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 79 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.
Return trains leave Boston at 3½ P. M.
JOHN W. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR AMBOY AND NEW-BRUNSWICK
—Landing at Chelsea, Union, Star, Rossville, Woodbridge, Totten's and Wood's Dock, the new steamer NEWBRINK, every afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, from foot of Chambers-st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamer leaves Pier 41 for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with Railroad.

ASTROLOGY.

ASTONISHING.—MRS. REUBENELL, FROM Poland, tells past, present and future. No. 42 Stanton-st., first floor, Room 6. Ladies 50c.; gentlemen $1.

165 BOWERY—MADAME WIDGER, CLAIRvoyant, tells all you wish to know, losses, trumpers, prescribes medicines for all diseases, &c.

MUSICAL.

THE BRADBURY
PIANO-FORTE
Is now pronounced "THE BEST" by our first Artists, by the American Institute of New-York, and by many State Fairs.
Besides these, THREE of the most eminent musicians and pianists of the country have testified to the same. The points of excellence cover the ENTIRE REQUIREMENTS of a perfect Piano.
Call or send for circulars with illustrations to
WM. B. BRADBURY,
No. 427 Broome-st., N. Y.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this city and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufacturers of this country, eminently the best piano in America, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools, altogether because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

BEST PIANOS,
CHORAL ORGANS
and melodeons. Prices reduced. Some fine second-hand pianos at great bargains. Old pianos taken in exchange for new ones. Pianos and organs to let, and rent applied on purchase. Pianos tuned and repaired.
T. S. BERRY, No. 593 Broadway,
Between Prince and Houston sts.

THE ARTISTS OF THE OPERA
TO
MASON & HAMLIN.

The very extensive reputation which the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs have acquired, is the result, in large measure, we think, of their great superiority in quality of tone to all other instruments of this class, which is obvious to every cultivated ear. We know not what peculiar secret or skill these makers possess, but certainly we have not heard such pure musical tones from any other reed instruments either of American or European manufacture. For other improvements attached by Mason & Hamlin, they deserve much credit, and their Cabinet Organs must come into very wide use by artists. We should not think of selecting any other instrument of this class for our own use.
(Signed,)
CARLOTTA GAROZZI SUCONI,
CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
ADELAIDE PHILLIPPS,
FRANCESCO MAZZOLENI,
B. MASSIMILIANI,
D. E. SCORESE,
ALFREDO ARPER,
T. BELLINI,
G. R. ARTOMUCCI,
A. A. ADAMOWSKI,
A. TORRIANI, Conductor,
CARL BERGMANN, Conductor,
MAX MARETZEK, Conductor and Director
Of Maretzek's Italian Opera Troupe,
BERTHA JOHANNSEN,
JOHANNA DUFFTENBACH ROTTER,
SOPHIE SCHINKO,
ELVIRA NADDIE,
J. ARMAND,
FRANZ HIMMER,
WILHELM FORMES,
THEODOR HABELMANN,
JOS. HERMANN,
H. STEINECKE,
JOS. WEINLICH,
AD. RUENDORFF, Conductor,
LEONARD GROVER, Director
Of Grover's German Opera Troupe.

THE MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS.
Forty Styles—One to Twelve Stops.
Prices of Drawing-room Models from $125 to $1,000.
Finished in cases of varied and elegant design; some of the styles being very exquisite as pieces of furniture.
No. 596 Broadway, New-York;
No. 274 Washington-st., Boston.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, NEW-YORK.
TO THE
PELOUBET "CABINET ORGANS"
THE FIRST PRIZE—A GOLD MEDAL,
at the end of the great and decisive five weeks' test, Oct. 19, 1868, as "THE BEST CABINET ORGAN" over MASON & HAMLIN, and all other competitors. The Jury was composed of the best organ builders and organists of Boston and New-York, and the award of the American Institute WAS UNANIMOUS. These "Cabinet Organs" being pronounced SUPERIOR in QUALITY, POWER and VARIETY OF TONE, and in number of combinations. Their pipe-like tone, beauty of solo effects and greatly superior pedals render them most appropriate for parlors, halls and churches, while their great solidity and vigor of chorus, and economy of cost and space, make them superior for the large Sunday-schools of our City churches.
Price list forwarded from the General Depot.
J. M. PELTON,
Nos. 841 and 843 BROADWAY, New-York.

NEW MUSIC
FOR THE
MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGAN.

	Price.
Three Nocturnes, by Julius Eichberg	$ 40
Pastorale, by Julius Eichberg	60
Heimweh, by Julius Eichberg	60
Slow Waltz, by Julius Eichberg	30
Etude, by Julius Eichberg	60
Pilgrim's March, by Julius Eichberg	60
Two Voluntaries, by Julius Eichberg	50
La Seguidilla, by Julius Eichberg	50
Dirge, by Julius Eichberg	50
Religious March, for the Cabinet Organ and Violin, by Julius Eichberg	75
Melody for Violoncello and Cabinet Organ, by Julius Eichberg	75
Atlanta Grand Victory March, by Gustav Blessner	60
La Guerrier, by Gustav Blessner	60
Grenada Polonaise, by Gustav Blessner	1 00
Camp Schottische, by Gustav Blessner	75
Rondo de Chasse, by Gustav Blessner	1 00
Grand Polonaise for Cabinet Organ and Pianoforte, by Gustav Blessner	1 75
Commencement March, for the Cabinet Organ and the Piano-forte, (four hands,) by Gustav Blessner	1 75

** Any of the above sent by mail on receipt of the price.
Also just received a fresh importation of music for the organ, solo and concerted with pianoforte, violin, violoncello, etc.
Published by
MASON & HAMLIN,
No. 596 Broadway, New-York, and
No. 274 Washington-st., Boston.

STEINWAY & SONS'
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO-FORTES
Have taken thirty-two First Premiums Gold and Silver Medals, at the principal fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and in addition thereto they were awarded the First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1862, in competition with 200 Pianos from all parts of the world.
The great superiority of these instruments is now universally conceded, abundantly proven by the fact that Messrs. Steinway's "scales, improvements and peculiarities of construction" have been copied by the great majority of the manufacturers of both hemispheres (as closely as could be done without infringement of patent rights) and that their instruments are used by the most eminent artists and amateurs, who will prefer them for their own public and private use, whenever accessible.
STEINWAY & SONS direct special attention to their PATENT AGRAFFE ARRANGEMENT,
which, having been practically tested in all their Grand and highest priced Square Pianos, and admitted to be one of the greatest improvements of modern times, will hereafter be introduced in every piano manufactured by them without increase of cost to the purchaser, in order that all their patrons may participate in its benefit.
STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS are the only American instruments exported to Europe in large numbers, and used in European concert rooms.
WAREROOMS, Nos. 71 & 73 EAST FOURTEENTH-STREET, between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

HARVEY B. DODWORTH'S
"GREEN HILL NOCTURNE,"
a splendid instrumental piece of music, and performed at the Central Park concerts with great applause, arranged for the piano, published by
JENNINGS DEMOREST, No. 473 Broadway.
Price 40 cents.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS.
WITH THE NEW, WONDERFUL AND CHARMING
VOX HUMANA ATTACHMENT.
E. G. ESTEY, No. 104 Grand-st., New-York.

HAZELTON BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 34 Prince-st., near Broadway.

THE CHRISTIAN MELODIST—A NEW REvised and Improved TUNE BOOK. It contains nearly two hundred hymns and tunes, both old and new, and is one of the best books for revival meetings that has yet been published. Price 35 cents. Mailed at the retail price. We would mention the following: "Oh, you must be a lover of the Lord," as sung by the soldiers in the army, and has been the means of the conversion of hundreds of souls; "Let go the anchor;" "Shall we meet you all there;" "Sinner, come, will you go;" "Jesus died for you." Price, paper covers, 30 cents, $3 per dozen; board covers, 35 cents, $3 60 per dozen. Mailed at the retail price. Sample sheets 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen, $3 per hundred, mailed. HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway, New York.

THE HORACE WATERS GRAND Square and Upright Pianos, Melodeons and Cabinet Organs, wholesale and retail. To let, and rent allowed, if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Factory and warerooms, No. 481 Broadway. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. Pianos tuned and repaired. Sheet music a little soiled at 1½ cents per page.

HAINES BROS.' SUPERIOR OVERstrung PIANO-FORTES.—Dealers and the public will find it to their advantage to call and see for themselves at our large and extensive warerooms, Nos. 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372 2d-av., both corners of 21st-st.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS,
No. 94 Walker-st., New-York.
Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.
Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

CHURCH ORGANS FOR SALE.—THREE second-hand; one of five stops, Gothic case, good tone, in perfect order; one of twelve stops, two rows of keys, and pedals do.; one of eighteen stops do.; two rows of sight and, Gothic stops. The above to be warranted. W. H. DAVIS, No. 40 Downing-st.

PIANO-FORTES—AT LARGE REDUCTION in prices; far below any other in the City: warranted five years. Three fine second-hand pianos, every modern improvement, at bargains. CUMMINGS & JENNYS, No. 726 Broadway.

CHAMBERS & GABLER, NO. 14 6TH-ST., are manufacturing a NEW UPRIGHT PIANO; also Square Pianos, to which they invite the special attention of DEALERS. Send for a circular.

SEVEN-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD CASE PIANO, for sale at $145; and a melodeon cheap. At No. 223 West 31st-st., near 9th-av.

A. H. GALE & CO. PIANO-FORTES.
Manufactory and Warerooms,
No. 107 East 13th-st., New-York.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL OF BURNTON'S BOOKSTORE.—In consequence of the extraordinary price paid or offered by other parties, with the hope, no doubt, of securing to themselves the benefits to be derived from the possession of my old established book trade, I have built a store next door but one to the old stand, No. 206, for the purpose of retaining my trade and accommodating those of my customers who reside in the immediate vicinity. My principal place of business will open shortly after the 1st of May at No. 92 4th-av. with an extensive stock of books, music, stationery and fancy goods. B. BURNTON, No. 206 Bowery.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—SATURDAY.
ITALIAN OPERA.
DIRECTOR.....MAX MARETZEK
This establishment disowns advertising in the New-York Herald.
SATURDAY, MARCH 28, TWO PERFORMANCES.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 1 o'clock.
GRAND MATINEE.
LAST TIME.
ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR ONLY.
To all parts of the House. No Reserved Seats.
Doors open at 12 M.; to commence at 1 o'clock.
SATURDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock,
CHEAP OPERA NIGHT.
In response to a very general demand on the part of many who have been unable to attend the performances of Meyerbeer's
L'AFRICAINE,
the director has determined to present this master-work on this occasion at
REDUCED PRICES.
THE ONLY CHEAP OPERA NIGHT,
and positively the last representation of
L'AFRICAINE.
as all the artists engaged in this opera have to appear in "The Huguenots" during the Easter festivities.
On SATURDAY EVENING, March 31, at 8,
L'AFRICAINE,
with its splendid mise en scene and
ORIGINAL GRAND CAST,
will be given for the last time at the following
REDUCED RATES OF ADMISSION:
General Admission.....ONE DOLLAR
Secured seats in Boxes, Parquet, Balcony, &c.....50c. extra
Family Circle.....75 cents | Amphitheatre.....50 cents

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ITALIAN OPERA.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
EASTER WEEK.
EASTER MONDAY and EASTER TUESDAY,
April 7 and 8,
first nights of Meyerbeer's
HUGUENOTS.
HUGUENOTS.
with new scenery, costumes, properties, appointments, increased chorus and orchestra, military band, ballet, &c., &c., and a great cast, including
Mme. C. HOZZE-FOUCHE,
Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPS,
Mlle. GLAUDINA CARROLL,
Signor MAZZOLENI,
Signor BELLINI,
Signor ARDAVANI,
Signor ANTONUCCI, &c.
(Signed,)
THE ARION SOCIETY
have in the kindest manner consented to sing in
THE GRAND CONJURATION SCENE,
which, together with the ballet of
THE LARGEST CORPS DE BALLET
ever presented in opera at the Academy.
WEDNESDAY, April 1, GRAND MATINEE.
LAST APPEARANCE OF MME. PARKHURST.
WEDNESDAY EVENING—LUCREZIA BORGIA.
Senorita CARMELINA POOR as LUCREZIA.
Reserved seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances may now be had at the regular ticket-office.

BAL D' OPERA,
at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC, THURSDAY, April 2.
The ball-room will be decorated in a new and original manner by about a hundred original
CARICATURES,
expressly painted by TH. NAST, Esq., whose cartoons in *Harper's Weekly* have made for him a world-wide reputation.
THE GRAND ORCHESTRA WILL NUMBER TWO HUNDRED, under the direction of
Messrs. J. NOLL and DODWORTH.
The back of the stage will be decorated by a drop painted expressly for this occasion by H. W. CALVO, representing a conservatory of rich Oriental trees and flowers.
The supper will be served from the establishment of the MAISON DORÉE.
All applications for cards of admission must be made personally either to the Director of the Opera, at the Academy of Music, or to any of the gentlemen composing the Committee of Management.
PRICE OF TICKETS:
Admitting a gentleman and lady.....$10
Extra lady's tickets.....5

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Wm. Stuart, of Winter Garden.....} Managers.
C. W. Taylesure, of Broadway Theatre.....}
Mr. J. H

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 28, 1866.

$8,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C.	104⅛	800	Mariposa Pref.	18¾
10,500	U. S. 6s, '81, R.	105⅛	100	N. Y. Central	92⅞
10,000	do.	105	100	do.	93
10,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '62	104¼	500	do.	92
20,000	do.	104⅛	100	do.	92⅝
20,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '64	104	200	do.	92⅜
5,000	U. S. 6s, '65, C.	107	50	do.	92⅜
10,000	U. S. 7-30s, C.	105⅛	200	Erie R.	79⅝
24,000	U. S. Notes, 7 3-10s.		200	do.	79⅝
	Second Ser.	102¾	200	do.	79⅝
1,000	do.	102⅝	100	do.	79⅝
1,000	Tenn. 6s, '90.		100	do.	79⅝
1,000	do.	61	100	do.	79⅝
1,000	Virginia 6s	60	100	Hud. R.	89⅝
17,000	N. Car. 6s		100	do.	89⅝
1,000	Missouri 6s	72⅝	500	Reading R.	101
20,000	do.	73	400	do.	100⅞
3,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. J.		200	do.	100⅞
	Issue	75½	50	Mich. Cen. R.	102
20,000	N. Y. St. 7s, Boun-		100	Mich. S. & N. I.	82¾
	ty Loan	99½	1500	do.	82¾
4,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	91	600	do.	82¾
2,000	N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76,		600	do.	82¾
	Con.	101¾	300	do. 2d call	82¾
10,000	Tol. & Wab. 2d	75	100	do.	82¾
8,000	Mich. So. & N. I. 8s	95	100	Ill. Cen. R.	115
1,000	Ft. W. & C. 2d		100	Pitts.	115
1,000	Ft. W. & C. 1st	93	200	do. 2d call	93¾
12	Mechanics' Bank	84	40	Cleve., Col. & Cin. R.	115
25	Fulton Bank	80	50	Chi. & N. W.	87¾
25	Fulton Bank	80	100	Chic. & N. W. P.	85¾
100	Ohio R. R.	68¾	100	do.	85¾
200	Canton Co.	47¾	100	do. 2d call	85¾
200	Canton Co. 2d call	47¾	200	do. 2d call	85¾
200	Central Coal	45	100	do.	115⅛
200	do.	46¾	30	Chi., Bur. & Quin.	114⅜
100	Amer. Coal Co.	60	1200	Pitts., F. W. & C.	92¾
300	West. U. Teleg'h.	58¼	100	do.	92¾
20	do.	58	500	do.	92¾
300	Union Nav. Co.	103	200	Tol., Wab. & W.	32
100	Quick. Min. Co.	47½	18	New-Jersey Cen.	108¾

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C.	91¾	100	Chi. & N. W. P.	85¾
5,000	Quick. Min. Co.	47½	200	Reading R.	100⅝
530	Erie Railroad	81½	1500	do.	100⅞
100	New-York Cen.	92¾	200	do.	b10 100⅞
100	do.	92⅜	600	Clev. & Pitts.	79½

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$4,300	U. S. 6s, '67.	119	100	Pac. M. Scrip.	100
5,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C.	105¼	100	do.	s10 100
51,600	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '62	104¾	200	N. Y. Cen.	92¾
24,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s.	100	100	do.	s30 92
	Fourth Series.	100¼	100	Erie R.	81¾
5,000	do. Sec. Ser.	100⅜	100	Hudson River	108¾
5,000	do. Small	100⅜	20	Reading R.	100
5,000	Missouri 6s	72⅞	200	do.	s30 100⅛
100	Canton Co.	47¾	800	do.	s60 100
200	do. 2d call	47¾	500	do.	100⅜
200	Cum. Coal Pr.	43¾	100	Mich. S. & N. I.	82¾
100	West. Union T.	58¾	100	do.	82¾
200	do.	59¼	50	do.	82¾
200	do. 2d call	59	200	Cleve. & Pitts.	79⅞
100	Maripos Pr.	18¼	200	Chic. & N. W. P.	85¾
200	At. Mail Ss. C.	132	100	do.	s10 85
100	Quick. Min. Co.	47¾	400	P., F. W. & C.	92¾
100	Pac. M. S. S.	212	200	Chic. & Alt.	86¼

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

600	Canton Co.	47¾	1200	Mich. S. & N. I.	82¾
500	do.	b30 47¾	1200	do.	s3 82¾
500	N. Y. Central	92¾	400	do.	c 82¾
500	do.	92⅝	200	do.	b8 82¾
1000	Erie R.	81¾	600	Clev. & Pitts.	b3 79⅞
500	do.	c 82¾	700	do.	s3 79⅞
2000	do.	s3 82¾	700	do.	b5 79⅞
500	do.	b3 82¾	800	do.	c 79⅞
1000	Reading R.	101	200	do.	b3 79⅞
200	do.	s3 101	200	do.	s3 79⅞
100	do.	b10 101	200	do.	b10 79⅞
200	P., F. W. & C.	92¾	100	Chic. & R. Is.	s3 116¾
300	do.	s3 92¾	200	Chic. & N. W. P.	86¼
300	do.	b3 92¾			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	O. & M. Cer.	23¼	200	Reading R.	100⅝
300	Canton Co.	b10 47¾	200	do.	b3 101
300	do.	b3 47¾	200	M. S. & N. I. R.	82¾
300	Maryland A. C.	15	300	do.	b3 82¾
300	do.	c 15¼	100	do.	c 82¾
300	do.	15¾	100	do.	s3 82¾
200	Spruce Hill Coal	4¾	200	Cleve. & Pitts.	79⅞
940	do.	4¾	200	do.	b3 79⅞
1100	do.	4¾	200	do.	c 79⅞
300	do.	s3 4¾	100	Chi. & R. I.	b3 116¾
200	do.	b3 4¾	300	Chic. & N. W.	87
100	Erie Railroad	b3 81¾	100	do.	87
2600	do.	81¾	800	Chi. & N. W. Pr.	86
100	do.	b3 81¾	200	P., Ft. W. & C.	92¾
100	do.	c 81¾	100	do.	s3 92¾
1000	do.	s3 81¾	100	do.	s3 92½

WEDNESDAY, March 28—P. M.

The later and higher news from England for Cotton and United States Stocks this morning caused the Foreign Exchanges to fall to 106⅞@107 ₱ cent. on London. There is a superabundant supply of Bills on the market, and some eagerness to sell even at the lower figures. The reduction of Interest to 6 ₱ cent. by the Bank of England—rather unexpected by this arrival—has also a good influence here on the Cotton trade and Cotton Bills, as it seems to have had in Manchester and Liverpool.

The effect of the news was not at first felt on the Gold-Room this forenoon, owing to the continued scarcity of Gold for prompt delivery. The price went up to 128@128¼ ₱ cent. But before 1 o'clock the influence of the Exchange market carried down the sales to 127@127¼ ₱ cent., as against 128@128¼ last night.

The Government Securities again showed an upward tendency, although the orders for 5-20s from abroad are generally limited considerably below the relative market for Gold and Exchange and the 5-20 quotations, here and on the other side.

The Railway movement on the Stock Exchange, after opening with some show of firmness early in the morning, was dull through the forenoon, and on some descriptions, like Erie and New-York Central, lower than at the close yesterday. The demand continued steady for Michigan Southern, and there was an improvement in Fort Wayne to 92½@92¾ ₱ cent. The Miscellaneous list something higher on Canton and Quicksilver, and lower on Western Union Telegraph. Tennessee Bonds were 1 ₱ cent. weaker; Missouris in request at 73 ₱ cent. Union Navigation Shares have improved to 105 ₱ cent. Pacific Mail is firmly held out of the market, and but few of the City Bank Shares are offered for sale.

At the Afternoon Board the market was steady in prices on most of the Railways, with a further demand for Michigan Southern and Fort Wayne at the best figures of the morning. Erie and New-York Central continued dull. On the Miscellaneous list there was an advance of 2 ₱ cent. on full paid Pacific Mail, and a demand for the Scrip Shares at 190; Canton firm at 47¾, and Western Telegraph better than in the morning. Government 5-20s, old, were wanted at 104¼ ₱ cent.; sales of $50,000; the 7.30s 100¼@100⅝, and not freely offered.

Gold recovered again from the lower sales of the morning to about 128 ₱ cent. Exchange on London, standard bankers, 10¾@107⅛; other Bank Credits 106¾@107 ₱ cent. The Customs demand for Gold fell off to $300,000 to-day. Some of the speculators for the rise in the Gold Room, we understand, are borrowing Money on their Gold Certificates, to be locked up for a few days for a further *squeeze* in the demand for Gold for prompt delivery.

Later in the afternoon Gold advanced to 128½@¾ ₱ cent. The Railways were generally weaker in sympathy with a sudden decline in Erie to 80¾@80 ₱ cent. Exchange on London left off about 107 ₱ cent. The supply of Money was easy throughout the day. At 5.30 P. M. the following quotations were made as compared with Tuesday night:

	Tues.	Wed.		Tues.	Wed.
U. S. 10-40s	91¾	91¾	Missouri 6s	72¾	72¾
U. S. 5-20s	104	104⅛	Northwest	27¾	27
U. S. 7.30s	100¾	100⅞	N. West Pref.	56¾	55¾
N. Y. Central	92¾	92	Rock Island	118¾	118¾
Erie	81¾	79½	Fort Wayne	92⅜	93¾
Hudson	108	108¾	Cumb'land Coal	43¾	43¾
Reading	101	100⅜	Quicksilver	41	41
Mich. Southern	82¾	82¾	Mariposa	12	12
Illinois Central	116	116⅜	Canton	47	47¾
Pittsburgh	79¾	79¼	Ohio Certificates	26¾	26¾
Prairie du Chien	96	96	American Gold	128¾	128¾
Tennessee 6s	61	60	Bills on London	107½	107
Pacific Mail	210	212			

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	113	Chatham	135
Merchants'	119	Bank of N. America	106
Mechanics'	118	Hanover	100
Union	117	Irving	110
America	137	Metropolitan	120
Phœnix	98	People's	115
Tradesmen's	100¾	Shoe and Leather	110
Merchants' Exch'ge	106	Corn Exchange	113
Seventh Ward	105	St. Nicholas	101
State of New-York	105	Commonwealth	100
Commerce	108	Importers' & Traders'	101
Mechanics' Bkg Ass.	108	Park	156
Broadway	213	Central National	108¾
Ocean	96¾	Fourth National	96
American Exchange	118¾	Oriental Bank	125

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	91	Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	80
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	101	Del. L. & W. 1st M.	103
N. Y. Cen. 7s, cen., '76	101	Del. L. & W. 2d M.	100

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Authority of a Territorial Legislature to Charter a Banking Institution—The Act of 1836 Prohibiting such Charters Without the Sanction of Congress—Personal Liability of the Stockholders in a Bank for its Issues —Common Law Prohibitions.

William Young Brown, plaintiff in error, vs. *William C. Tarkington et al., defendants in error.*—This was an action of assumpsit, brought by the plaintiff against the defendants, upon four promissory notes, signed by S. L. Campbell, President of the Bank of Tekama, payable to plaintiff, and amounting to $12,877 50. Also to recover $2,500 upon bank bills, issued by that bank—a bank doing business in Burt County, Nebraska Territory. The defendants were stockholders or partners in the bank, and the plaintiff charged that they were liable, both upon promissory notes obtained [illegible] and upon the bills which were circulated as money.

The answer of the defendants denied that they were stockholders or partners in the bank, and denied their liability for its bills, and the authority of the President of the bank to execute its notes and issue its bank paper, and claimed its notes and bills were without consideration and void, and that plaintiff had improperly obtained them from the President in fraud of the rights of the defendants.

On the trial the plaintiff put in evidence the four promissory notes, and the currency or bills sued upon, his own and certain other evidence, whereby he claimed to have proven the execution of the notes and bills, and the connection of the defendants with the bank, as stockholders, &c. The defendants put in evidence an exemplified copy of the charter granted by the Legislature of Nebraska to the incorporators of that bank; also certain assignments by the corporators to Campbell and one Aiken, two of the defendants, and certain other evidence, claiming thereby to have shown that the bank was not a corporation, was not organized as such, and that the Legislature of Nebraska had no power to charter such a bank; that most of the defendants had assigned their stock in the bank to the knowledge of the plaintiff, before his dealings commenced with the bank; that the plaintiff had added to carry on the bank, and increase its illegal circulation, and therefore could not recover. The verdict was for the defendants, (in the Indiana District,) and the plaintiff appealed, relying upon certain exceptions to the ruling of the Court.

The plaintiff requested the Court to charge the Jury, among other things, that Campbell was authorized by the articles of association to sign the letter of the T. Meyers' I X L, 1¼-inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 48c. @73c.; 3-inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 68c.@$1 12.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in more demand at a partial advance of 10c. @15c. ₱ bbl. Sales since our last 9,800 bbls., including common to choice Superfine State and Western at $6 70@$7 30; very poor to choice Extra State at $7 10@$8 25, chiefly at $7 25@$7 65; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $8 20@$8 70 ₱ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$6 70 @$7 30
Extra State	7 10 @ 8 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 30 @11 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 20 @ 8 70
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 75 @12 00
Extra Genesee	8 30 @12 00
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 65 @16 50
Southern Flour is doing better. Sales since our last 750 bbls., in lots, at $8 70@$10 10 for poor to good, and $10 15@$15 50 for good to very choice extra brands. Canadian Flour is dearer. Sales 500 bbls. at $7 30@$11 50 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including Superfine at $4 50@$5 50 ₱ bbl. Sales of 100 bbls. Corn Meal is in fair demand at $3 50@$3 65 for Western, $3 60@$3 70 for Jersey, and $4 10 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Sales 650 bbls.	

GRAIN—Wheat has been quiet, but held firmly, especially the better qualities of Spring, which have been in light supply. Sales have been confined to 1,200 bushels Milwaukee Club, at $1 63 ₱ bushel. Corn has been more act vely sought after, and has advanced fully 1c.@2c. ₱ bushel. Sales since our last 43,000 bushels at 68c.@73c. for unsound, and 75c.@77c., in store and delivered, for sound mixed Western, ₱ bushel. Oats continue in fair demand, chiefly for export, including Canada at 55c.@ 55c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 50c.@51c.; old Western at 53c.@55c.; new Western at 37c.@43c.; Canada at 54c.@55c. ₱ bushel. Rye, Barley and Barley Malt continue dull and nominal. The following, from the circular of Messrs. WOTHERSPOON & Co., for the *Africa*, gives the

Comparative Prices of Breadstuff in Currency and Gold, March 27, 1866:

	Currency.	Gold.
Premium on gold	35¾ ₱ ct.	
Discount on currency		20 3-10 ₱ ct.
Sterling Exchange	135 ₱ ct.	107½ ₱ ct.
Flour—₱ bbl.		
Western and State Extra	$7 50@$8 25	$5 97@$6 57
Ohio and Indiana	8 50@ 9 00	6 77@ 7 17
Canadian	8 50@11 00	6 77@ 8 77
Southern	8 70@11 00	7 71@ 8 77
Fancies and high extras	13 00@17 50	10 36@13 94
Corn Meal	3 60@ 4 15	2 87@ 3 31
Freight to Liverpool	——	2s. 6d.
Freight to London	——	2s. 6d.@2s. 3d.
Wheat—₱ 60 lbs.		
Western White	2 50@ 2 60	1 99@ 2 07
Canadian	2 50@ 2 65	1 99@ 2 11
Red and Amber Spring	1 55@ 1 67	1 23@ 1 33
Freight to Liverpool	——	4½d. 5d.
Freight to London	——	6d.
Freight to Cork & market	——	8s. @6s. 3d.
Freight to direct ports	——	5s. @5s. 6d.
Indian Corn—₱ 56 lbs.		
Yellow, new and old	78@ 85	62@ 68
White, new and old	80@ 90	64@ 72
Western Mixed	73@ 75	58@ 60
Rye—₱ 56 lbs	85@ 90	64@ 72
Barley—₱ 48 lbs	1 00@ 1 15	80@ 92
Oats—₱ 32 lbs	50@ 54	40@ 43

HAY—North River Bale has been in moderate request and heavy, at 60c.@80c. for common to very choice, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in fair demand and firm, including 1,000 lbs. of crop at 25c.@65c., and two years' old at 12c.@45c. ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been in rather more demand, including New-Orleans at 90c.@$1 10; Porto Rico at 60c. @75c.; Cuba at 58c.@60c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet and heavy, including Spirits of Turpentine at 58c.@58c. ₱ gallon. Crude Tar is held at $5@$5 75. Resin at $3 75@$15 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 50@$3 25 ₱ bbl.

OILS—Have been inactive and depressed, including Crude Whale at $1 25; Bleached Whale at $1 35@$1 40; Crude Sperm at $2 35@$2 40; Unbleached do. at $2 50@$2 55; Lard Oil at $1 70@$1 85; Rest Oil at 90c.@90c.; Linseed Oil at $1 30@$1 34 ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is in moderate request at 24½c.@ 25c. for Crude; 38c.@40c. for Refined in bond, and 57c.@60c. for do. free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in active speculative demand since our last at higher but irregular prices, closing, however, quite heavily. Sales since our last 9,250 bbls., at $26 13½@$26 50 for new Mess, closing at $26 15 cash; $24 50 for one year old Mess; $26@$26 50 for new Prime Mess, $25 75 for thin Mess, and $21 25@$22 for new Prime, ₱ bbl. Sales were also made of 5,250 bbls. new Mess, April, May and June delivery, sellers' option, at $26@$26 50 ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair demand at 11¾c.@12c. for Shoulders, and 16½c.@18½c. for Hams; sales 250 pkgs. Bacon is in limited request, including Cumberland Cut at 14¾c.@15c.; Short Rib at 15¾c.@16c.; Long Ribbed, 15¾c.@15¾c.; Long Clear at 15¾c.@15¾c.; Short Clear at 16c.@17c.; Long Cut Hams at 17c.@18½c. ₱ lb.; sales 450 boxes. Dressed Hogs continue scarce and nominal at 13¾c.@14¾c. ₱ lb. Lard is improving; sales 800 tcs. and bbls. at 16¾c.@19¼c. ₱ lb. Beef continues in fair demand at $15@$19 for new Extra Mess, and $20@$24 for new Extra. No sales have been reported of 600 bbls. Tierce Beef is more active; sales 400 tcs. at $33 for Prime Mess, and $37 for India Mess. Beef Hams are depressed at $36@$37 ₱ bbl.; sales, 360 bbls. Butter continues in moderate demand at 36c.@56c. for poor to prime, 58c.@60c. for fancy State, and 26c.@45c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese is inactive at 15c.@22c. ₱ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Orange—Half-tubs, ₱ lb	60 @63
Sussex—Half-tubs, ₱ lb	60 @60
Half-firkin tubs, State—first quality, ₱ lb	58 @60
Half-firkin tubs, State—second quality, ₱ lb	50 @55
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ₱ lb	60 @60
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb	52 @57
N. Y. State Dairies—Welch tubs—extra, ₱ lb	50 @52
N. Y. S. Dairies—Welch tubs—good to fine, ₱ lb	45 @48
Ordinary State—Welch tubs, ₱ lb	40 @45
Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ₱ lb	43 @45
Western Reserve—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb	36 @40
Michigan and Indiana—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb	30 @38
Ill. and Wisconsin—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb	30 @38
Common Western—firkins, ₱ lb	26 @28
Canada Butter—good to fine, ₱ lb	33 @36
Rail Butter—good to fine, ₱ lb	40 @43
Roll Butter—extra in cloth, ₱ lb	40 @43

CHEESE.

Factory-made Dairies—first quality	22 @22
Factory-made Dairies—second quality	20 @21
Farm Dairies—first quality	21 @22
Farm Dairies—second quality	18 @20
Farm Dairies—common	17 @18
Orange County—fat skimmed	16 @18

SUGARS—Have been dull and heavy. Sales since our last 280 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at from 10¼c. @13¼c., and 615 boxes Havana, part 11c.@12¾c., ₱ lb. We quote fair to good Grocers' at 10¾c.@11¾c.; Refining at 10¼c.@10¾c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars continue in limited demand at 13c.@16c. ₱ lb.

STEARINE—Sales since our last, 65,000 lbs., at 16c.@17¼c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 320,000 lbs., at 11¾c.@12c., and 85,000 lbs. Grease at 11¾c.@13¼c. ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Has been inactive to-day at $2 27 ₱ gallon. Sales 85 bbls.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool there were taken 1,500 bales Cotton at 5-16d.@⅜d. ₱ lb.; 100 bbls. Pork (by steamer) at 3s. 6d. ₱ bbl., and 100 bbls. Resin at 2s. ₱ 280 lbs. For London, by steamer, 150 tcs. Beef at 6s. @6s. 6d. ₱ tierce.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

BOSTON, Wednesday, March 28.

The following is the regular weekly statement of the condition of the Boston banks:

Capital	$41,900,000
Loans	21,931,000
Specie	513,000
Legal Tender Notes	20,918,800
Deposits	38,887,000
Circulation—National	23,020,000
Circulation—State	901,600

Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Wednesday, March 28.

FLOUR active. WHEAT unchanged at $1 24½ for No. 1, and 87c.@87¾c. for No. 2. CORN quiet at 41¾c.@42c. for No. 1. OATS firm at 28¾c.@29c. HIGHWINES nominal at $2 22. PROVISIONS firm. MESS PORK at $25 25@$25 50. LARD 18c. DRESSED HOGS $10 50. LIVE HOGS $9 37½@$9 75. RECEIPTS —5,500 bbls. Flour, 11,000 bushels Wheat, 7,500 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats, 900 Hogs. SHIPMENTS —3,000 bbls. Flour, 7,000 bushels Wheat, 10,500 bushels Corn, 1,900 bushels Oats.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, March 28.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT unchanged. WHISKY dull at $2 24@$2 25. PROVISIONS buoyant: Mess Pork, $25; Lard, 18c. GOLD, 128¾.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, March 28, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 4 bbls. Ashes, 3,207 bbls. Flour, 200 bbls. and 1,482 bags Corn Meal, 14,138 bushels Corn, 150 bushels Rye, 2,600 bushels Malt, 3,850 bushels Oats, 367 bbls. Pork, 411 pkgs. Cut Meats, 69 pkgs. Lard, 519 pkgs. Beef, and 291 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Pots are quiet, at $7 25@$7 50 ₱ 100 lbs. Pearls are dull and nominal.

COFFEE—A moderate inquiry prevails for Rio and Maracaibo to-day, chiefly for the latter, at unchanged prices. Java at 27½c.@28½c.; Maracaibo at 19½c. @23½c.; Laguayra at 20¾c.@22¾c.; Rio at 17c.@ 21c.; and St. Domingo at 17¾c.@17¾c., cash, in gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—Has been in more demand, and has advanced 1c.@2c. ₱ lb., closing, however, less buoyantly, with Middlings at 40c.@42c. ₱ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 3,800 bales, against receipts of 1,183 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

Receipts thus far this week, bales	4,752
Receipts since March 1, bales	56,218
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1866, bales	205,206
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1865, bales	567,089
Exports from Sept. 1 to March 27, bales	337,586

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report today is as follows: *Jobbers' Prices:* Brown Sheetings—Pacific A, 25c.; Pacific E, 22c.; Park, 20c. Bleached Shirtings—Bates, 40c.; Bates B B, 30c.; Blackstone, 30c. Prints—Pacific, 19c.; Dunnel, 17c.; Arnold, 16c.; Freeman, 15c. Delaines—Pacific, 22½c.; Hamilton, 22½c. Ginghams—Lancaster, 25c.; Glasgow, 22½c. Cambrics—Washington, 19c.; Portland, 14c. Silecias —Clinton, 30c.; Lonsdale, 26c. Brown Drills—Amoskeag, 25c.; Stark, 23c.; Swinburne, 23c. Corset Jeans—Lowell, 26c.; Bates, 19c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic and Empress Trail in good demand; S. T. & A. T. Meyers' I X L, 1¼-inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 48c. @73c.; 3-inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 68c.@$1 12.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in more demand at a partial advance of 10c. @15c. ₱ bbl. Sales since our last 9,800 bbls., including common to choice Superfine State and Western at $6 70@$7 30; very poor to choice Extra State at $7 10@$8 25, chiefly at $7 25@$7 65; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $8 20@$8 70 ₱ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$6 70 @$7 30
Extra State	7 10 @ 8 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 30 @11 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 20 @ 8 70
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 75 @12 00
Extra Genesee	8 30 @12 00
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 65 @16 50

Southern Flour is doing better. Sales since our last 750 bbls., in lots, at $8 70@$10 10 for poor to good, and $10 15@$15 50 for good to very choice extra brands. Canadian Flour is dearer. Sales 500 bbls. at $7 30@$11 50 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including Superfine at $4 50@$5 50 ₱ bbl. Sales of 100 bbls. Corn Meal is in fair demand at $3 50@$3 65 for Western, $3 60@$3 70 for Jersey, and $4 10 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Sales 650 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been quiet, but held firmly, especially the better qualities of Spring, which have been in light supply. Sales have been confined to 1,200 bushels Milwaukee Club, at $1 63 ₱ bushel. Corn has been more act vely sought after, and has advanced fully 1c.@2c. ₱ bushel. Sales since our last 43,000 bushels at 68c.@73c. for unsound, and 75c.@77c., in store and delivered, for sound mixed Western, ₱ bushel. Oats continue in fair demand, chiefly for export, including Canada at 55c.@ 55c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 50c.@51c.; old Western at 53c.@55c.; new Western at 37c.@43c.; Canada at 54c.@55c. ₱ bushel. Rye, Barley and Barley Malt continue dull and nominal. The following, from the circular of Messrs. WOTHERSPOON & Co., for the *Africa*, gives the

Comparative Prices of Breadstuff in Currency and Gold, March 27, 1866:

	Currency.	Gold.
Premium on gold	35¾ ₱ ct.	
Discount on currency		20 3-10 ₱ ct.
Sterling Exchange	135 ₱ ct.	107½ ₱ ct.
Flour—₱ bbl.		
Western and State Extra	$7 50@$8 25	$5 97@$6 57
Ohio and Indiana	8 50@ 9 00	6 77@ 7 17
Canadian	8 50@11 00	6 77@ 8 77
Southern	8 70@11 00	7 71@ 8 77
Fancies and high extras	13 00@17 50	10 36@13 94
Corn Meal	3 60@ 4 15	2 87@ 3 31
Freight to Liverpool	——	2s. 6d.
Freight to London	——	2s. 6d.@2s. 3d.
Wheat—₱ 60 lbs.		
Western White	2 50@ 2 60	1 99@ 2 07
Canadian	2 50@ 2 65	1 99@ 2 11
Red and Amber Spring	1 55@ 1 67	1 23@ 1 33
Freight to Liverpool	——	4½d. 5d.
Freight to London	——	6d.
Freight to Cork & market	——	8s. @6s. 3d.
Freight to direct ports	——	5s. @5s. 6d.
Indian Corn—₱ 56 lbs.		
Yellow, new and old	78@ 85	62@ 68
White, new and old	80@ 90	64@ 72
Western Mixed	73@ 75	58@ 60
Rye—₱ 56 lbs	85@ 90	64@ 72
Barley—₱ 48 lbs	1 00@ 1 15	80@ 92
Oats—₱ 32 lbs	50@ 54	40@ 43

HAY—North River Bale has been in moderate request and heavy, at 60c.@80c. for common to very choice, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in fair demand and firm, including 1,000 lbs. of crop at 25c.@65c., and two years' old at 12c.@45c. ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been in rather more demand, including New-Orleans at 90c.@$1 10; Porto Rico at 60c. @75c.; Cuba at 58c.@60c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet and heavy, including Spirits of Turpentine at 58c.@58c. ₱ gallon. Crude Tar is held at $5@$5 75. Resin at $3 75@$15 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 50@$3 25 ₱ bbl.

OILS—Have been inactive and depressed, including Crude Whale at $1 25; Bleached Whale at $1 35@$1 40; Crude Sperm at $2 35@$2 40; Unbleached do. at $2 50@$2 55; Lard Oil at $1 70@$1 85; Rest Oil at 90c.@90c.; Linseed Oil at $1 30@$1 34 ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is in moderate request at 24½c.@ 25c. for Crude; 38c.@40c. for Refined in bond, and 57c.@60c. for do. free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in active speculative demand since our last at higher but irregular prices, closing, however, quite heavily. Sales since our last 9,250 bbls., at $26 13½@$26 50 for new Mess, closing at $26 15 cash; $24 50 for one year old Mess; $26@$26 50 for new Prime Mess, $25 75 for thin Mess, and $21 25@$22 for new Prime, ₱ bbl. Sales were also made of 5,250 bbls. new Mess, April, May and June delivery, sellers' option, at $26@$26 50 ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair demand at 11¾c.@12c. for Shoulders, and 16½c.@18½c. for Hams; sales 250 pkgs. Bacon is in limited request, including Cumberland Cut at 14¾c.@15c.; Short Rib at 15¾c.@16c.; Long Ribbed, 15¾c.@15¾c.; Long Clear at 15¾c.@15¾c.; Short Clear at 16c.@17c.; Long Cut Hams at 17c.@18½c. ₱ lb.; sales 450 boxes. Dressed Hogs continue scarce and nominal at 13¾c.@14¾c. ₱ lb. Lard is improving; sales 800 tcs. and bbls. at 16¾c.@19¼c. ₱ lb. Beef continues in fair demand at $15@$19 for new Extra Mess, and $20@$24 for new Extra. No sales have been reported of 600 bbls. Tierce Beef is more active; sales 400 tcs. at $33 for Prime Mess, and $37 for India Mess. Beef Hams are depressed at $36@$37 ₱ bbl.; sales, 360 bbls. Butter continues in moderate demand at 36c.@56c. for poor to prime, 58c.@60c. for fancy State, and 26c.@45c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese is inactive at 15c.@22c. ₱ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Orange—Half-tubs, ₱ lb	60 @63
Sussex—Half-tubs, ₱ lb	60 @60
Half-firkin tubs, State—first quality, ₱ lb	58 @60
Half-firkin tubs, State—second quality, ₱ lb	50 @55
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ₱ lb	60 @60
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb	52 @57
N. Y. State Dairies—Welch tubs—extra, ₱ lb	50 @52
N. Y. S. Dairies—Welch tubs—good to fine, ₱ lb	45 @48
Ordinary State—Welch tubs, ₱ lb	40 @45
Pennsyl